

National Criminal Justice Information and Statistics Service Reports

Children in Custody: Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census

- Advance Report, 1975 census
- Advance Report, 1974 census
- Advance Report, 1972-73 census
- Final Report, 1971 census

National Prisoner Statistics:

Capital Punishment (annual):

- 1976 Advance Report
- 1975 (final report)

Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions (annual):

- December 31, 1976: Advance Report
- December 31, 1975 (final report)

Census of State Correctional Facilities, 1974:

- Advance Report

Survey of Inmates of State Correctional Facilities, 1974: Advance Report

Census of Prisoners in State Correctional Facilities, 1973

The Nation's Jails: A report on the census of jails from the 1972 Survey of Inmates of Local Jails

Survey of Inmates of Local Jails 1972: Advance Report

Victimization Surveys:

Criminal Victimization in the United States (annual):

- A Comparison of 1975 and 1976 Findings
- A Comparison of 1974 and 1975 Findings
- 1975 (final report)
- 1974 (final report)
- 1973 (final report)

Criminal Victimization Surveys in Boston, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Houston, Miami, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, New Orleans, Oakland, Pittsburgh, San Diego, San Francisco, and Washington, D.C. (final report, 13 vols.)

Criminal Victimization Surveys in 13 American Cities (summary report, 1 vol.)

Criminal Victimization Surveys in Chicago, Detroit, Los Angeles, New York, and Philadelphia: A Comparison of 1972 and 1974 Findings

Criminal Victimization Surveys in the Nation's Five Largest Cities: National Crime Panel Survey in Chicago, Detroit, Los Angeles, New York, and Philadelphia, 1972

Criminal Victimization Surveys in Eight American Cities: A Comparison of 1971/72 and 1974/75 Findings—National Crime Surveys in Atlanta, Baltimore, Cleveland, Dallas, Denver, Newark, Portland, and St. Louis

Crime in Eight American Cities: National Crime Panel Surveys in Atlanta, Baltimore, Cleveland, Dallas, Denver, Newark, Portland, and St. Louis—Advance Report, 1971/72

Crimes and Victims: A Report on the Dayton-San Jose Pilot Survey of Victimization

Applications of the National Crime Survey

Victimization and Attitude Data:

Public Opinion About Crime: The Attitudes of Victims and Nonvictims in Selected Cities

Local Victim Surveys: A Review of the Issues

The Police and Public Opinion: An Analysis of Victimization and Attitude Data from 13 American Cities

An Introduction to the National Crime Survey

Compensating Victims of Violent Crime:

Potential Costs and Coverage of a National Program

State and Local Probation and Parole Systems

State and Local Prosecution and Civil Attorney Systems

National Survey of Court Organization:

- 1977 Supplement to State Judicial Systems
- 1975 Supplement to State Judicial Systems
- 1971 (full report)

Criminal Justice Agencies in Regions 1-10 (10 volumes)

Trends in Expenditure and Employment Data for the Criminal Justice System, 1971-75 (annual)

Expenditure and Employment Data for the Criminal Justice System: 1975 (annual)

Dictionary of Criminal Justice Data Terminology: Terms and Definitions Proposed for Interstate and National Data Collection and Exchange

Program Plan for Statistics, 1977-81

Utilization of Criminal Justice Statistics

Project:

Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics 1976 (annual)

Public Opinion Regarding Crime, Criminal Justice, and Related Topics

New Directions in Processing of Juvenile Offenders: The Denver Model

Who Gets Detained? An Empirical Analysis of the Pre-

Adjudicatory Detention of Juveniles in Denver

Juvenile Dispositions: Social and Legal Factors Related to the Processing of Denver Delinquency Cases

Offender-Based Transaction Statistics: New Directions in Data Collection and Reporting

Sentencing of California Felony Offenders

The Judicial Processing of Assault and Burglary

Offenders in Selected California Counties

Pre-Adjudicatory Detention in Three Juvenile Courts

Delinquency Dispositions: An Empirical Analysis of Processing Decisions in Three Juvenile Courts

The Patterns and Distribution of Assault Incident Characteristics Among Social Areas

Patterns of Robbery Characteristics and Their Occurrence Among Social Areas

Crime-Specific Analysis:

The Characteristics of Burglary Incidents

An Empirical Examination of Burglary

Offender Characteristics

An Empirical Examination of Burglary

Offenders and Offense Characteristics

Single copies are available at no charge from the National Criminal Justice Reference Service, Box 6000, Rockville, Md. 20850. Multiple copies are for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402

IMPORTANT

We have provided an evaluation form at the end of this publication. It will assist us in improving future reports if you complete and return it at your convenience. It is a self-mailing form and needs no stamp.

Children in custody

**A Report on the Juvenile
Detention and Correctional
Facility Census of 1973**

**No. SD-JD-2F
December 1977**

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

**Law Enforcement
Assistance Administration**

**National Criminal Justice Information
and Statistics Service**

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Law Enforcement Assistance Administration

James M. H. Gregg, Acting Administrator

Harry Bratt, Assistant Administrator
National Criminal Justice Information
and Statistics Service

Benjamin H. Renshaw, Director
Statistics Division

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. This report was prepared for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration by the Bureau of the Census. In the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, general supervision was supplied by Charles R. Kindermann, assisted by Jenny L. Eldreth. Collection and processing of data were conducted in the Bureau of the Census under the general supervision of Alan R. Jones, Governments Division. Myrna Weaver Dunnam, Criminal Justice Statistics Branch, directed the collection and processing activities, assisted by Richard F. Meyer, Charlene M. Rhodes, and Victoria E. Campbell. The report was written in the Crime Statistics Analysis Staff, Office of Demographic Analysis, under the general supervision of Robert P. Parkinson. John F. Wallerstedt directed the study.

This report was made possible only by the generous and unstinting assistance of State and local juvenile justice officials. Their patience and cooperation in providing the data contained herein is gratefully acknowledged.

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

United States. National Criminal Justice Information
and Statistics Service.
Children in custody.

"Report no. SD-JD-2F."

1. Juvenile corrections—United States—Statistics.
2. Juvenile delinquency—United States—Statistics.

I. Title. II. Series.

HV9103.N37 365'.42'0973 75-619145

Preface

This report, treating the Nation as a whole, presents findings based on the 1973 *Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census* and on data selected for comparison purposes from the corresponding 1971 census. It provides an analysis of the characteristics of the Nation's public non-Federal residential facilities for juvenile offenders, with special reference to change occurring during the period between the two censuses. Beyond such findings, the statistical tables furnish a data base that can be further used to examine individual topics in more detail. A report on the earlier census, entitled *Children in Custody: A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971*, contained a broad overview of the juvenile justice system that is not duplicated in this study.

The basic approach used in this report was, first, to classify juvenile facilities according to three main criteria—primary type or function, State or local administration, and sex of residents admitted—and, second, to utilize these differential characteristics to examine major topical areas, namely, facilities, admissions and releases, residents, staff, and expenditures.

Identification of change was hampered, in some instances, by differences in conducting the two censuses and in tabulating the results. Additional problems were caused by definitions used in 1971 that were altered in 1973, including, for instance, differing interpretations for part-time employment, for gross salaries and wages, and for capital expenditures. A misclassification of six facilities in the 1971 census that was subsequently corrected accounts for differences in some 1971 data items between this report and what was published in *Children in Custody: A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971*.

The 1971 and 1973 censuses of public juvenile detention and correctional facilities were the first two in a new series on the subject conducted for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. This new series replaces the annual survey of public facilities for adjudicated juveniles conducted by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW), that was published under the title, *Statistics on Public Institutions for Delinquent Children*. The HEW series covered reception or diagnostic centers; training schools; and ranches, forestry camps, and farms. The LEAA-sponsored census was expanded to include detention centers and shelters (facilities intended principally as temporary residences for juveniles awaiting court action) as well as halfway houses and group homes.

Data aggregated for the present nationwide study were tabulated for each LEAA region and State and are presented in Appendix B. In certain of these tables, 1973 data are compared with those for 1971. Appendix C consists of tables containing information on a regional and State basis that, although collected during the 1973 census, pertain to 1972. The 1972 data were incomplete and were not analyzed in this study.

We would like to know what you think of this publication.

Will you take a few moments to complete and return the user evaluation questionnaire at the back of this book? The postage is prepaid.

Your answers will help us provide you with more useful information in the future.

Q B5

Contents

	<i>Page</i>
Preface.....	iii
General findings.....	1
Facilities.....	1
Type of facility.....	1
State or local administration.....	3
Sex of persons admitted.....	3
Size.....	5
Occupancy.....	5
Admissions and departures.....	7
Type of admission.....	8
Type of departure.....	11
Residents.....	11
Sex.....	14
Age.....	14
Detention status.....	15
Offense.....	19
Average length of stay.....	21
Staff.....	21
Size and distribution.....	21
Juvenile resident-to-staff ratios.....	23
Vacancies.....	24
Expenditures.....	28
Background and methodology.....	33
Facility selection criteria.....	33
Census procedures and response rate.....	33
Comparability of data.....	34
Data for 1972.....	34
Appendixes	
A. Questionnaires.....	35
B. 1973 data tables.....	43
C. 1972 data tables.....	123
Glossary.....	141

Tables

Text

1.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973 . . .
2.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, midyear 1971 and 1973
3.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and sex of persons admitted, midyear 1971 and 1973
4.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and size (design capacity), midyear 1971 and 1973
5.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and percent of capacity occupied, midyear 1971 and 1973
6.	Admissions to public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, fiscal 1971 and 1973
7.	Departures from public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, fiscal 1971 and 1973
8.	Admissions to public training schools and to ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of admission, State or local administration of facility, and sex, fiscal 1973
9.	Departures from public training schools and from ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of departure, State or local administration of facility, and sex, fiscal 1973
10.	Residents of public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility and legal status of residents, midyear 1971 and 1973
11.	Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, midyear 1971 and 1973
12.	Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex of persons admitted and State or local administration of facility, midyear 1973
13.	Average age of persons held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and sex, midyear 1973
14.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of youngest male resident, midyear 1971 and 1973
15.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of youngest female resident, midyear 1971 and 1973
16.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of oldest male resident, midyear 1971 and 1973
17.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of oldest female resident, midyear 1971 and 1973
18.	Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility, detention status, and sex, midyear 1971 and 1973
19.	Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by detention status and type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973
20.	Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, detention status, and sex, midyear 1973

21.	Adjudicated delinquents and persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of offense and sex, midyear 1973	20
22.	Adjudicated delinquents held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, offense, and sex, midyear 1973	22
23.	Persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, offense, and sex, midyear 1973	22
24.	Juveniles adjudicated delinquent or declared as persons in need of supervision (PINS) being held for status offenses in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, midyear 1973	23
25.	Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, fiscal 1971 and 1973	24
26.	Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of personnel and employment status, midyear 1973	25
27.	Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of personnel and type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973	25
28.	Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and employment status, midyear 1973	25
29.	Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of personnel, midyear 1973	26
30.	Ratio of juvenile residents to full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of personnel, midyear 1973	27
31.	Vacant staff positions in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position and employment status, midyear 1971 and 1973	28
32.	Number of full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and type of position, midyear 1973	28
33.	Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of expenditure, fiscal 1971 and 1973	29
34.	Operating expenditures in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of expenditure, fiscal 1973	30
35.	Per capita operating expenditures in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, fiscal 1971 and 1973	31

Appendix B

1.	Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	44
2.	Public detention centers for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	45
3.	Public shelters for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	46
4.	Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	47

5. Public training schools for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	48	25. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	78
6. Public ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	49	26. Juveniles held in State-administered public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	79
7. Public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	51	27. Juveniles held in locally administered public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	81
8. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1973	52	28. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1973	82
9. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by size (design capacity)—regions and States, midyear 1973	55	29. Juveniles held in public detention centers for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	84
10. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by percent of capacity occupied—regions and States, midyear 1973	56	30. Juveniles held in public shelters for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	85
11. Admissions to public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	58	31. Juveniles held in public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	86
12. Admissions to public shelters for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	59	32. Juveniles held in public training schools for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	87
13. Admissions to public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	60	33. Juveniles held at public ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	88
14. Admissions to public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	61	34. Juveniles held in public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	89
15. Admissions to public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	63	35. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by average age of male and of female residents—regions and States, midyear 1973	90
16. Admissions to public detention centers, shelters, and reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973	64	36. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding males, by age of youngest and oldest male resident—regions and States, midyear 1973	92
17. Admissions to public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of admission and sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973	66	37. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding females, by age of youngest and oldest female resident—regions and States, midyear 1973	94
18. Departures from public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	68	38. Juveniles held as adjudicated delinquents, persons in need of supervision (PINS), or voluntary admissions in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	96
19. Departures from public shelters for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	69	39. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities pending court disposition, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	97
20. Departures from public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	70	40. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	98
21. Departures from public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	71	41. Dependent and neglected children held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	99
22. Departures from public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	73	42. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities by detention status and sex—regions and States, midyear 1973	100
23. Departures from public detention centers, shelters, and reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973	74	43. Adjudicated delinquents held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by offense—regions and States, midyear 1973	102
24. Departures from public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of departure and sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973	76	44. Persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by offense—regions and States, midyear 1973	103

45. Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	104
46. Public detention centers and shelters for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1973	106
47. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1973	107
48. Public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1973	108
49. Public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1973	110
50. Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by employment status—regions and States, midyear 1973	112
51. Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973	113
52. Full-time and part-time payroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973	114
53. Full-time and part-time nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973	116
54. Number of full-time and part-time payroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973	118
55. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, average population, and per capita operating expenditures—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973	120
56. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of expenditure—regions and States, fiscal 1973	122

Appendix C

1. Admissions to and departures from public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972	124
2. Admissions to and departures from public shelters for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972 ...	125
3. Admissions to and departures from public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972	126
4. Admissions to and departures from public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972	127
5. Admissions to and departures from public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972	128
6. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility and sex—regions and States, midyear 1972	129
7. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1972	130
8. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by detention status and sex—regions and States, midyear 1972	132
9. Public detention centers and shelters for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1972	134
10. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1972	135
11. Public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1972	136
12. Public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by average length of stay of residents—regions and States, fiscal 1972	138
13. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities—regions and States, fiscal 1972	140

General Findings

The Nation's public non-Federal juvenile detention and correctional facilities housed 16 percent fewer persons in custody on June 30, 1973, than on June 30, 1971, although there were 10 percent more such facilities at midyear 1973 than 2 years earlier. A comparison of the number of juveniles held in the facilities showed a 17 percent decrease by mid-1973. The total staff in these facilities was down about 1 percent and, while expenditures rose by 6 percent in fiscal year 1973 over fiscal year 1971, the increase in spending was not of sufficient magnitude to offset the rate of inflation. These were among the major findings when data from the 1973 *Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census* were compared with those from the 1971 census. Other findings showed improved juvenile-to-staff ratios, higher expenditures per resident held, and shorter detention periods in 1973. Especially noteworthy was the marked increase in the number of halfway houses and group homes and in the number of juveniles living in them; this increase was coupled with a slight reduction in the number of training schools, the traditional correctional facility for delinquent juveniles, and a more pronounced decline in the number of persons held in training schools.

In 1973, as in 1971, State governments operated most of the long-term, or correctional, facilities, whereas local units of government administered the bulk of the short-term, or detention, institutions.

Facilities

On June 30, 1973, there was a nationwide total of 794 short-term and long-term public juvenile facilities for persons held in custody under the jurisdiction of State or local government agencies. This count represented an increase of nearly 10 percent over the 722 such facilities enumerated on June 30, 1971 (Table 1). During the 2-year interval, the most notable change was the marked increase in the number of halfway houses and group homes, a long-term type of facility designed to promote mutually beneficial relationships between juveniles in custody and their home communities. This increase tended to underscore the emphasis throughout the correctional field on community ties as a prime factor in the rehabilitation of offenders.

Type of facility

Juvenile detention and correctional facilities are basically of two types: short-term, or temporary detention, and long-term, or correctional. The former exist primarily to provide temporary custodial care for juveniles while they are awaiting court disposition or undergoing physical and psychological evaluation before placement in a long-term facility.

During the period between the two censuses, the number of short-term, or temporary detention, facilities rose from 338 to 355, or by 5 percent, but the proportion of such institutions to total facilities declined from 47 to 45 percent. Growth in the overall number of short-term facilities was the result of small increases in each of the three specific types of such establishments: detention centers, shelters, and reception or diagnostic centers. Overall, the number

Table 1. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	Number		Percent change
	1971	1973	
All facilities	722	794	+10
Short-term	338	355	+5
Detention center	305	319	+5
Shelter	17	19	+12
Reception or diagnostic center	16	17	+6
Long-term	384	439	+14
Training school	191	187	-2
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	115	103	-10
Halfway house and group home	78	149	+91

NOTE: Data for 1971 in this and subsequent tables may differ from those reported in *Children in Custody: A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971*. Corrections have been made for six facilities misclassified in that report.

Table 2. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	State-administered			Locally administered		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	318	367	+15	404	427	+6
Short-term	42	47	+12	296	308	+4
Detention center	25	29	+16	280	290	+4
Shelter	1	1	0	16	18	+13
Reception or diagnostic center	16	17	+6	0	0	0
Long-term	276	320	+16	108	119	+10
Training school	156	154	-1	35	33	-6
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	68	56	-18	47	47	0
Halfway house and group home	52	110	+112	26	39	+50

Table 3. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and sex of persons admitted, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	Admit males only			Admit females only			Admit both sexes		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	278	293	+5	86	92	+7	358	409	+14
Short-term	13	9	-31	8	3	-63	317	343	+8
Detention center	7	4	-43	5	1	-80	293	314	+7
Shelter	3	3	0	1	1	0	13	15	+15
Reception or diagnostic center	3	2	-33	2	1	-50	11	14	+27
Long-term	265	284	+7	78	89	+14	41	66	+61
Training school	106	100	-6	49	39	-20	36	48	+33
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	103	91	-12	9	7	-22	3	5	+67
Halfway house and group home	56	93	+66	20	43	+115	2	13	+550

of detention centers rose from 305 to 319 between the two censuses; the increase for shelters was from 17 to 19, and for reception or diagnostic centers from 16 to 17. In 1973, as in 1971, detention centers accounted for 90 percent of all short-term facilities; shelters, 5 percent; and reception or diagnostic centers, 5 percent.

The increase from 78 to 149 in the number of halfway houses and group homes between 1971 and 1973 was the principal factor accounting for the expansion of the Nation's complex of public juvenile facilities. This growth in the number of halfway houses and group homes, which constitute one of the three types of long-term facilities for juvenile offenders, more than offset decreases in the other two types, namely, training schools, whose number declined from 191 to 187, and ranches, forestry camps, and farms, reduced from 115 to 103. Overall, the number of long-term facilities rose during the period from 384 to 439, or by 14 percent; the proportion of long-term institutions to total juvenile facilities covered by the census increased from 53 percent at midyear 1971 to 55 percent 2 years later. Training schools accounted for 43 percent of long-term facilities in 1973, compared with 50 percent in 1971. The proportion for ranches, forestry camps, and farms also declined during the 2-year interval, from 30 to 23 percent, whereas that for halfway houses and group homes rose sharply, from 20 to 34 percent.

State or local administration

Approximately two-thirds of the 72 units added to the Nation's public juvenile facility complex between mid-1971 and mid-1973 were established under the auspices of State governments and one-third under the jurisdiction of local authorities. In 1973, as in 1971, local governments operated the vast majority (more than 85 percent) of short-term, or temporary detention, facilities, whereas State governments administered a preponderance (more than 70 percent) of long-term correctional institutions (Table 2).

Overall, the number of State-operated facilities, both short-term and long-term, rose from 318 in 1971 to 367 in 1973, an increase of 15 percent. Locally administered facilities grew in number from 404 to 427, or by 6 percent. State-operated facilities accounted for 44 percent of all juvenile detention and correctional establishments in 1971, and those administered by local governments made up 56 per-

cent. Two years later, the proportions were 46 and 54 percent, respectively.

Between mid-1971 and mid-1973, long-term facilities under State administration grew in number from 276 to 320, or by 16 percent, and those operated by local governments increased from 108 to 119, or by 10 percent. For State and local facilities, the entire net growth in the number of long-term facilities resulted from the sharp increase in the number of halfway houses and group homes. The number of such facilities operated by the States rose from 52 to 110, or by 112 percent; in the local sector, the increase was from 26 to 39, or 50 percent. Concomitantly, there was a decrease in the number of training schools administered by State or local governments, from 156 to 154 in the State sector and from 35 to 33 in the local. The number of ranches, forestry camps, and farms under State auspices also declined, from 68 to 56, whereas the number under local jurisdictions was the same (47) at the beginning and end of the 2-year period.

The total of short-term facilities administered by State governments increased from 42 to 47, or by 12 percent, between the two censuses; the increase in locally administered facilities of this type was from 296 to 308, or 4 percent. Of the aggregate increase of 17 short-term institutions, 14 were detention centers (4 State and 10 local), 2 were shelters (both locally operated) and 1 was a reception or diagnostic center operated by a State government. Neither at midyear 1971 nor at midyear 1973 were there any reception or diagnostic centers operated by local units of government. Only one shelter was State-administered in each of the 2 years.

Sex of persons admitted

During the 2-year intercensal period, there was a discernible trend away from public juvenile detention and correctional facilities that housed one sex only in favor of those admitting both males and females (Table 3). Although the number of facilities that housed only males or only females, or admitted both sexes all increased, the number of those that admitted both sexes grew at a faster rate (14 percent) than those restricted either to males (5 percent) or to females (7 percent). Moreover, of the net increase of 72 facilities between mid-1971 and mid-1973, 51 admitted members of both sexes.

About half of the juvenile detention and correctional facilities admitted both males and females at the time of the 1973 census, but the overall propor-

[illegible]

Type of facility and State or local administration	Total		Size (design capacity)																													
	Less than 25		25-49				50-99				100-149				150-199				200-299				300-399				400-499				500 or more	
	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973				
All facilities	722	794	238	305	134	149	148	147	61	65	38	44	55	49	28	17	8	9	12	9												
Short-term	338	355	156	166	84	88	53	55	21	19	7	9	8	12	7	4	1	1	1	1												
Detention center	305	319	143	147	80	86	50	50	17	15	5	9	4	8	4	2	1	1	1	1												
Shelter	17	19	13	17	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Reception or diagnostic center	16	17	0	2	2	0	3	5	3	4	1	0	4	4	3	2	0	0	0	0												
Long-term	364	439	82	139	50	61	95	92	40	46	31	35	47	37	21	13	7	8	11	8												
Training school	191	187	10	8	5	11	31	32	29	36	30	34	47	37	21	13	7	8	11	8												
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	115	103	4	4	35	28	64	60	11	10	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Halfway house and group home	78	149	68	127	10	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
State-administered facilities	318	367	61	112	46	56	59	58	33	40	28	30	50	41	24	14	6	8	11	8												
Short-term	42	47	11	15	13	14	5	6	5	5	1	1	4	4	3	2	0	0	0	0												
Detention center	25	29	11	13	11	13	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Shelter	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Reception or diagnostic center	16	17	0	2	2	2	0	3	4	4	1	0	4	4	3	2	0	0	0	0												
Long-term	276	320	50	97	33	42	54	52	28	35	27	29	46	37	21	12	6	8	11	8												
Training school	156	154	2	3	3	6	20	23	21	29	26	28	46	37	21	12	6	8	11	8												
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	68	56	1	1	25	19	34	29	7	6	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Halfway house and group home	52	110	47	93	5	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Locally administered facilities	404	427	177	193	88	93	89	89	28	25	10	14	5	8	4	3	2	1	1	1												
Short-term	296	308	145	151	71	74	48	49	16	14	6	8	4	8	4	2	1	1	1	1												
Detention center	280	290	132	134	69	73	48	49	16	14	5	8	4	8	4	2	1	1	1	1												
Shelter	16	18	13	17	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Reception or diagnostic center	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Long-term	108	119	32	42	17	19	41	40	12	11	4	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												
Training school	35	33	8	5	2	5	11	9	8	7	4	6	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0												
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	47	47	3	3	10	9	30	31	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0												
Halfway house and group home	26	39	21	34	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0												

tion masked the long-standing disparity between short-term and long-term institutions. Approximately 97 percent of the former housed members of both sexes in 1973, compared with 15 percent of the latter. Two years earlier the proportions had been 94 and 11 percent, respectively.

An increase in the number of facilities admitting members of both sexes was common to all six types of juvenile detention and correctional establishments; only halfway houses and group homes also recorded an increase in the number of facilities restricted to one sex. Fewer single-sex facilities in 1973 than in 1971 was the pattern for each of the remaining types except shelters; the number of single-sex shelters remained the same.

Size

As measured by design capacity, juvenile detention and correctional facilities, considered as a whole, were small, and tended toward even more limited capacity in 1973 than in 1971, the median size having fallen from 48 to 40. About 38 percent of all facilities in 1973 were designed for fewer than 25 persons and another 19 percent indicated a capacity within the 25-49 range (Table 4). Two years earlier, the corresponding proportions were 33 and 19 percent. Thus, in both years, a clear majority of all facilities were designed for fewer than 50 residents. Furthermore, the most common (or modal) facility in 1973, as in 1971, was of the very smallest size, i.e., designed for fewer than 25 persons. The number of facilities that could hold 500 or more persons fell from 12 in 1971 to 9 in 1973. In each year, training schools accounted for all but one of these very large institutions.

Both in 1971 and in 1973, short-term facilities had a smaller design capacity than the long-term institutions, but this finding concealed the marked disparity in size among the types of facilities within the two groups. Two types of short-term establishments—detention centers and shelters—and two categories of long-term facilities—ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as halfway houses and group homes—had relatively limited capacities in both 1971 and 1973 and tended to be clustered in a narrow range of sizes. Training schools and reception or diagnostic centers typically were larger facilities, with the former the largest of all.

The 1973 census revealed that 89 percent of the shelters and 85 percent of the halfway houses and

group homes were designed for fewer than 25 residents, and that none of the remaining facilities of either type had a capacity for as many as 50 persons. Of detention centers, 73 percent had a design capacity for fewer than 50 residents, but there was one such center in both 1971 and 1973 that could hold 500 or more persons.

Those facilities known as ranches, forestry camps, and farms were the only type to have a larger design capacity in 1973 than in 1971, the median size having risen from 64 to 66. In neither year were there any such facilities that could accommodate 200 or more persons; the most common (modal) facility in both years had a capacity in the 50-99 range. Reception or diagnostic centers were evenly divided in 1971 between those that could hold fewer than 150 residents and those able to accommodate 150 or more. By 1973, about a third of these centers had design capacities for 150 or more.

Training schools, the largest type of juvenile facility, were of all sizes, ranging from those with design capacities for fewer than 25 persons to those that could hold 500 or more. The median size declined during the intercensal period, from 184 to 160.

State-operated juvenile facilities had larger design capacities than institutions run by local units of government. In fact, the median size of State facilities was double that of local ones in 1973, and the gap had been even wider in 1971. The larger size of State institutions is a direct result of State-government predominance in the operation of training schools and reception or diagnostic centers, relatively large establishments, and local-government predominance in administering detention centers and shelters, which are typically small.

Occupancy

Even though the results of the 1971 and 1973 censuses with respect to occupancy were not strictly comparable, it was clear that most public juvenile detention and correctional facilities were operating below maximum design capacity in both years and that relatively few institutions were overcrowded. On June 30, 1971, some 16 percent of the juvenile facilities were overcrowded. Two years later, the proportion had declined to 12 percent, but the 1973 figure was slightly understated (occupancy in 1973 was based on the juvenile population only, whereas it had been determined in 1971 on the basis of the

**Table 5. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility,
State or local administration, and percent of capacity occupied,
midyear 1971 and 1973**

Type of facility and State or local administration	Total		Percent of design capacity occupied										120% or more	
	1971		Less than 50%		50%-69%		70%-100%		101%-109%		110%-119%		1971	
	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities														
Short-term	722	794	117	170	143	181	349	348	40	46	22	18	51	31
Detention center	338	355	90	115	84	95	101	104	17	12	5	9	41	20
Shelter	305	319	85	106	77	88	85	87	16	12	5	7	37	19
Reception or diagnostic center	17	19	4	5	5	2	6	11	0	0	0	0	2	1
Long-term	16	17	1	4	2	5	10	6	1	0	0	2	2	0
Training school	384	439	27	55	59	86	248	244	23	34	17	9	10	11
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	191	187	16	23	25	46	148	86	10	20	12	5	10	7
Halfway house and group home	115	103	6	12	24	19	72	57	9	10	4	1	0	4
	78	149	5	20	10	21	58	101	4	4	1	3	0	0
State-administered facilities														
Short-term	318	367	19	48	45	71	201	193	21	32	16	10	16	13
Detention center	42	47	7	11	9	13	15	17	3	1	1	2	7	3
Shelter	25	29	6	6	7	8	4	11	2	1	1	0	5	3
Reception or diagnostic center	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long-term	16	17	1	4	2	5	10	6	1	0	0	2	2	0
Training school	276	320	12	37	36	58	186	176	18	31	15	8	9	10
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	156	154	9	16	19	39	98	70	9	19	12	4	9	6
Halfway house and group home	68	56	2	9	11	8	47	26	6	8	2	1	0	4
	52	110	1	12	6	11	41	80	3	4	1	3	0	0
Locally administered facilities														
Short-term	404	427	98	122	98	110	148	155	19	14	6	8	35	18
Detention center	296	308	83	104	75	82	86	87	14	11	4	7	34	17
Shelter	280	290	79	100	70	80	81	76	14	11	4	7	32	16
Reception or diagnostic center	16	18	4	4	5	2	5	11	0	0	0	0	2	1
Long-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Training school	108	119	15	18	23	28	62	68	5	3	2	1	1	1
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	35	33	7	7	6	7	20	16	1	1	0	1	1	1
Halfway house and group home	47	47	4	3	13	11	25	31	3	2	2	0	0	0
	26	39	4	8	4	10	17	21	1	0	0	0	0	0

NOTE: Percent occupancy data for June 30, 1971, were based on the total number of residents (juveniles and nonjuveniles), whereas those for June 30, 1973, were based on the total number of juveniles only. Thus, 1971 and 1973 data are not comparable for reception or diagnostic centers; training schools; and ranches, forestry camps, and farms, except those operated by local units of government.

total residential population, which included both juveniles and nonjuveniles.).¹ Of the total number of overcrowded facilities, about half in each year exceeded design capacity by 20 percent or more (Table 5).

A more striking finding was the high proportion of facilities operating at less than 70 percent of design capacity: 56 percent in 1971, including 16 percent that were less than half occupied, and in 1973, 44 and 21 percent, respectively, although the 1973 proportions were slightly inflated. Another 48 percent of the facilities in 1971 and 44 percent in 1973 were operating at between 70 and 100 percent of capacity.

The decline during the intercensal period in the proportion of juvenile facilities that were overcrowded or operating at 70 to 100 percent of capacity, together with the increase in the proportion of those that were operating at less than 70 percent of capacity, meant that relatively more facilities were operating below maximum capacity in 1973 than in 1971. This was definitely true for detention centers, shelters, and halfway houses and group homes and appeared also to be true for reception or diagnostic centers. There seemed to be little change in training schools. For ranches, forestry camps, and farms, a lower proportion of facilities were operating below maximum capacity in 1973 than in 1971.

Admissions and departures

Fewer admissions to and departures from public juvenile detention and correctional facilities were recorded during fiscal year 1973 than during fiscal year 1971. More specifically, these facilities processed 600,960 admissions of juveniles and nonjuveniles during 1973, compared with 616,766 in 1971, or a decrease of 3 percent (Table 6). These same facilities also reported roughly 3 percent fewer

departures, such transactions having declined from 614,606 to 594,207 (Table 7).²

The overall reduction in admissions and departures was the result mainly of a decrease in the number of these movement transactions, particularly those involving males, for locally operated detention centers, which in both years accounted for about three of every four admissions and departures. As a consequence of the decline in admissions and departures in locally operated detention centers, there were fewer movement transactions during 1973 than during 1971 in all locally administered and in all short-term facilities. On the other hand, there were more admissions and departures in facilities operated by State governments, as well as in those providing long-term correctional custody. The decrease in the number of male admissions amounted to 4 percent, as did the decline in the number of male departures. By contrast, female admissions and departures declined by less than 1 percent.

Both admissions and departures at halfway houses and group homes were approximately 130 percent higher in 1973 than in 1971, an increase consistent with the marked growth in the number of such facilities during the intercensal period. At shelters, admissions declined by 38 percent and departures by 37 percent. These are poor indicators of change, however, because these types of facilities each accounted for no more than 1 percent of all movement transactions in either year. On the other hand, the experience at detention centers provided a more meaningful indicator of movement in the public system as a whole. A comparison of the volume of such transactions at these centers during 1971 and 1973 revealed a 3 percent decline in the number of both admissions and departures. The overall decreases, however, masked a disparity between State-administered and locally operated detention centers. Whereas the former recorded a 14 percent increase in admission transactions, the latter experienced a 4 percent decline. There was a 15 percent increase in departures at State-administered detention centers and a 5 percent decrease at those operated by local units of government.

The combined total of admissions at training schools and at ranches, forestry camps, and farms was about the same during 1973 as during 1971. In

¹Throughout this report, most 1971-73 comparisons involving data based wholly or partly on the number of residents have been made imprecise by this dichotomy in the tabulation of census results. Both the 1971 and the 1973 censuses ascertained the number of all persons held and the number of all juveniles held, but the former was used as the universe in 1971 whereas the latter generally was used in 1973. Inasmuch as nonjuveniles were reported only in certain types of State-administered facilities (i.e., in reception or diagnostic centers, in training schools, and at ranches, forestry camps, and farms), these comparison problems do not apply to locally administered facilities nor to State-operated detention centers, shelters, and halfway houses and group homes.

²Data for 1973 represent the actual number of admissions and departures of all residents except those classified as youthful offenders. For youthful offenders, the number of admissions and departures, included in the overall figures, was estimated.

Table 6. Admissions to public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Admissions					
	Both sexes		Male		Female	
	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities	616,766	600,960	445,710	430,070	171,056	170,890
Short-term	531,686	513,004	376,681	359,319	155,005	153,685
Detention center	496,526	483,212	349,407	335,556	147,119	147,656
Shelter	8,052	4,986	5,294	2,951	2,758	2,035
Reception or diagnostic center	27,108	24,806	21,980	20,812	5,128	3,994
Long-term	85,080	87,956	69,029	70,751	16,051	17,205
Training school	67,775	82,407	53,089	67,213	14,686	15,194
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	14,866	14,015	14,015	14,015	851	851
Halfway house and group home	2,439	5,549	1,925	3,538	514	2,011
State-administered facilities	127,956	129,496	100,177	101,978	27,779	27,518
Short-term	59,479	61,635	44,943	47,163	14,536	14,472
Detention center	32,233	36,796	22,880	26,325	9,353	10,471
Shelter	138	33	83	26	55	7
Reception or diagnostic center	27,108	24,806	21,980	20,812	5,128	3,994
Long-term	68,477	67,861	55,234	54,815	13,243	13,046
Training school	59,080	63,955	46,414	52,311	12,666	11,644
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	7,755	7,503	7,503	7,503	252	252
Halfway house and group home	1,642	3,906	1,317	2,504	325	1,402
Locally administered facilities	488,810	471,464	345,533	328,092	143,277	143,372
Short-term	472,207	451,369	331,738	312,156	140,469	139,213
Detention center	464,293	446,416	326,527	309,231	137,766	137,185
Shelter	7,914	4,953	5,211	2,925	2,703	2,028
Reception or diagnostic center	...	...	...	...	...	...
Long-term	16,603	20,095	13,795	15,936	2,808	4,159
Training school	8,695	8,655	6,675	5,878	2,020	2,777
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	7,111	9,797	6,512	9,024	599	773
Halfway house and group home	797	1,643	608	1,034	189	609

NOTE: Data for 1973 represent actual admission transactions of juveniles and of adult residents in a New Jersey facility, plus an estimated 9,956 admission transactions of youthful offenders in California.
... Not applicable.

marked contrast to the pattern in detention centers, however, the total was up in locally administered facilities of these types and down in State institutions. Departures from training schools and from ranches, forestry camps, and farms, considered collectively, were off about 2 percent during 1973 over 1971. Again, locally operated facilities registered an increase and State-administered institutions a decrease.

The large annual volume of admissions and departures, many times larger than the average daily population residing in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, reflected the rapid turnover characteristic of the Nation's juvenile justice system. It also reflected the multiple transactions involved in processing those individuals ultimately committed to a long-term facility, particularly to training schools or to ranches, forestry camps, and farms. The transactions for such persons might show initial intake at a detention center, referral to a reception or diagnostic center for evaluation, assignment to the relevant long-term facility, and, not infrequently, recommitment for a new offense or read-

mission for failure in an aftercare or parole program. Because this range of transactions was far more likely to have been reflected in the records of those confined at training schools or at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, the collection of data designed to permit comparisons of specific types of admission and departure transactions was limited to movement of persons into and out of these two types of institutions.

Type of admission

A total of 75,955 admissions, exclusive of those involving youthful offenders, was reported by training schools and by ranches, forestry camps, and farms during fiscal year 1973. The figure for fiscal year 1971, which included admissions of all non-juveniles as well as juveniles, was 82,514. In both 1971 and 1973, training schools accounted for about four of every five admission transactions in these two types of facilities.

The majority of admissions to training schools

Table 7. Departures from public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and sex, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Departures					
	Both sexes		Male		Female	
	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities	614,606	594,207	444,544	424,933	170,062	169,274
Short-term	529,497	508,033	375,335	355,624	154,162	152,409
Detention center	494,641	478,415	348,097	332,042	146,544	146,373
Shelter	8,017	5,034	5,261	2,973	2,756	2,061
Reception or diagnostic center	26,839	24,584	21,977	20,609	4,862	3,975
Long-term	85,109	86,174	69,209	69,309	15,900	16,865
Training school	68,956	81,255	54,300	66,210	14,656	15,045
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	14,042	13,289	13,289	753	753	
Halfway house and group home	2,111	4,919	1,620	3,099	491	1,820
State-administered facilities	128,093	128,292	100,623	100,943	27,470	27,349
Short-term	58,812	61,228	44,620	46,833	14,192	14,395
Detention center	31,835	36,574	22,560	26,161	9,275	10,413
Shelter	138	70	83	63	55	7
Reception or diagnostic center	26,839	24,584	21,977	20,609	4,862	3,975
Long-term	69,281	67,064	56,003	54,110	13,278	12,954
Training school	60,451	63,602	47,682	51,942	12,769	11,660
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	7,397	7,184	7,184	213	213	
Halfway house and group home	1,433	3,462	1,137	2,168	296	1,294
Locally administered facilities	486,513	465,915	343,921	323,990	142,592	141,925
Short-term	470,685	446,805	330,715	308,791	139,970	138,014
Detention center	462,806	441,841	325,537	305,881	137,269	135,960
Shelter	7,879	4,964	5,178	2,910	2,701	2,054
Reception or diagnostic center	...	...	...	...	...	...
Long-term	15,828	19,110	13,206	15,199	2,622	3,911
Training school	8,505	8,435	6,618	5,723	1,887	2,712
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	6,645	9,218	6,105	8,545	540	673
Halfway house and group home	678	1,457	483	931	195	526

NOTE: Data for 1973 represent actual departure transactions of juveniles and of adult residents in a New Jersey facility, plus an estimated 10,408 departure transactions of youthful offenders in California.
... Not applicable.

during 1973 were court commitments (Table 8). First commitments accounted for 54 percent of all admissions, and recommitments made up another 10 percent. The remaining admissions were divided among those resulting from the return of those previously assigned to aftercare or parole programs (12 percent), transfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles (7 percent), and a variety of "other" reasons (17 percent). These proportions varied little when admissions of males and females were considered separately, although a slightly higher proportion of male than female admissions resulted from court commitments—64 vs. 60 percent.

During 1973, court commitments made up a higher proportion of admissions into State than into local training schools. Admissions resulting from returns from aftercare or parole programs, as well as those resulting from transfers from other facilities, also were relatively more common in State than in local institutions of this type. By contrast, admissions attributed to "other" reasons were relatively more numerous in local than in State training schools.

An even greater proportion of admissions to

ranches, forestry camps, and farms than to training schools were the result of court commitments. First commitments accounted for 62 percent of all reported admissions during 1973, and recommitments made up another 9 percent. Of the remaining admissions reported by ranches, forestry camps, and farms, 4 percent resulted from the return of persons previously assigned to aftercare or parole programs, 11 percent were transfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles, and 14 percent were of other, miscellaneous kinds. Males accounted for 94 percent of all reported admissions to ranches, forestry camps, and farms.

Unlike the situation in training schools, court commitments made up a higher proportion of admissions into ranches, forestry camps, and farms operated by local units of government (75 percent) than of admissions to State facilities (66 percent). The same held true for admissions for "other" reasons, but the reverse was the case for admissions involving returns from aftercare or parole programs, as well as from those representing transfers from other agencies for delinquent juveniles.

Table 8. Admissions to public training schools and to ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of admission, State or local administration of facility, and sex, fiscal 1973

Type of admission	Training school				Ranch, forestry camp, and farm			
	State-administered		Locally administered		State-administered		Locally administered	
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Female
Total	52,023	40,722	11,301	8,655	5,878	2,777	5,321	159
Committed by court	33,539	26,541	6,998	4,827	3,383	1,444	3,479	120
First commitment	28,344	21,924	6,420	4,251	2,921	1,330	3,026	120
Returned from aftercare or parole program ^a	5,195	4,617	578	576	462	114	453	0
Transferred in ^b	7,115	5,446	1,669	298	242	56	408	4
Other	4,464	3,362	1,102	153	49	104	1,166	34
	6,905	5,373	1,532	3,377	2,204	1,173	269	1
							1,829	1,734
							135	15
							481	451
							1,734	95

NOTE: Exclude admission transactions of youthful offenders in 12 California State facilities.

^aFor new offense.

^bExcludes juveniles returned for new offenses.

^cTransfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

Table 9. Departures from public training schools and from ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type of departure, State or local administration of facility, and sex, fiscal 1973

Type of departure	Training school				Ranch, forestry camp, and farm			
	State-administered		Locally administered		State-administered		Locally administered	
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Female
Total	51,310	39,923	11,387	8,435	5,723	2,712	5,079	186
Discharged without further supervision	4,467	3,289	1,178	722	578	144	1,044	0
Discharged without further aftercare or parole program	5,521	4,857	664	1,640	1,146	494	935	53
Placed in discharging agency's aftercare or parole program	27,129	20,552	6,577	2,143	1,370	773	2,254	122
Transferred out ^a	7,080	5,656	1,424	293	149	144	739	11
Other	7,113	5,569	1,544	3,637	2,480	1,157	240	0
							2,968	2,809
							696	41
							1,576	1,403
							3,569	290
							368	358
							2,968	159

NOTE: Exclude departure transactions of youthful offenders in 12 California State facilities.

^aTransfers to other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

Type of departure

During fiscal year 1973, a combined total of 74,228 departures of residents, exclusive of youthful offenders, was reported by training schools and by ranches, forestry camps, and farms. The total during fiscal year 1971 was 82,890, but included departures by all nonjuveniles as well as by juveniles. In both years, training schools accounted for approximately four-fifths of the reported departures from these two types of facilities.

As indicated by departure figures, most persons leaving training schools were released conditionally, that is, subject to aftercare or parole supervision. Roughly 6 out of every 10 departures from training schools during 1973 were conditional in nature (Table 9). Such departures were further subdivided into those stipulating supervision either by the releasing agency or by another agency, with departures of the latter kind outnumbering those of the former by more than four to one. Only 9 percent of the reported departures from training schools were unconditional discharges. Another 12 percent involved transfers to other facilities for delinquent juveniles, and the remainder consisted of miscellaneous kinds of departures, such as escapes or discharges of persons who had been held in a temporary status. These proportions varied only slightly when departures of males and females were considered separately.

Some marked differences in departure practices were discovered between State- and locally-run training schools. Although the proportion of unconditional discharges was approximately the same, a much larger proportion of departures in local facilities than in State institutions were of the "other" category, whereas a much lower proportion involved transfer to another facility or assignment to an aftercare or parole program. Moreover, conditional releases from locally operated training schools were more likely to have involved aftercare or parole supervision by the releasing facility than were releases from State-administered institutions. In both State and local training schools, however, aftercare or parole supervision by the releasing facility was less common than that provided by another agency.

Unconditional discharges represented a slightly higher proportion of departures from ranches, forestry camps, and farms in 1973 than from training schools—12 vs. 9 percent. In relative terms, there also were more "other" types of departures, but fewer transfers to another juvenile facility. Furthermore, whereas 60 percent of the departures from

training schools were conditional releases, the proportion at ranches, forestry camps, and farms was slightly less—58 percent. As in training schools, the majority of conditional departures from ranches, forestry camps, and farms involved supervised aftercare or parole in another agency's program.

On the basis of the departure data from ranches, forestry camps, and farms, it was shown that male residents were more likely than females to have received an unconditional discharge during 1973; they also were more apt to have been transferred to another juvenile facility or to have left because of "other" reasons. Females, on the other hand, were more likely than males to have been conditionally released. There also were disparities in departure patterns at ranches, forestry camps, and farms depending upon whether the facility was State-run or locally administered. Unconditional discharges were relatively more common in State than in local institutions, as were transfers to other juvenile facilities; departures for "other" reasons were less usual. Some 56 percent of the departures from local ranches, forestry camps, and farms were unconditional releases; the corresponding proportion in State-operated facilities of this type was 62 percent. In both State and local facilities, more than twice as many unconditional releases involved placement in another agency's aftercare or parole program as in the releasing agency's own program.

Residents

Despite a 10 percent increase in the number of facilities during the intercensal period, there were some 16 percent fewer persons (juveniles and nonjuveniles) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, than 2 years earlier, the residential population having declined from 57,239 to 47,983. The reduction in this population amounted to 20 percent in State-administered facilities and to 7 percent in those operated by local units of government. Overall, there were 17 percent fewer juveniles.

In both 1971 and 1973, approximately 95 percent of the total population held in the facilities covered by the censuses were persons legally classified as juveniles (Table 10). Of the rest, 4 percent, found in California only, were youthful offenders, that is, convicted adults between ages 18 and 21 who had been committed to juvenile correctional facilities under the control of the California Youth Authority, a State agency charged with the rehabilitation of

Table 10. Residents of public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility and legal status of residents, midyear 1971 and 1973

State or local administration and legal status	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	57,239	47,983	-16
Juvenile	54,729	45,694	-17
Nonjuvenile	2,510	2,289	-9
Youthful offender ¹	2,023	1,869	-8
Other	487	420	-14
State-administered facilities	40,775	32,692	-20
Juvenile	38,265	30,403	-21
Nonjuvenile	2,510	2,289	-9
Youthful offender ¹	2,023	1,869	-8
Other	487	420	-14
Locally administered facilities	16,464	15,291	-7
Juvenile	16,464	15,291	-7
Nonjuvenile	0	0	0

¹In California only.

both youthful offenders and juveniles. The remaining 1 percent were other nonjuveniles held in States besides California. At the time of each census, all nonjuveniles were confined in State-administered institutions; there were no residents other than juveniles held in locally administered facilities.³ During the intercensal period, the juvenile population decreased by 17 percent, the number of youthful offenders dropped by some 8 percent, and the "other" nonjuvenile population declined by about 14 percent.

The decline from 54,729 to 45,694 in the number of juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities was a net result of an 11 percent reduction in the juvenile population detained in short-term facilities and an 18 percent decrease in the number of those held in long-term establishments.⁴ The proportion of the juvenile population held in short-term facilities increased from 26 percent in 1971 to 28 percent in 1973, whereas that in long-term institutions decreased from 74 to 72 percent.

Of the overall decrease of 9,035 between 1971 and 1973 in the number of juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, fully 84 percent was attributable to a net loss of juveniles

confined in training schools, although all types of facilities, except halfway houses and group homes, held fewer juveniles in 1973 than 2 years earlier (Table 11). Training schools, the most populous of the several types of establishments, experienced a 22 percent decrease in their juvenile population, as well as a reduction in their share of the total juvenile population, from 62 to 58 percent. The next most populous type of facility, the detention center, recorded a drop of 8 percent in the number of juveniles held, but at the same time increased its share of the total juvenile population from 22 to 24 percent. Reception or diagnostic centers, as well as ranches, forestry camps, and farms, also held a larger proportion of the juvenile population in 1973 than in 1971, whereas the reverse was true for shelters.

The halfway house and group home category, as noted earlier, was the only type of juvenile facility to house more juveniles in 1973 than in 1971, a 65 percent increase, from 973 to 1,602. This increase, which accompanied an unusually large growth in the number of such facilities during the period, gave halfway houses and group homes 4 percent of the total juvenile population in 1973, compared with 2 percent in 1971.

State-administered facilities, which as of mid-1971 accounted for 70 percent of the juvenile population, could claim only 67 percent at midyear 1973, their share of short-term detainees having remained stable at 5 percent but their portion of long-term residents having contracted from 65 to 61 percent. The latter decrease was a function chiefly of a decline in the State sector's share of the training

³Of the 1971 total of 2,510 nonjuveniles (2,539 males and 151 females), 317 were in 3 reception or diagnostic centers, 1,955 were in 10 training schools, and 238 at 4 ranches, forestry camps, and farms. On June 30, 1973, there were 2,289 nonjuveniles in 16 State facilities—3 reception or diagnostic centers, 8 training schools, and 5 ranches, forestry camps, and farms.

⁴Unless otherwise indicated in the paragraphs that follow, the discussion is limited to the juvenile population within public juvenile detention and correctional facilities.

**Table 11. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities,
by type of facility, State or local administration,
and sex, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Type of facility and State or local administration	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	54,729	45,694	-17	41,781	35,057	-16	12,948	10,637	-18
Short-term	14,280	12,706	-11	NA	8,927	...	NA	3,779	...
Detention center	11,767	10,782	-8	7,926	7,436	-6	3,841	3,346	-13
Shelter	360	190	-47	234	120	-49	126	70	-44
Reception or diagnostic center	2,153	1,734	-20	NA	1,371	...	NA	363	...
Long-term	40,449	32,988	-18	NA	26,130	...	NA	6,858	...
Training school	34,005	26,427	-22	NA	20,327	...	NA	6,100	...
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	5,471	4,959	-9	NA	4,638	...	NA	321	...
Halfway house and group home	973	1,602	+65	739	1,165	+58	234	437	+86
State-administered facilities	38,265	30,403	-21	29,890	23,908	-20	8,375	6,495	-22
Short-term	2,952	2,461	-17	NA	1,906	...	NA	555	...
Detention center	689	715	-4	462	523	+13	227	192	-15
Shelter	110	12	-89	76	12	-84	34	0	-100
Reception or diagnostic center	2,153	1,734	-20	NA	1,371	...	NA	363	...
Long-term	35,313	27,942	-11	NA	22,002	...	NA	5,940	...
Training school	31,606	24,222	-23	NA	18,712	...	NA	5,510	...
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	3,074	2,502	-19	NA	2,405	...	NA	97	...
Halfway house and group home	633	1,218	+92	503	885	+76	130	333	+156
Locally administered facilities	16,464	15,291	-7	11,891	11,149	-6	4,573	4,142	-9
Short-term	11,328	10,245	-10	7,622	7,021	-8	3,706	3,224	-13
Detention center	11,078	10,067	-9	7,464	6,913	-7	3,614	3,154	-13
Shelter	250	178	-28	158	108	-32	92	70	-24
Reception or diagnostic center	0	0	...	0	0	...	0	0	...
Long-term	5,136	5,046	-1	4,269	4,128	-3	867	918	+6
Training school	2,399	2,205	-8	1,834	1,615	-12	565	590	+4
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	2,397	2,457	+3	2,199	2,233	+2	198	224	+13
Halfway house and group home	340	384	+13	236	280	+19	104	104	0

NA Not available

... Not applicable

school population, from 58 to 53 percent. An increase in the number of juveniles held in State-operated halfway houses and group homes—from 633 to 1,218—did not offset the losses sustained at other types of facilities under State control.

During the intercensal period, locally administered facilities experienced a net decline of 7 percent in the number of juveniles detained, but nonetheless increased their share of the total juvenile population from 30 to 33 percent, as a consequence of the State sector's much larger loss (21 percent). Three of the five types of facilities operated by local units of governments showed a decrease between 1971 and 1973 in the number of juveniles held. Exceptions were ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as halfway houses and group homes. The number of juveniles held in locally administered halfway houses and group homes rose by about 13 percent, but the increase was not sufficiently large to expand their small percentage share of the total juvenile population, which remained at under 1 percent.

On June 30, 1973, approximately 87 percent of the juveniles under jurisdiction of State authorities were in long-term facilities and 13 percent were in short-term facilities. Two years earlier, the proportions had been 92 and 8 percent, respectively. As for juveniles held in locally administered establishments, 69 percent in 1973, compared with 67 percent in 1971, were in short-term facilities and 31 percent, compared with 33 percent, were in long-term institutions.

Half of all juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, were held in facilities that housed males only (Table 12). An additional 10 percent were being detained in facilities restricted to females, and 40 percent were in institutions that admitted both sexes. Juveniles under the jurisdiction of State authorities were far more likely than those in locally administered facilities to have been segregated by sex. Thus, 77 percent of the juveniles in State facilities, compared with 26 percent in local institutions, were confined in facilities limited to one sex or the other.

Sex

Among juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, males outnumbered females by a margin of better than 3 to 1 in both 1971 and 1973. They accounted for 77 percent of the total number of detained juveniles on June 30, 1973, compared with 76 percent 2 years earlier.

In relation to their share of the total juvenile residential population at midyear 1973, males were overrepresented in State-administered facilities (and in long-term institutions) and underrepresented in those operated by local authorities (and in short-term facilities). This pattern also held true in 1971.

At the time of the 1973 census, females made up 31 percent of all juveniles held in detention centers; 37 percent in shelters; 21 percent in reception or diagnostic centers; 23 percent in training schools; 6 percent at ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and 27 percent in halfway houses and group homes. For detention centers, as well as halfway houses and group homes, the 1973 proportions were slightly higher than those for 1971, whereas for shelters the reverse was true. No 1971-73 comparisons were possible for the other three types of institutions, as nonjuveniles were included in the counts for these facilities in 1971 but excluded in 1973.

Age

The average age of male residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles, held in the Nation's public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, was 15.2 years; that of their female counterparts was 14.9 years (Table 13). No comparison with 1971 data was possible, as average age was not collected in the census of that year.

In five of the six types of facilities, the average age of males was slightly higher than that of females, but for halfway houses and group homes the reverse was true. Among individual types of facilities, shelters reported the lowest average age for both males (13.9 years) and females (13.3 years). For males, the average age was highest (15.9 years) at ranches, forestry camps, and farms; for females, it was highest

Table 12. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex of persons admitted and State or local administration of facility, midyear 1973

Sex of persons admitted	All facilities	State facilities	Local facilities
All facilities	45,694	30,403	15,291
Males only	22,789	19,398	3,391
Females only	4,568	3,996	572
Both sexes	18,337	7,009	11,328

Table 13. Average age of persons held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and sex, midyear 1973

Type of facility	Average age (years)	
	Male	Female
All facilities	15.2	14.9
Short-term	14.9	14.7
Detention center	14.9	14.7
Shelter	13.9	13.3
Reception or diagnostic center	15.3	14.9
Long-term	15.5	15.3
Training school	15.3	15.1
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	15.9	15.2
Halfway house and group home	15.3	15.5

NOTE: Based on all persons held, both juveniles and nonjuveniles.

(15.5 years) in halfway houses and group homes. The disparity between the sexes in average age was most pronounced at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, where male residents, on the average, were about 8 months older than their female counterparts.

In 1973, as in 1971, persons in custody ranged in age from under 6 years old to age 21 and over. Efforts to delineate the basic characteristics of the age structure of the residential population, including both juvenile and nonjuvenile detainees, focused on identifying the oldest and youngest person held in every facility.⁵ Both in 1971 and in 1973, the largest number of institutions reported their youngest detainee in the 12-14 age group and their oldest in the 16-17 group (Tables 14-17). In each year, in fact, a majority of the facilities holding females reported their youngest and oldest female resident within these ranges; a majority of facilities holding males also reported their oldest male detainee within the 16-17 age group, and a near majority recorded their youngest male as being age 12, 13, or 14.

Among facilities that held females, the largest number of each type of facility reported both in 1971 and in 1973 that their youngest female was in the 12-14 age group and that their oldest was age 16 or 17. Among facilities holding males, there were exceptions to this general pattern, depending upon type of facility, year, and whether the reporting concerned the youngest or oldest male held. Thus, in both 1971 and 1973, more ranches, forestry camps, and farms; training schools; and reception or diagnostic centers reported that their oldest male was in the 18-20 age group than in any other age bracket. Furthermore, the largest number of detention centers and reception or diagnostic centers in 1971

reported the youngest male to be under 12; halfway houses and group homes, the largest number of which reported their youngest male resident in the 15-16 age group in 1971, represented another exception to the general pattern.

As determined by both censuses, only 2 percent of the facilities detaining males and an equal proportion of those detaining females held children under 6 years of age. In both years, all persons of such age were detained in short-term facilities, specifically detention centers and shelters. Relatively few establishments also held persons age 21 and over. Those that did were mainly long-term facilities. As might have been expected, persons housed in long-term facilities tended to be somewhat older than those confined in short-term institutions.

Detention status

Almost three of every four juveniles detained in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities on June 30, 1973, had been adjudicated delinquent by the courts. Another 14 percent were held pending court disposition, and 10 percent were those adjudged as being persons in need of supervision (PINS). The remaining 3 percent were divided among those identified as dependent and neglected children, those who had voluntarily entered the facilities, and those awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction (Table 18). These overall proportions for midyear 1973 were approximately the same as those determined at the time of the 1971 census, indicating that the 17 percent decline in the juvenile residential population during the intercensal period was fairly evenly distributed among the several detention status groups. An exception, however, was the precipitous 40 percent decrease in the relatively small group composed of dependent and neglected children.

⁵In 1971, the age data so gathered pertained to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they were as of June 30.

Table 14. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of youngest male resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	Total facilities with male residents		Age of youngest male resident										17 or over		Not reported	
	1971	1973	Under 6		6-8		9-11		12-14		15-16		17 or over		Not reported	
			1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities	634	682	11	16	51	44	186	157	267	336	115	117	4	11	0	1
Short-term																
Detention center	327	332	11	16	36	35	134	97	133	151	13	30	0	2	0	1
Shelter	298	300	10	11	27	29	127	93	123	135	11	29	0	0	0	1
Reception or diagnostic center	15	16	1	5	3	3	4	2	5	5	2	1	0	0	0	0
Long-term	14	16	0	0	6	3	3	2	5	5	11	0	0	0	0	0
Training school	307	350	0	0	15	9	52	60	134	185	102	87	4	9	0	0
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	142	148	0	0	11	5	44	39	68	87	19	17	0	0	0	0
Halfway house and group home	106	96	0	0	1	0	6	5	48	52	47	34	4	5	0	0
	59	106	0	0	3	4	2	16	18	46	36	36	0	4	0	0

NOTE: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held males differs from the number of facilities that admit males, because some of the latter did not house any males on the reference date.

Table 15. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of youngest female resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	Total facilities with female residents		Age of youngest female resident										17 or over		Not reported	
	1971	1973	Under 6		6-8		9-11		12-14		15-16		17 or over		Not reported	
			1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All facilities	431	462	10	11	23	11	71	68	289	307	35	56	3	7	0	2
Short-term																
Detention center	314	313	10	11	22	8	56	50	204	205	19	31	3	6	0	2
Shelter	290	285	9	6	17	8	50	45	194	188	17	30	3	6	0	2
Reception or diagnostic center	11	15	1	4	2	0	2	3	4	7	2	1	0	0	0	0
Long-term	13	15	0	1	3	0	4	2	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Training school	117	149	0	0	1	3	15	18	85	102	16	25	0	0	0	0
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	84	85	0	0	1	1	14	15	65	67	4	2	0	0	0	0
Halfway house and group home	12	12	0	0	0	1	1	0	9	10	2	1	0	0	0	0
	21	52	0	0	0	1	0	3	11	25	10	22	0	1	0	0

NOTE: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held females differs from the number of facilities that admit females, because some of the latter did not house any females on the reference date.

Table 16. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of oldest male resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	Total facilities with male residents		Age of oldest male resident										21 and over		Not reported	
	1971	1973	Under 14		14-15		16-17		18-20		1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
			1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973						
All facilities	634	682	11	9	54	58	346	394	203	213	20	7	0	1		
Short-term	327	332	5	2	32	33	240	255	46	41	4	0	0	1		
Detention center	298	300	2	2	27	31	231	237	37	29	1	0	0	1		
Shelter	15	16	3	0	4	2	6	12	2	2	0	0	0	0		
Reception or diagnostic center	14	16	0	0	1	0	3	6	7	10	3	0	0	0		
Long-term	307	350	6	7	22	25	106	139	157	172	16	7	0	0		
Training school	142	148	1	1	15	12	52	60	64	71	10	4	0	0		
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	106	96	2	0	4	3	26	30	68	60	6	3	0	0		
Halfway house and group home	59	106	3	6	3	10	28	49	25	41	0	0	0	0		

NOTE: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held males differs from the number of facilities that admit males, because some of the latter did not house any males on the reference date.

Table 17. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and age of oldest female resident, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	Total facilities with female residents		Age of oldest female resident										21 and over		Not reported	
	1971	1973	Under 14		14-15		16-17		18-20		1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
			1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973						
All facilities	431	462	0	14	43	57	285	308	99	80	4	1	0	2	0	2
Short-term	314	313	0	12	35	49	235	230	42	20	2	0	0	2	0	2
Detention center	290	285	0	10	33	47	223	214	34	12	0	0	0	2	0	2
Shelter	11	15	0	2	2	2	7	9	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reception or diagnostic center	13	13	0	0	0	0	5	7	6	6	2	0	0	0	0	0
Long-term	117	149	0	2	8	8	50	78	57	60	2	1	0	0	0	0
Training school	84	85	0	0	6	6	32	37	44	42	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	12	12	0	0	1	0	4	8	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Halfway house and group home	21	52	0	2	1	2	14	33	6	14	0	1	0	0	0	0

NOTE: In 1971, age data pertain to the date when the respondent completed the questionnaire; in 1973, they are as of June 30. The number of facilities that actually held females differs from the number of facilities that admit females, because some of the latter did not house any females on the reference date.

**Table 18. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities,
by State or local administration of facility, detention status,
and sex, midyear 1971 and 1973**

State or local administration of facility and detention status	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities									
Adjudicated delinquent	54,729	45,694	-17	41,781	35,057	-16	12,948	10,637	-18
Person in need of supervision (PINS)									
Voluntary admission	45,606	33,385	-16	35,745	27,001	-16	9,861	6,384	-15
Held pending court disposition	7,717	4,571	-17	5,178	2,623	-12	2,539	1,928	-28
Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction	530	460	-13	367	307	-16	163	153	-6
Dependent and neglected children	876	528	-40	491	265	-46	385	263	-32
State-administered facilities									
Adjudicated delinquent	38,265	30,403	-21	29,890	23,908	-20	8,375	6,495	-22
Person in need of supervision (PINS)									
Voluntary admission	37,279	26,560	-21	29,288	21,399	-21	7,991	5,161	-22
Held pending court disposition	680	2,639	+13	447	1,611	+33	233	1,028	+56
Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction	23	314	+67	14	247	-7	9	176	+56
Dependent and neglected children	283	770	-67	141	594	-69	142	49	-65
Locally administered facilities									
Adjudicated delinquent	16,464	15,291	-7	11,891	11,149	-6	4,573	4,142	-9
Person in need of supervision (PINS)									
Voluntary admission	8,327	6,825	+6	6,457	5,602	+3	1,870	1,223	+14
Held pending court disposition	7,037	5,627	-20	4,731	3,977	-16	2,306	1,650	-28
Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction	507	433	-15	353	294	-17	154	139	-10
Dependent and neglected children	593	435	-27	350	221	-37	243	214	-12

Table 19. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by detention status and type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973

Detention status	All facilities		Short-term		Long-term	
	1971	1973	1971	1973	1971	1973
All juveniles	54,729	45,694	14,280	12,706	40,449	32,988
Adjudicated delinquent	45,606	33,385	5,630	4,432	39,976	28,953
Person in need of supervision (PINS)		4,551		1,450		3,101
Voluntary admission		373		26		347
Held pending court disposition	7,717	6,397	7,468	5,977	249	420
Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction	530	460	522	449	8	11
Dependent and neglected children	876	528	660	372	216	156

At State-administered facilities, the proportional distribution of juveniles by detention status at midyear 1973 was shown to be virtually the same as 2 years earlier, with some 97 percent in each year falling in a group combining adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions. In terms of absolute numbers, however, there was a 21 percent reduction over the 2 years in the number of juveniles within this combined group. The pattern was markedly different in locally operated facilities. There, the combined total of adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions rose by 6 percent, from 8,327 to 8,798, and the proportion of such persons to the total juvenile residential population in local institutions increased from 51 percent in 1971 to 58 percent in 1973.

During the intercensal period, little change was noted within long-term facilities in the distribution of juvenile residents by detention status. In both years, in fact, those juveniles within the group combining adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions accounted for roughly 98 percent of the total population. In short-term facilities, however, there were relatively more adjudicated delinquents, PINS, and voluntary admissions in 1973 than in 1971 and proportionally fewer juveniles held pending court disposition (Table 19).

Approximately 85 percent of all males and females adjudicated delinquent were held in long-term facilities at midyear 1973, especially in training schools. About two-thirds of the PINS also were so situated. In sharp contrast, the overwhelming majority of juveniles held pending court disposition or awaiting transfer to other jurisdictions were, as would have been expected, in short-term facilities, particularly detention centers. Detention centers also accounted for most of the dependent and neglected children. Among juveniles identified as voluntary admissions, a majority were in halfway

houses or group homes on June 30, 1973 (Table 20). Data for midyear 1971, although not strictly comparable, indicated a very similar pattern.

When the juvenile population was differentiated by sex and detention status, it was shown that a larger proportion of males than females (77 vs. 60 percent) were being detained as adjudicated delinquents on June 30, 1973. On the other hand, relatively more females than males (18 vs. 7 percent) were being held as PINS.

Offense

Identification of the type of offense leading to detention on June 30, 1973, as an adjudicated delinquent or as a PINS was provided for only 58 percent of the relevant males and 50 percent of the relevant females.⁶ Inasmuch as these persons may or may not have been representative of all adjudicated delinquents and PINS, the findings from the 1973 census with respect to offense data should be treated with appropriate reservations. Moreover, no meaningful comparison with data from the 1971 census was possible.

Of all adjudicated delinquents and PINS for whom offense data were available in 1973, 43 percent were being detained for felonies, 27 percent for status offenses, 23 percent for misdemeanors, and 7 percent for drug offenses (Table 21). There were substantial differences in these proportions, however, depending upon whether the persons were adjudicated delinquents or PINS and whether male or female.

Among adjudicated delinquents, males were far more likely than females to be detained for felonies

⁶The unavailability of offense data for some jurisdictions reflects the legal practices surrounding the commitment of juveniles to detention or correctional facilities. This exception aside, offense data were collected in 1973 from the resident juvenile population and from 420 adult inmates, but not from the 1,869 youthful offenders.

Table 20. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, detention status, and sex, midyear 1973

Type of facility	All juveniles		Adjudicated delinquent		Person in need of supervision (PINS)		Held pending court disposition		Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction		Voluntary admission		Dependent and neglected children	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
All facilities	35,097	10,637	27,001	6,384	2,623	1,928	4,571	1,826	307	153	290	83	265	263
Short-term	8,927	3,779	3,366	1,066	830	620	4,234	1,743	301	148	11	15	185	187
Detention center	7,436	3,346	2,153	759	666	547	4,136	1,708	300	144	5	10	176	178
Shelter	120	70	28	15	12	5	64	32	1	4	6	5	9	9
Reception or diagnostic center	1,371	363	1,185	292	152	68	34	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long-term	26,130	6,858	23,635	5,318	1,793	1,308	337	83	6	5	279	68	80	76
Training school	20,327	6,100	18,789	4,901	1,172	1,098	327	80	6	5	4	0	29	16
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	4,638	321	4,042	176	437	95	4	0	0	0	127	0	28	50
Halfway house and group home	1,165	437	804	241	184	115	6	3	0	0	148	68	23	10

Table 21. Adjudicated delinquents and persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of offense and sex, midyear 1973

Type of offense	Both sexes		Male	Female
Total	38,356		30,944	8,312
Felony ¹	9,270		8,606	664
Misdemeanor ¹	4,834		4,115	719
Drug offense	1,400		1,074	326
Status offense	5,850		3,439	2,411
Not available	17,002		12,810	4,192

NOTE: Data include information on 420 male adults held in one New Jersey juvenile facility, but exclude information on the 1,869 youthful offenders held in 15 California juvenile facilities.

¹Exclusive of drug offenses.

and much less apt to have been in custody for status offenses (Table 22). Fifty-two percent of males adjudicated as delinquent were being held for felonies, 25 percent for misdemeanors, 6 percent for drug offenses, and 17 percent for status offenses. For females, the corresponding proportions were 20 percent, 22 percent, 9 percent, and 49 percent. As for PINS, the overwhelming majority (89 percent of the males and 92 percent of the females) had been committed for status offenses (Table 23).

Of the 4,850 juveniles identified in 1973 as being detained for status offenses, 4,283 were adjudicated delinquents and 1,567 were PINS. Of the adjudicated delinquents known to be committed for status offenses, about three-fourths were in training schools; nearly half the PINS held for status offenses also were in training schools (Table 24). The fact that two-thirds of all status offenders among adjudicated delinquents and PINS were in training schools at midyear 1973 is striking when one considers the recommendation in the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 that status offenders be placed in community-based alternatives to traditional corrections-oriented facilities.

Average length of stay

The average length of stay for all persons in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities was shorter in 1973 than in 1971 for all types of establishments, except shelters (Table 25). For short-term facilities, considered collectively, the average length of stay declined from 14 days to 12; for all long-term institutions, it decreased from about 7.8 months to 7.1. The reduction was most pronounced in halfway houses and group homes, whose residents, on the average, spent 30 fewer days in these facilities in 1973 than in 1971. By contrast, those held in shelters were confined for an average of 34 days in 1973, compared with 21 days in 1971.

In 1973, as in 1971, residents of training schools were confined, on the average, for the longest period (in excess of 7 months); those in detention centers were held the shortest time (less than 2 weeks). Also, in both years, persons in State-operated facilities of all types except halfway houses and group homes were confined, on the average, for longer periods of time than their counterparts in institutions administered by local units of government.

Staff

On June 30, 1973, there were approximately 45,000 staff members working full-time or part-time in public detention and correctional facilities for juveniles. Two of every five of these staff members

were engaged in personal custody activities, approximately one-third were treatment or educational personnel, and the rest served in administrative positions or in such support tasks as maintenance and housekeeping. Of the total number of staff personnel, 92 percent were on the payroll of the facilities and 8 percent were paid by other sources or were volunteer workers. Eighty-seven percent of all staff members were full-time workers, whereas 13 percent served part time. Nonpayroll personnel made up 3 percent of the full-time staff and 42 percent of the part-time staff (Table 26).

Between midyear 1971 and midyear 1973, the number of full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff personnel declined from 39,521 to 39,216, or by 1 percent.⁷ The decline, proportionately far smaller than the reduction in the number of residents during the intercensal period, was the net result of a 3 percent decline in the full-time staff at long-term facilities and a 5 percent increase among those in short-term institutions. Overall, the decrease in full-time staff resulted from a 13 percent decline in the number of full-time workers performing maintenance and housekeeping chores, as there was a 10 percent increase in the number of administrative personnel and a 1 percent increase in the combined total of those in personal custody, treatment, and educational positions (Table 27).

Size and distribution

The payroll and nonpayroll staff of all 794 juvenile custody facilities enumerated in the census of June 30, 1973, totaled 44,845. Of these, 63 percent worked in State-administered facilities and 37 percent in establishments operated by local units of government (Table 28). This distribution was roughly in accord with the proportion of persons held in State and local institutions. Part-time workers constituted a larger proportion of total staff in local facilities (21 percent) than in State institutions (7 percent). Nonpayroll staff members also were relatively more common in local than in State facilities.

Fifty-four percent of the total number of staff members in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities at midyear 1973 worked at training schools, 29 percent worked at detention centers, and 7 percent were at ranches, forestry camps, and farms. Reception or diagnostic centers accounted for

⁷Comparisons between 1971 and 1973 data on staff were limited to full-time workers because of differences between the two censuses in the criteria for defining part-time workers, including the fact that community volunteers were not included in the 1971 data.

Type of facility	All offenses		Felony ¹		Misdemeanor ¹		Offense and sex		Drug offense		Status offense		Not reported	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
All facilities	27,421	6,384	8,571	640	4,080	694	1,052	298	2,724	1,559	10,994	3,193		
Short-term	3,366	1,066	654	91	404	142	133	38	320	236	1,855	599		
Detention center	2,153	759	390	59	191	58	50	29	224	210	1,298	403		
Shelter	28	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	15		
Reception or diagnostic center	1,185	292	264	32	213	84	83	9	96	26	529	141		
Long-term	24,055	5,318	7,917	549	3,676	552	919	260	2,404	1,323	9,139	2,634		
Training school	19,209	4,901	6,220	510	2,959	526	684	236	1,955	1,210	7,391	2,419		
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	4,042	176	1,524	31	629	15	221	10	376	47	1,292	73		
Halfway house and group farm	804	241	173	8	88	11	14	14	73	66	456	142		

NOTE: Data include information on 420 male adults held in one New Jersey juvenile facility, but exclude information on the 1,869 youthful offenders held in 15 California juvenile facilities.

¹Exclusive of drug offenses.

Table 23. Persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, offense, and sex, midyear 1973

[illegible]

Table 24. Juveniles adjudicated delinquent or declared as persons in need of supervision (PINS) being held for status offenses in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, midyear 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Adjudicated delinquent for status offenses	Declared PINS for status offenses
All facilities	3,863	1,567
Short-term	556	525
Detention center	434	453
Shelter	0	8
Reception or diagnostic center	122	64
Long-term	3,307	1,042
Training school	2,745	749
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	423	225
Halfway house and group home	139	68
State-administered facilities	2,925	687
Short-term	182	84
Detention center	60	20
Shelter	0	0
Reception or diagnostic center	122	64
Long-term	2,743	603
Training school	2,385	511
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	276	62
Halfway house and group home	82	30
Locally administered facilities	938	880
Short-term	374	441
Detention center	374	433
Shelter	0	8
Reception or diagnostic center	...	...
Long-term	564	439
Training school	360	238
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	147	163
Halfway house and group home	57	38

NOTE: Inasmuch as offense data were not available for about 45 percent of the adjudicated delinquents and PINS, the number of these persons held for status offenses may be understated.
...Not applicable.

another 5 percent; halfway houses and group homes, 4 percent; and shelters, 1 percent. Part-time workers were relatively more numerous in halfway houses and group homes than in any other type of facility; they were least common in training schools. The highest proportion of nonpayroll staff members also was found in halfway houses and group homes, whereas the lowest was at reception or diagnostic centers.

The full-time staff of the Nation's juvenile institutions was distributed by type of position in much the same manner as the total staff, including both full-time and part-time workers. When the full-time staff of each type of facility was considered separately, there were some interesting differences in staffing patterns among the facilities (Table 29).

As of midyear 1973, administrative workers made up 22 percent of the full-time staff in shelters and 19 percent at halfway houses and group homes. By contrast, 11 percent of the full-time staff at training schools held administrative posts. Personal custody staff were relatively most numerous in detention centers and at reception or diagnostic centers, constituting 47 percent of all full-time workers

in each of these two types of facilities, and least numerous at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, where they accounted for 27 percent. Treatment and educational staff made up 44 percent of all full-time workers at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, but only 32 percent at training schools and 25 percent at shelters. Operational, maintenance, and other workers accounted for a high of 17 percent of all full-time staff members at training schools and a low of 8 percent at halfway houses and group homes.

Juvenile resident-to-staff ratios

The interaction between the slight decrease in the full-time staff and the proportionately much larger reduction in the juvenile population resulted in the lowering of the number of juvenile detainees per full-time staff member from 1.4 at midyear 1971 to 1.2 at midyear 1973. This, in effect, increased the full-time staff at the rate of one for every seven juvenile residents.⁸

⁸Certain of the ratios are slightly overstated because they were based on total full-time staff even in those 16 facilities that held some nonjuveniles. See footnote 3.

Table 25. Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and State or local administration, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Average length of stay		Difference compared with 1971
	1971	1973	
All facilities			
	----- days -----		
Short-term	14	12	-2
Detention center	11	10	-1
Shelter	21	34	+13
Reception or diagnostic center	53	30	-23
Long-term	234	213	-21
Training school	261	249	-12
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	198	186	-12
Halfway house and group home	216	186	-30
State-administered facilities			
Short-term	29	19	-10
Detention center	15	12	-3
Shelter	14	60	+46
Reception or diagnostic center	53	30	-23
Long-term	246	222	-24
Training school	273	256	-17
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	213	204	-9
Halfway house and group home	207	180	-27
Locally administered facilities			
Short-term	11	11	0
Detention center	11	10	-1
Shelter	21	33	+12
Reception or diagnostic center	...	...	...
Long-term	204	186	-18
Training school	210	198	-12
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	183	165	-18
Halfway house and group home	234	204	-30

NOTE: Based on all cases.

NOTE: Based on all persons held, both juveniles and nonjuveniles.
...Not applicable.

The mid-1973 ratio of 1.2 juvenile residents for every full-time staff member was common to both State and local institutions (Table 30). For long-term facilities, the 1973 ratio also was 1.2 to 1, but at short-term institutions it was 1 to 1. The most favorable ratio (0.9 to 1) was found in reception or diagnostic centers, and the least favorable (1.6 to 1) was at ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as at halfway houses and group homes. The ratio was 1.2 to 1 at training schools.

Further differences in ratios were apparent when the type of full-time worker was considered. As of June 30, 1973, there were 2.8 juvenile residents per personal custody worker, 3.7 per treatment and educational staff member, 7.6 per operational, maintenance, and other worker, and 9.4 per administrative staff member. When type of facility also was taken into consideration, still further disparity was noticed.

Vacancies

Payroll and nonpayroll staff vacancies at all facilities on June 30, 1973, numbered 2,109, of

which 1,965, or 93 percent, involved full-time positions and 144, or 7 percent, were for part-time situations. The 1973 vacancy total was 68 percent higher than the number recorded on June 30, 1971, when 1,108 full-time and 146 part-time positions were unfilled. In both 1971 and 1973, slightly more than three-fourths of all vacancies were for personal custody, treatment, or educational positions (Table 31). Fewer administrative jobs were vacant than any other type of position.

Of the total number of full-time staff vacancies on June 30, 1973, 71 percent were at training schools and 16 percent at detention centers. Reception or diagnostic centers and ranches, forestry camps, and farms accounted for another 5 percent each; halfway houses and group homes made up 3 percent (Table 32). When these proportions were compared with those derived from the distribution of full-time staff by type of facility, it was shown that the ratio of vacancies to full-time, filled posts was least favorable in training schools and most favorable in detention centers.

At detention centers, reception or diagnostic centers, training schools, and halfway houses and group

Table 26. Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of personnel and employment status, midyear 1973

[illegible]

Table 27. Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of personnel and type of facility, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of personnel	All facilities			Short-term facilities			Long-term facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All personnel	39,521	39,216	-1	11,791	12,377	+5	27,730	26,839	-3
Administrative	4,441	4,879	+10	1,361	1,642	+21	3,080	3,237	+5
Personal custody	28,165	16,108	-43	8,809	5,768	-35	19,356	10,340	-47
Treatment and educational	6,915	12,204	+76	1,621	3,332	+105	5,294	8,872	+68
Operational, maintenance, and other		6,025	-13		1,635	+1		4,390	-17

NOTE: In 1971, full-time was defined as 30 hours or more per week; it was not defined in 1973.

Table 28. Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and employment status, midyear 1973

Type of facility	Employment status				Part-time staff			
	Total staff		Full-time staff		Total		Payroll	
	Total	Payroll	Nonpayroll	Total	Payroll	Nonpayroll	Total	Nonpayroll
All facilities	44,845	41,115	3,730	39,216	37,846	1,370	5,629	2,360
Short-term	15,594	13,835	1,759	12,377	11,755	622	3,217	1,137
Detention center	13,197	11,579	1,618	10,189	9,597	592	3,008	1,026
Shelter	251	189	62	159	152	7	92	55
Reception or diagnostic center	2,146	2,067	79	2,029	2,006	23	117	56
Long-term	29,251	27,280	1,971	26,839	26,091	748	2,412	1,223
Training school	24,184	23,106	1,078	22,767	22,304	463	1,417	615
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	3,407	3,013	394	3,063	2,809	254	344	140
Halfway house and group home	1,660	1,161	499	1,009	978	31	651	183
State-administered facilities	28,380	26,772	1,608	26,209	25,667	542	2,171	1,066
Locally administered facilities	16,465	14,343	2,122	13,007	12,179	828	3,458	1,294

Table 29. Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of personnel, midyear 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Type of personnel			
	Total	Administrative	Personal custody	Treatment and educational
All facilities				
Short-term	39,216	4,879	16,108	12,204
Detention center	12,377	1,642	5,768	3,332
Shelter	10,189	1,319	4,757	2,730
Reception or diagnostic center	159	55	64	40
Long-term	2,029	288	947	562
Training school	26,839	3,237	10,340	8,872
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	22,767	2,569	9,102	7,194
Halfway house and group home	3,063	479	835	1,340
	1,009	189	403	338
State-administered facilities				
Short-term	26,209	3,167	10,697	8,093
Detention center	2,788	392	1,257	803
Shelter	2,727	98	298	232
Reception or diagnostic center	32	6	12	9
Long-term	2,029	288	947	562
Training school	23,421	2,775	9,440	7,290
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	20,994	2,380	8,585	6,418
Halfway house and group home	1,671	252	541	629
	756	143	314	243
Locally administered facilities				
Short-term	13,007	1,712	5,411	4,111
Detention center	9,589	1,250	4,511	2,529
Shelter	9,462	1,221	4,459	2,498
Reception or diagnostic center	127	29	52	31
Long-term	...	...	...	...
Training school	3,418	462	900	1,582
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	1,773	189	517	776
Halfway house and group home	1,392	227	294	711
	253	46	89	95
...Not applicable.				
				23
				6,025
				1,635
				1,383
				20
				232
				4,390
				3,902
				409
				79
				4,252
				336
				99
				5
				232
				3,916
				3,611
				249
				56
				1,773
				1,299
				1,284
				15
				...
				474
				291
				160

Table 30. Ratio of juvenile residents to full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of personnel, midyear 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Type of personnel				Operational, maintenance, and other
	Total	Administrative	Personal custody	Treatment and educational	
*All facilities	1.2	9.4	2.8	3.7	7.6
*Short-term	1.0	7.7	2.2	3.8	7.8
Detention center	1.1	8.2	2.3	3.9	7.8
Shelter	1.2	5.4	3.0	4.8	9.5
*Reception or diagnostic center	0.9	6.0	1.8	3.1	7.5
*Long-term	1.2	10.2	3.2	3.7	7.5
Training school	1.2	10.3	2.9	3.7	6.8
*Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	1.6	10.4	5.9	3.7	12.1
Halfway house and group home	1.6	8.5	4.0	4.7	20.3
*State-administered facilities	1.2	9.6	2.8	3.8	7.2
*Short-term	0.9	6.3	2.0	3.1	7.3
Detention center	1.0	7.3	2.4	3.1	7.2
Shelter	0.4	2.0	1.0	1.3	2.4
*Reception or diagnostic center	0.9	6.0	1.8	3.1	7.5
*Long-term	1.2	10.1	3.0	3.8	7.1
Training school	1.2	10.2	2.8	3.8	6.7
*Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	1.5	9.9	4.6	4.0	10.0
Halfway house and group home	1.6	8.5	3.9	5.0	21.8
Locally administered facilities	1.2	8.9	2.8	3.7	8.6
Short-term	1.1	8.2	2.3	4.1	7.9
Detention center	1.1	8.2	2.3	4.0	7.8
Shelter	1.4	6.1	3.4	5.7	11.9
*Reception or diagnostic center	...	...	...	...	...
Long-term	1.5	10.9	5.6	3.2	10.6
Training school	1.2	11.7	4.3	2.8	7.6
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	1.8	10.8	8.4	3.5	15.4
Halfway house and group home	1.6	8.3	4.3	4.0	16.7

...Not applicable.

* Ratios for these facilities are slightly overstated because they are based on total full-time staff even in those 16 facilities that held some nonjuveniles. See text footnote 3.

Table 31. Vacant staff positions in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position and employment status, midyear 1971 and 1973

Type of position and employment status	Number of vacancies, 1971	Number of vacancies, 1973		
		Total	Payroll	Nonpayroll
All positions	1,254	2,109	2,049	60
Administrative	102	158	157	1
Personal custody	976	955	917	38
Treatment and educational	176	672	652	20
Operational, maintenance, and other		324	323	1
Full-time positions	1,108	1,965	1,919	46
Administrative	97	154	153	1
Personal custody	841	876	848	28
Treatment and educational	170	634	618	16
Operational, maintenance, and other		301	300	1
Part-time positions	146	144	130	14
Administrative	5	4	4	0
Personal custody	135	79	69	10
Treatment and educational	6	38	34	4
Operational, maintenance, and other		23	23	0

homes, the largest number of vacancies involved personal custody positions. For ranches, forestry camps, and farms, there were more treatment and educational positions vacant than any other type of job. Only five vacancies were reported by shelters.

Expenditures

Expenditures for public non-Federal juvenile detention and correctional facilities during fiscal year 1973 amounted to approximately \$483.9 million, a figure some 6 percent above that spent during fiscal year 1971. This net increase in spending came about despite an overall reduction in the number of admissions, a decline in the resident population, and a decrease in the number of full-time staff personnel.

Such factors were more than offset by inflationary trends, an increase in the number of small facilities, a lag between the reduction of persons held and a cutback in staff, and other influences. Total costs of State-administered facilities were up by 5 percent; those for facilities operated by local units of government rose by 9 percent (Table 33). The increase amounted to 8 percent in short-term facilities and 5 percent in long-term establishments.

Higher expenditures in 1973 and in 1971 stemmed solely from increased operating costs, up some 11 percent, as there was a 36 percent decrease in funds for capital costs.⁹ Operating costs in 1973

⁹Instructions stipulated the exclusion of individual items of capital equipment valued at less than \$100 in 1971 and at less than \$1,000 in 1973.

Table 32. Number of full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility and type of position, midyear 1973

Type of facility	Type of vacant position				
	Total	Administrative	Personal custody	Treatment and educational	Operational, maintenance, and other
All facilities	1,965	154	876	634	301
Short-term	421	39	214	114	54
Detention center	315	28	159	81	47
Shelter	5	2	1	2	0
Reception or diagnostic center	101	9	54	31	7
Long-term	1,544	115	662	520	247
Training school	1,389	100	606	462	221
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	100	7	34	45	14
Halfway house and group home	55	8	22	13	12

Table 33. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of expenditure, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Expenditures (thousands of dollars)								
	Total expenditures			Operating expenditures					
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change			
All facilities	456,474	483,941	+6	409,109	453,814	+11	47,365	30,127	-36
Short-term	136,316	146,958	+8	117,143	134,094	+14	19,173	12,864	-33
Detention center	106,835	122,283	+14	92,110	109,983	+19	14,725	12,300	-16
Shelter	7,158	1,468	-79	2,920	1,449	-50	4,238	19	-100
Reception or diagnostic center	22,322	23,207	+4	22,113	22,662	+2	209	545	+161
Long-term	320,158	336,983	+5	291,966	319,720	+10	28,193	17,263	-39
Training school	273,763	282,253	+3	248,759	268,260	+8	25,004	13,993	-44
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	40,426	40,910	+1	37,775	39,884	+6	2,651	1,026	-61
Halfway house and group home	5,969	13,820	+132	5,431	11,575	+113	538	2,244	+317
State-administered facilities	310,284	324,999	+5	282,826	308,131	+9	27,458	16,868	-39
Short-term	29,051	30,719	+6	28,577	30,048	+5	474	671	+42
Detention center	5,083	7,271	+43	5,013	7,150	+43	70	122	+74
Shelter	1,645	240	-85	1,451	236	-84	194	4	-98
Reception or diagnostic center	22,322	23,207	+4	22,113	22,662	+2	209	545	+161
Long-term	281,234	294,281	+5	254,250	278,084	+9	26,984	16,197	-40
Training school	254,015	261,844	+3	229,572	248,231	+8	24,443	13,613	-44
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	23,040	21,409	-7	20,994	20,960	insig	2,046	450	-78
Halfway house and group home	4,179	11,028	+164	3,683	8,893	+141	496	2,134	+330
Locally administered facilities	146,190	158,942	+9	126,282	145,683	+15	19,907	13,259	-33
Short-term	107,265	116,240	+8	88,566	104,047	+17	18,699	12,193	-35
Detention center	101,752	115,012	+13	87,097	102,834	+18	14,655	12,178	-17
Shelter	5,513	1,228	-78	1,469	1,213	-17	4,044	15	-100
Reception or diagnostic center	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Long-term	38,925	42,702	+10	37,716	41,637	+10	1,208	1,066	-12
Training school	19,748	20,409	+3	19,187	20,029	+4	561	380	-32
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	17,386	19,501	+12	16,781	18,924	+13	605	577	-5
Halfway house and group home	1,790	2,792	+56	1,748	2,683	+53	42	109	+160

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding. In 1971, only partial data on operating expenses for three training schools in the District of Columbia were reported; capital expenditures for California's 15 State facilities were not reported. For 1973, no data on capital expenses and only partial data on operating expenses were reported for 5 local facilities in Missouri (3 ranches, forestry camps, and farms and 2 halfway houses and group homes). Data for a State ranch, forestry camp, or farm in Missouri were included with those for a State training school. Only partial data on operating expenditures for 1 local detention center in Kentucky were reported. Capital expenditures for the 15 California State facilities include outlays for equipment only.

... Not applicable

were up 9 percent over 1971 in State-administered institutions and up 15 percent in locally operated facilities. Capital expenditures were down 39 percent in the State sector and 33 percent in the local. Of the total amount spent in 1973 on public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, 72 percent went for gross salaries and wages; 22 percent for other operating expenses, such as employee benefits, food, supplies, and contractual services; and 6 percent for capital items, such as new buildings, equipment, and major repairs and renovations (Table 34).

Among individual types of facilities, training schools, which in both 1971 and 1973 made up about one-fourth of all facilities and accounted for approximately three-fifths of all operating expenditures, reported a relatively low 3 percent increase in operating costs. Detention centers, in both years constituting roughly two-fifths of the facilities and spending some one-fourth of all operating funds, had operating outlays in 1973 that were 19 percent above those for 1971. This increase was more than

twice as large as that for any other type of facility in the census, halfway houses and group homes excepted. None of the other four types of facilities accounted for as much as 10 percent of the operating budget in either year. Ranches, forestry camps, and farms, as well as reception or diagnostic centers, showed increases of less than 7 percent between 1971 and 1973, whereas halfway houses and group homes recorded a 113 percent increase and shelters experienced a 50 percent decrease.

Capital expenditures were down almost across the board. Halfway houses and group homes, in addition to reception or diagnostic centers, were the only exceptions to the pattern.

Per capita operating expenditures escalated from \$7,002 in fiscal year 1971 to \$9,577 in fiscal year 1973, or by 37 percent. The increase was 40 percent for State-operated facilities and 30 percent for those locally administered (Table 35). Although the increase in per capita operating costs during the intercensal period was more pronounced in State than in

Table 34. Operating expenditures in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, State or local administration, and type of expenditure, fiscal 1973

Type of facility and State or local administration	Operating expenditures (thousands of dollars)		
	Total	Gross salaries and wages	Other ¹
All facilities	453,814	346,290	107,525
Short-term	134,094	104,761	29,334
Detention center	109,983	85,654	24,329
Shelter	1,449	1,115	334
Reception or diagnostic center	22,662	17,991	4,670
Long-term	319,720	241,529	78,191
Training school	268,260	204,884	63,376
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	39,884	28,970	10,914
Halfway house and group home	11,575	7,675	3,902
State-administered facilities	308,131	232,977	75,155
Short-term	30,048	23,704	6,344
Detention center	7,150	5,545	1,605
Shelter	236	168	68
Reception or diagnostic center	22,662	17,991	4,670
Long-term	278,084	209,273	68,811
Training school	248,231	188,713	59,517
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	20,960	14,692	6,268
Halfway house and group home	8,893	5,867	3,026
Locally administered facilities	145,683	113,313	32,370
Short-term	104,047	81,056	22,990
Detention center	102,834	80,110	22,724
Shelter	1,213	947	266
Reception or diagnostic center	...	...	...
Long-term	41,637	32,256	9,380
Training school	20,029	16,170	3,859
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	18,924	14,278	4,646
Halfway house and group home	2,683	1,808	876

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding. Data for a State ranch, forestry camp, or farm in Missouri were included with those for a State training school.

¹Exclude data for other operating expenditures for 5 local facilities in Missouri (3 ranches, forestry camps, and farms and 2 halfway houses and group homes) and 1 local detention center in Kentucky.

Table 35. Per capita operating expenditures in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Type of facility	Average population			Per capita operating expenditures (dollars)		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
All facilities	158,429	47,385	-19	17,002	9,577	+37
Short-term	15,241	13,040	-14	7,686	10,283	+34
Detention center	12,210	10,752	-12	7,544	10,229	+36
Shelter	377	186	-51	7,745	7,790	+1
Reception or diagnostic center	2,654	2,102	-21	8,332	10,781	+29
Long-term	43,187	34,345	-20	6,761	9,309	+38
Training school	36,664	28,102	-23	6,785	9,546	+41
Ranch, forestry camp, and farm	5,603	4,714	-16	6,742	8,461	+25
Halfway house and group home	920	1,529	+66	5,903	7,570	+28
State-administered facilities	41,592	32,408	-22	6,800	9,508	+40
Locally administered facilities	16,837	14,977	-11	7,500	9,727	+30

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding. Average population for 1971 was based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles. In 1973, it was based on actual figures for all juveniles and for all adults in 1 New Jersey facility, plus estimated figures for youthful offenders in 15 California State facilities.

¹Figure differs slightly from that given in Table B-55, because different methods were used in computing average population.

local facilities, institutions administered by local units of government continued in 1973 to spend more per capita (\$9,727) than did those operated by State governments (\$9,508). The difference of \$219, however, was substantially less than in 1971 (\$700).

In 1973, as in 1971, per capita operating expen-

ditures were highest in reception or diagnostic centers and lowest in halfway houses and group homes. During the intercensal period, per capita operating costs rose the most in training schools and the least in shelters. No type of facility registered a decrease in per capita operating expenditures.

Background and methodology

The 1973 *Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census* was the second in a series designed to obtain information on State- and local-government administered facilities in the juvenile justice system. The first was designed by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) in cooperation with the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; the results were published by LEAA under the title, *Children in Custody: A Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1971*. Data for both the 1971 and the 1973 censuses were collected for LEAA by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Before these efforts, the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare sponsored an annual survey of public juvenile facilities, but its scope was limited to juvenile establishments housing adjudicated delinquents. Results were published under the title of *Statistics on Public Institutions for Delinquent Children*. In contrast to these earlier studies, the more recent series has a broader scope, covering residential facilities that primarily serve juveniles awaiting court action, as well as those facilities for adjudicated juveniles.

Facility selection criteria

The facilities covered in the two LEAA-sponsored censuses were residential juvenile establishments operated by State or local governments as detention centers; shelters; reception or diagnostic centers; training schools; ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and halfway houses and group homes. To have been included in the 1973 census, these facilities were required to have been in operation at the time the census was begun (November 1973), to have been in operation at least a month before the primary census reference date (June 30, 1973), and to have had a resident population of which juveniles accounted for at least 50 percent.¹⁰

Specifically excluded were juvenile detention centers operating in conjunction with jails but lack-

ing a separate staff or budget, Federal juvenile correctional institutions, nonresidential facilities, privately operated establishments, foster homes, and facilities exclusively for drug abusers, alcoholics, dependent and neglected children, unwed mothers, the emotionally disturbed, or the mentally retarded. An individual facility, such as a camp or annex, that was administratively dependent upon a parent entity was counted separately only if geographically apart from the parent body.

The selection criteria for the 1971 census were quite similar to those used in 1973. For the 1971 census, which was begun in October 1971, the primary reference date was June 30, 1971.

Census procedures and response rate

Names and addresses of facilities for the 1971 census were taken originally from the National Criminal Justice Directory, compiled in 1970 for LEAA by the Bureau of the Census. The directory was updated from several other sources, including the mailing list maintained by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare for its earlier surveys; the 1970 *Directory of Correctional Institutions and Agencies*, published by the American Correctional Association; the 1969 master facility inventory maintained by the Bureau of the Census for the National Center for Health Statistics; the 1968 *Directory of Juvenile Detention Centers*, published by the National Council on Crime and Delinquency; the 1970 *International Halfway House Association Directory*; and 1970 or 1971 comprehensive law enforcement plans, published by each State. The resulting facilities list was then sent to juvenile correctional authorities in each State for review and correction.

For the 1973 census, the final 1971 list was used as a starting point and was updated by recourse to more recent editions, when available, of many of the above-mentioned sources. Once again, the modified list was sent to juvenile correctional authorities in each State for final review and correction.

Both the 1971 and the 1973 censuses were conducted by mail. For the 1973 enumeration, there was an initial mailout of 881 questionnaires. Three hundred and ninety-two questionnaires were mailed to 39 central agencies (32 State agencies and 7 local agencies). The remaining 489 were sent directly to individual facilities. Establishments that failed to respond initially were mailed second or third requests, as appropriate. A subsequent followup to

¹⁰The last-mentioned criterion did not apply to facilities that held youthful offenders in addition to juveniles. Of the remaining facilities, one exception was made to this criterion: a State training school in New Jersey, which had a midyear 1973 population of 599 males (420 adults and 179 juveniles) and was undergoing a conversion from a basically juvenile facility to an adult correctional establishment. At the time of the 1971 census, 405 of the 624 residents of this facility, or 65 percent, were juveniles.

those still failing to report was made by telegram or telephone. Telephone followups also were made to reconcile apparent ambiguities in the data.

Respondents were instructed to provide estimates for data that could not be obtained from available records. With respect to admissions and departures, as well as expenditures, they were asked to provide information on the basis of a fiscal year, i.e., the period from July 1, 1970, to June 30, 1971, in the instance of the 1971 census, and the period from July 1, 1972, to June 30, 1973, in the case of the 1973 enumeration, but other periods were acceptable if reporting by fiscal year was impossible. Most facilities used the specified fiscal year in their reporting.

An overall response rate of 99 percent was achieved for 1973 data items in the 1973 census, compared with 100 percent for most data items in 1971. For the six facilities that ultimately did not supply 1973 information, data were supplied from questionnaires returned in 1971.¹¹

Comparability of data

The 1971 and 1973 census were not strictly comparable with the earlier surveys sponsored by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare nor with one another. As noted above, the earlier surveys covered only public facilities for adjudicated delinquents, specifically training schools, reception or diagnostic centers, and ranches, forestry camps, and farms. With the LEAA-sponsored censuses, the scope was broadened to include six types of facilities: detention centers; shelters; reception or diagnostic centers; training schools; ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and halfway houses and group homes.¹² Although both the HEW and the LEAA enumerations collected information on three ap-

¹¹The six facilities were one detention center in Arizona with an estimated population of 11, two detention centers in Florida with estimated populations of 12 and 7, one detention center in Michigan with an estimated population of 5, one training school in Mississippi with an estimated population of 277, and one detention center in Ohio with an estimated population of 15.

¹²In the 1973 census, the category "halfway house and group home" was split. Because of overlaps in function between halfway houses and group homes, the data presented on these facilities in this report have been combined.

parently similar types of facilities, the data so gathered do not correspond exactly, because of differences in methods of classification. Accordingly, comparisons dealing with training schools, for example, should be made cautiously.

In 1971, the facilities were asked to mark the type of facility most applicable to their operation. In 1973, they were asked to indicate which type of facility applied primarily; if they had multiple functions, they were instructed to check as many types as were applicable, with the primary classification being determined in followup efforts. Facilities indicating administration by more than one level of government were classified by the level of government providing the most funding.

With the information and experience gained from the administration of the 1971 census, some methodological changes were made in the 1973 enumeration. These are discussed, as appropriate, in the various sections of this study. Mainly, they involved definitional changes, but also included disparate approaches in tabulation, i.e., whether to use the total residential population as the universe (as was done in 1971) or to restrict the universe to the juvenile population (the general pattern in 1973). These differences hampered comparisons of 1971 and 1973 results.

Data for 1972

In 1973, in addition to soliciting information as of June 30, 1973, or for the fiscal period, the census sought to gather data as of June 30, 1972, thus combining data collection efforts for 1972 and 1973. With the time lag, however, incompleteness of data for 1972 was inevitable. Not all facilities in existence on June 30, 1972, were still operational in 1973. Even among those still in existence, it was difficult for some to provide the actual data or make reliable estimates about 1972.

These limitations in data for 1972 resulted in a decision not to analyze this information nor to use it for comparative purposes. Nonetheless, these data are given on a State-by-State basis in the tables in Appendix C. In the main, they are considered to be undercounts, representing minimum figures.

Appendix A
Questionnaires

SECOND REQUEST

Form Approved: O.M.B. No. 41-R2755

FORM CJ-17
(9-11-73)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR
LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

**1973 JUVENILE DETENTION AND
CORRECTION FACILITY SURVEY**

**PLEASE COMPLETE
AND RETURN TO**



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
Governments Division
Washington, D.C. 20233

Name of agency reporting

Date supplied by

Name

Title

Official address (Number and
street, city, State, ZIP code)

Telephone

Area code

Number

Extension

Dear Sir:

On behalf of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA), U.S. Department of Justice, the Bureau of the Census is conducting a national survey of public juvenile detention and correction facilities. A similar survey covering data for the year 1971 will soon be published by LEAA and a copy will be sent to you upon release.

As there is a continuing need for current information about these facilities to enable LEAA to meet its responsibilities in implementing programs in the criminal justice field, your cooperation in completing this year's questionnaire will be appreciated.

Please note that if there are any questions for which the answer cannot be obtained from available records, reasonable estimates will be useful for purposes of this survey. Simply indicate estimates with an asterisk (*).

The duplicate copy of the questionnaire is for your files. The addressed copy should be returned in the enclosed preaddressed envelope.

If we can be of assistance in completing this questionnaire, please call us collect at 301 - 763-2896. Your cooperation in this project is very much appreciated.

Sincerely,

Vincent P Barabba

VINCENT P. BARABBA
Director
Bureau of the Census

Enclosures

PLEASE CORRECT ANY ERROR
IN NAME AND ADDRESS
INCLUDING ZIP CODE

In correspondence pertaining to this report
please refer to this number

2

USCOMM-DC

ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED BY THIS REPORT	BEGINNING (Month, day, year)	ENDING (Month, day, year)	ANNUAL INFORMATION – Indicate the annual period covered by the report. Data are requested on a fiscal year basis from July 1, 1972 through June 30, 1973, if possible. If the facility began operation after May 31, 1973, so indicate and SKIP to Section X after completing Section I.
	_____	_____	

Section I – ADMINISTERING AGENCY

A. Please give name and address of the agency, court, board, etc., directly responsible for administering the institution or program.

NAME			
STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE

Section II – TYPE OF INSTITUTION OR PROGRAM

A. Is this facility or program primarily a –

(If the facility has a multiple function such as a training school which includes a reception or diagnostic center serving more than that facility, mark (X) as many types as applicable, explaining in the "Notes" space below.)

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Detention center – Provides temporary care, in a physically restricting environment for juveniles in custody pending court disposition, and often for juveniles who are adjudicated delinquent or are awaiting return to another jurisdiction.</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Shelter – Provides temporary care similar to that of a detention center, in a physically unrestricting environment.</p> <p>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Reception or diagnostic center – screens juvenile court commitments and assigns them to appropriate treatment facilities.</p> <p>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Training school – a specialized institution serving delinquent juveniles committed directly to it by juvenile court or placed in it by an agency having such authority.</p> <p>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Ranch, forestry camp, farm – residential treatment facility for juveniles whose behavior does not necessitate the strict confinement of a training school, often allowing them greater contact with the community.</p> | <p>6 <input type="checkbox"/> Halfway house – facility where juveniles are placed while on probation or aftercare/parole, allowing them extensive contact with the community such as jobs and schools.</p> <p>7 <input type="checkbox"/> Group home – facility where juveniles are allowed extensive contact with the community such as jobs and schools, but are not placed there while on probation or aftercare/parole.</p> <p>8 <input type="checkbox"/> Non-residential community program – children live at home but are required to attend daily sessions at the facility that usually include educational and counseling services. (Completion of remainder of questionnaire is not required.)</p> <p>9 <input type="checkbox"/> Other – Specify <u> </u>
 <u> </u>
 <u> </u></p> |
|--|--|

B. Is this facility operated under the auspices of (administered by) – (Mark (X) one box)

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> State | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Multi-governmental – Specify <u> </u> |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> County | |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> City | 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Private (Complete sections of questionnaire which apply to your facility) |

C. Does the facility hold –

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Males only | 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Females only | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Both males and females |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|

Notes

Section III - INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION

Items A and B to be completed for training schools, ranches, forestry camps and farms. All others SKIP to C.

	MALE	FEMALE
A. TOTAL movement into institution during the annual period covered by this report		
1. Committed by court: First commitments (Where applicable include first placements received through reception and diagnostic centers.)		
2. Committed by court: Recommitments (new offense) (Include juveniles under aftercare/parole who commit a new offense and are recommitted.)		
3. Returned from aftercare/parole (except for new offense)		
4. Transferred in from another institution for delinquent juveniles (Include transfers in from another institution even though processed through reception and diagnostic centers.)		
5. Other admissions - Specify		
B. TOTAL movement out of institution during the annual period covered by this report		
1. Discharged with no further agency supervision (Include those juveniles where approval for discharge is required by court.)		
2. Placed in aftercare/parole program operated by the institution		
3. Placed in aftercare/parole program operated by agency other than institution		
4. Transferred out to another institution for delinquent juveniles (Where applicable include transfers out to reception and diagnostic centers and from reception or diagnostic sections of training schools to other treatment facilities.)		
5. Other releases - Specify		
Item C to be completed for detention centers, shelters, reception or diagnostic centers, halfway houses, and group homes ---		
C. Movement of institutional population during the annual period covered by this report -		
1. Persons admitted to custody		
2. Persons discharged or remanded to other court agencies or institutions		

D. What was the population in the facility on the following dates? (Provide estimates when exact counts are not available from records. For those types of juveniles never held, enter "NA." For those types of juveniles sometimes held, but not in residence on that particular date, enter "0.")

DEFINITIONS FOR COLUMNS 3 THROUGH 8

- Juveniles adjudicated delinquent** - Juveniles who have been adjudicated delinquent, whether they have been committed to that facility or are awaiting placement in another facility.
- Juveniles in need of supervision** - Juveniles who have been declared in need of supervision (such as PINS, CHINS, etc.), under special statutes for juvenile "status offenders," whether they have been committed to that facility or are awaiting placement in another facility.
- Juveniles held pending disposition by court** - Juveniles held for delinquency, who have not had any hearing or who have had only a preliminary, screening, detention, or similar hearing.
- Juveniles awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction** - Juveniles who have allegedly committed a crime in or have run away from another jurisdiction's area including runaways from correction facilities. Juveniles adjudicated delinquent and awaiting placement in a correction facility should not be included.
- Voluntary commitments** - Juveniles who committed themselves or were referred to the facility for treatment by parent, court, school, social agency, etc., without being adjudged delinquent or declared in need of supervision by a court.
- Dependent and neglected children** - Should not include any juveniles held on delinquency charges, adjudicated delinquent, or declared in need of supervision, even if they may also be considered dependent or neglected.

Date (1)	Total (2)		Juveniles adjudicated delinquent (3)		Juveniles in need of supervision (PINS) (4)		Juveniles held pending disposition by court (5)		Juveniles awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction (6)		Voluntary commitments (7)		Dependent and neglected children (8)	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
9/30/72														
12/31/72														
3/31/73														
6/30/73														

Section III - INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION - Continued

E. Enter the numbers of "Juveniles adjudicated delinquent" and "Juveniles in need of supervision (PINS)" held on June 30, 1973, by type of offense. (Should equal the figures reported in the corresponding categories in Section III, D, on page 3. If exact offense data are not available and estimates can be made, estimate and describe the estimation procedure in the Notes space below.)

1. TOTAL juveniles adjudicated delinquent and juveniles in need of supervision

a. Felony (number of juveniles held on charges that would be felonies if committed by adults) except drug offenses

b. Misdemeanor (number of juveniles held on charges that would be misdemeanors if committed by adults) except drug offenses

c. Drug offenses

d. Juvenile offenses (number of juveniles held on charges that would not be crimes if committed by adults)

e. Offense data not available

Juveniles
adjudicated
delinquent

(1)

MALE

FEMALE

Juveniles in
need of
supervision
(PINS)

(2)

MALE

FEMALE

F. How many juveniles is your facility designed to hold, without overcrowding? (Overcrowding would include double decked bunks where facility was designed for single bunk, or temporary use of a room as sleeping quarters that would not ordinarily be used as such.)

MALE

FEMALE

Section IV - AGES OF JUVENILES

A. What are the ages of the youngest and oldest juveniles that were held at the facility on June 30, 1973?

1. Age of youngest

2. Age of oldest

MALE

FEMALE

B. What was the average age of juveniles held at the facility on June 30, 1973? (If possible, compute the average of juveniles held by adding the ages of all male juveniles held at the facility on June 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of male juveniles held on June 30, 1973; and by adding the ages of all female juveniles held at the facility on June 30, 1973, and dividing by the total number of female juveniles held on June 30, 1973. If this computation is not possible, estimate and describe the estimation procedures in the Notes space below.)

Notes

Section V – INSTITUTIONAL PERSONNEL
(Count each employee only once – in the highest position he fills)

DEFINITIONS FOR THIS SECTION

Payroll Staff – Full-time and part-time staff on the payroll of this facility.

Non-payroll Staff – Full-time or part-time staff not on the payroll of this facility. Include personnel of a parent agency or other public agency or service (including school system), who are assigned for some or all of their working time to this facility. Include community volunteers, college interns, and personnel paid under contractual agreements or Federal grants.

Administrative – Include positions such as superintendent, director, administrator, assistant superintendent, business manager, purchasing agent, stenographer, bookkeeper, accountant, switchboard operator, clerk, and typist. (Custodial and maintenance personnel should be reported under the appropriate categories as described below.)

Treatment and Educational – Include positions such as psychiatrist, psychologist, chaplain, academic principal, director of vocational training, academic teacher, vocational teacher, social worker, librarian, aftercare/parole worker, recreation worker, physician, registered nurse, practical nurse, medical aide, classification officer, and counselor. (Custodial personnel should be reported under the next category.)

Custodial – Include positions such as house parent, group supervisor, group worker, cottage parent, and matron. (Maintenance personnel should be reported under the next category.)

Other – Include positions such as housekeeping, maintenance, and any other positions not included above.

	Payroll staff (1)		Non-payroll staff (2)	
	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time
A. TOTAL number of employees on June 30, 1973				
1. Administrative employees				
2. Treatment and educational employees				
3. Custodial employees				
4. Other employees – Specify				
B. TOTAL number of vacancies on June 30, 1973				
1. Administrative vacancies				
2. Treatment and educational vacancies				
3. Custodial vacancies				
4. Other vacancies – Specify				

Section VI – LENGTH OF JUVENILE STAY

A. What is the average length of stay for juveniles in your facility? (If possible, compute the average length of stay by dividing the sum of lengths of stays for all juveniles released during the reporting period, by the total number of juveniles released during the same period. If this computation is not possible, estimate and describe the estimation procedure in the Notes space below.)	Months	Days
---	--------	------

Section VII – INSTITUTIONAL COST

ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED	BEGINNING: (Month, year)	ENDING: (Month, year)	Indicate annual period covered. Please report data on a fiscal year basis from July 1, 1972 through June 30, 1973, if possible.
	— — — —	— — — —	
A. Current operating expenditures			
1. Gross salaries and wages (Exclude employer contributions to employee benefits and report in 2.)			\$
2. Other operating expenditures, such as the purchase of food, supplies, and contractual services			\$
B. Capital expenditures, including new buildings, major repairs or improvements, and new equipment. (Do not include any single expenditure less than \$1,000.)			\$

Notes

Section VIII - INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION FOR PREVIOUS ANNUAL PERIOD														
ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED IN THIS SECTION	BEGINNING (Month, day, year) _ _ _ _ _				ENDING (Month, day, year) _ _ _ _ _				<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: black; margin-right: 10px;"></div> <div> ANNUAL INFORMATION FOR PREVIOUS YEAR - Data are requested on a fiscal year basis from July 1, 1971 through June 30, 1972, if possible. Indicate the annual period for which data are reported in this section. (The data should be for the annual period prior to that reported above.) If facility began operation after May 31, 1972 so indicate and skip to Section X. </div> </div>					
A. Movement of institutional population during the annual period covered by this section.												MALE	FEMALE	
1. Persons admitted to custody														
2. Persons discharged or remanded to other courts, agencies or institutions														
B. What was the population in the facility on June 30, 1972? (See instructions and definitions under Section III, D.)														
Date (1)	Total (2)		Juveniles adjudicated delinquent (3)		Juveniles in need of supervision (PINS) (4)		Juveniles held pending disposition by court (5)		Juveniles awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction (6)		Voluntary commitments (7)		Dependent and neglected children (8)	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
June 30, 1972														
C. What was the average length of stay in your facility for the reporting period given above? (If possible, compute the average length of stay by dividing the sum of lengths of stays for all juveniles released during the reporting period, by the total number of juveniles released during the same period. If this computation is not possible, estimate and describe the estimation procedures in the Notes space below.)												Months	Days	
<div style="text-align: center;">Section IX - INSTITUTIONAL COST FOR PREVIOUS ANNUAL PERIOD</div>														
ANNUAL PERIOD COVERED IN THIS SECTION	BEGINNING: (Month, year) _ _ _ _				ENDING: (Month, year) _ _ _ _				<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: black; margin-right: 10px;"></div> <div> Indicate annual period covered. Please report data on a fiscal year basis from July 1, 1971 through June 30, 1972, if possible. </div> </div>					
A. Current operating expenditures														
1. Gross salaries and wages (Exclude employer contributions to employee benefits and report in 2.)												\$		
2. Other operating expenditures, such as the purchase of food, supplies, and contractual services.												\$		
B. Capital expenditures, including new buildings, major repairs or improvements, and new equipment. (Do not include any single expenditure less than \$1,000.)												\$		
Section X - IDENTIFICATION OF PRIVATE FACILITIES														
LEAA is planning a survey of privately operated facilities for delinquent juveniles. Since a complete list of these facilities is not currently available, please list the names and addresses of any privately operated facilities for delinquent juveniles in your area.														
Notes														

Appendix B
1973 Data tables

**Table B-1. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration
—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	722	794	+10	318	367	+15	404	427	+6
REGION 1	25	19	-24	22	18	-18	3	1	-67
CONNECTICUT	6	5	-17	6	5	-17	0	0	0
MAINE	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	12	6	-50	9	6	-33	3	0	-100
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1	2	+100	1	1	0	0	1	*
RHODE ISLAND	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	73	33	+14	50	60	+20	23	23	0
NEW JERSEY ¹	23	25	+9	8	10	+25	15	15	0
NEW YORK ²	50	58	+16	42	50	+19	8	8	0
REGION 3	90	93	+3	42	47	+12	48	46	-4
DELAWARE	5	6	+20	5	6	+20	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	10	10	0	0	0	0	10	10	0
MARYLAND	14	14	0	14	14	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	33	31	-6	10	9	-10	23	22	-4
VIRGINIA	20	23	+15	9	13	+44	11	10	-9
WEST VIRGINIA	8	9	+13	4	5	+25	4	4	0
REGION 4	115	132	+15	51	73	+43	64	59	-8
ALABAMA	9	6	-33	3	3	0	6	3	-50
FLORIDA	38	44	+16	9	22	+144	29	22	-24
GEORGIA	18	22	+22	10	15	+50	8	7	-13
KENTUCKY	15	17	+13	9	10	+11	6	7	+17
MISSISSIPPI	4	9	+125	2	3	+50	2	6	+200
NORTH CAROLINA	15	17	+13	8	9	+13	7	8	+14
SOUTH CAROLINA	5	6	+20	4	5	+25	1	1	0
TENNESSEE	11	11	0	6	6	0	5	5	0
REGION 5	135	144	+7	58	57	-2	77	87	+13
ILLINOIS	32	28	-13	18	15	-17	14	13	-7
INDIANA	9	13	+44	3	3	0	6	10	+67
MICHIGAN	38	45	+18	14	18	+29	24	27	+13
MINNESOTA	9	11	+22	5	6	+20	4	5	+25
OHIO	37	36	-3	12	10	-17	25	26	+4
WISCONSIN	10	11	+10	6	5	-17	4	6	+50
REGION 6	49	58	+18	18	20	+11	31	38	+23
ARKANSAS	7	9	+29	4	4	0	3	5	+67
LOUISIANA	11	14	+27	4	5	+25	7	9	+29
NEW MEXICO ³	4	4	0	2	2	0	2	2	0
OKLAHOMA	6	8	+33	3	3	0	3	5	+67
TEXAS	21	23	+10	5	6	+20	16	17	+6
REGION 7	43	63	+47	13	25	+92	30	38	+27
IOWA	7	11	+57	4	5	+25	3	6	+100
KANSAS	8	11	+38	2	6	+200	6	5	-17
MISSOURI	24	37	+54	5	12	+140	19	25	+32
NEBRASKA	4	4	0	2	2	0	2	2	0
REGION 8	26	35	+35	19	21	+11	7	14	+100
COLORADO	9	10	+11	9	9	0	0	1	*
MONTANA	4	4	0	3	3	0	1	1	0
NORTH DAKOTA ⁴	3	5	+67	2	1	-50	1	4	+300
SOUTH DAKOTA	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
UTAH	5	11	+120	1	4	+300	4	7	+75
WYOMING	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	122	128	+5	23	27	+17	99	101	+2
ARIZONA	9	15	+67	3	7	+133	6	8	+33
CALIFORNIA	105	104	-1	15	15	0	90	89	-1
HAWAII	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	5	6	+20	2	2	0	3	4	+33
REGION 10	44	39	-11	22	19	-14	22	20	-9
ALASKA	3	2	-33	3	2	-33	0	0	0
IDAHO	3	2	-33	1	1	0	2	1	-50
OREGON	10	10	0	4	4	0	6	6	0
WASHINGTON	28	25	-11	14	12	-14	14	13	-7

*Increase not definable

¹Data for two State training school annexes in New Jersey were reported with those for the parent State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

²Data for two local detention center annexes in New York were reported with those for the parent local detention center in 1971. By 1973, the two annexes had been closed.

³Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

⁴Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-2. Public detention centers for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	305	319	+5	25	29	+16	280	290	+4
REGION 1	8	7	-13	8	7	-13	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	4	4	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	4	3	-25	4	3	-25	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	22	23	+5	0	0	0	22	23	+5
NEW JERSEY.	14	15	+7	0	0	0	14	15	+7
NEW YORK.	8	8	0	0	0	0	8	8	0
REGION 3	35	37	+6	3	5	+67	32	32	0
DELAWARE.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
MARYLAND.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	21	21	0	0	0	0	21	21	0
VIRGINIA.	9	10	+11	0	1	*	9	9	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	1	2	+100	0	1	*	1	1	0
REGION 4	58	56	-3	6	9	+50	52	47	-10
ALABAMA.	6	3	-50	0	0	0	6	3	-50
FLORIDA.	20	18	-10	0	3	*	20	15	-25
GEORGIA.	14	13	-7	6	6	0	8	7	-13
KENTUCKY.	4	5	+25	0	0	0	4	5	+25
MISSISSIPPI.	2	4	+100	0	0	0	2	4	+100
NORTH CAROLINA.	7	8	+14	0	0	0	7	8	+14
SOUTH CAROLINA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
TENNESSEE.	4	4	0	0	0	0	4	4	0
REGION 5	59	62	+5	0	0	0	59	62	+5
ILLINOIS.	11	11	0	0	0	0	11	11	0
INDIANA.	6	8	+33	0	0	0	6	8	+33
MICHIGAN.	18	18	0	0	0	0	18	18	0
MINNESOTA.	2	3	+50	0	0	0	2	3	+50
OHIO.	19	18	-5	0	0	0	19	18	-5
WISCONSIN.	3	4	+33	0	0	0	3	4	+33
REGION 6	24	26	+8	0	0	0	24	26	+8
ARKANSAS.	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
LOUISIANA.	6	7	+17	0	0	0	6	7	+17
NEW MEXICO.	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
OKLAHOMA.	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
TEXAS.	12	13	+8	0	0	0	12	13	+8
REGION 7	16	18	+13	0	0	0	16	18	+13
IOWA.	3	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
KANSAS.	6	5	-17	0	0	0	6	5	-17
MISSOURI.	5	8	+60	0	0	0	5	8	+60
NEBRASKA.	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
REGION 8	12	15	+25	5	5	0	7	10	+43
COLORADO.	5	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
MONTANA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
UTAH.	4	7	+75	0	0	0	4	7	+75
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	52	55	+6	2	2	0	50	53	+6
ARIZONA.	6	8	+33	0	0	0	6	8	+33
CALIFORNIA.	42	42	0	0	0	0	42	42	0
HAWAII.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	2	3	+50	0	0	0	2	3	+50
REGION 10	19	20	+5	1	1	0	18	19	+6
ALASKA.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	1	*
OREGON.	5	5	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
WASHINGTON.	13	13	0	0	0	0	13	13	0

*Increase not definable.

¹Data for two local detention center annexes were reported with those for the parent detention center in 1971. By 1973, the two annexes had been closed.

Table B-3. Public shelters for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	17	19	+12	1	1	0	16	18	+13
REGION 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	1	0	-100	0	0	0	1	0	-100
NEW JERSEY.	1	0	-100	0	0	0	1	0	-100
NEW YORK.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3	6	6	0	0	0	0	6	6	0
DELAWARE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	4	4	0	0	0	0	4	4	0
MARYLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	1	0	-100	0	0	0	1	0	-100
VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	1	2	+100	0	0	0	1	2	+100
REGION 4	1	2	+100	0	1	*	1	1	0
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
GEORGIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	0	1	*	0	1	*	0	0	0
MISSISSIPPI.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 5	5	7	+40	0	0	0	5	7	+40
ILLINOIS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	3	4	+33	0	0	0	3	4	+33
MINNESOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
WISCONSIN.	1	2	+100	0	0	0	1	2	+100
REGION 6	0	4	*	0	0	0	0	4	*
ARKANSAS.	0	2	*	0	0	0	0	2	*
LOUISIANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	2	*	0	0	0	0	2	*
TEXAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7	1	0	-100	1	0	-100	0	0	0
IOWA.	1	0	-100	1	0	-100	0	0	0
KANSAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARIZONA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAWAII.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	3	0	-100	0	0	0	3	0	-100
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	2	0	-100	0	0	0	2	0	-100
OREGON.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	1	0	-100	0	0	0	1	0	-100

*Increase not definable.

**Table B-4. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles
—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	16	17	+6
REGION 1.	0	1	*
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	1	*
VERMONT	0	0	0
REGION 2.	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0
NEW YORK	0	0	0
REGION 3.	2	2	0
DELAWARE	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0
MARYLAND	1	1	0
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	1	1	0
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0
REGION 4.	2	5	+150
ALABAMA	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	1	2	+100
MISSISSIPPI	0	1	*
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	1	1	0
TENNESSEE	0	1	*
REGION 5.	5	3	-40
ILLINOIS	2	1	-50
INDIANA	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	1	1	0
MINNESOTA	1	0	-100
OHIO	1	1	0
WISCONSIN	0	0	0
REGION 6.	2	2	0
ARKANSAS	1	1	0
LOUISIANA	1	1	0
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0
REGION 7.	0	0	0
IOWA	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0
REGION 8.	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0
REGION 9.	4	3	-25
ARIZONA	1	0	-100
CALIFORNIA	3	3	0
HAWAII	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0
REGION 10	1	1	0
ALASKA	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	1	1	0

NOTE: In both 1971 and 1973, all public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles were operated by State governments.

*Increase not definable.

Table B-5. Public training schools for juveniles, by State or local administration—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	191	187	-2	156	154	-1	35	33	-6
REGION 1.	16	7	-56	13	7	-46	3	0	-100
CONNECTICUT.	2	1	-50	2	1	-50	0	0	0
MAINE.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	7	0	-100	4	0	-100	3	0	-100
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	3	2	-33	3	2	-33	0	0	0
VERMONT.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	16	15	-6	16	15	-6	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY ¹	4	4	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK.	12	11	-8	12	11	-8	0	0	0
REGION 3.	25	25	0	21	20	-5	4	5	+25
DELAWARE.	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	3	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
MARYLAND.	4	4	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	7	7	0	7	6	-14	0	1	*
VIRGINIA.	5	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
REGION 4.	35	34	-3	30	29	-3	5	5	0
ALABAMA.	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	8	8	0	4	4	0	4	4	0
GEORGIA.	4	5	+25	4	5	+25	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	2	1	-50	1	0	-100	1	1	0
MISSISSIPPI.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	8	8	0	8	8	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	5	4	-20	5	4	-20	0	0	0
REGION 5.	33	36	+9	23	25	+9	10	11	+10
ILLINOIS.	8	9	+13	6	7	+17	2	2	0
INDIANA.	2	3	+50	2	2	0	0	1	*
MICHIGAN.	4	4	0	3	3	0	1	1	0
MINNESOTA.	4	5	+25	2	3	+50	2	2	0
OHIO.	11	11	0	6	6	0	5	5	0
WISCONSIN.	4	4	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	20	21	+5	16	17	+6	4	4	0
ARKANSAS.	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
LOUISIANA.	4	5	+25	3	4	+33	1	1	0
NEW MEXICO.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	4	4	0	3	3	0	1	1	0
TEXAS.	7	7	0	5	5	0	2	2	0
REGION 7.	12	14	+17	9	12	+33	3	2	-33
IOWA.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
KANSAS.	2	5	+150	2	5	+150	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	6	5	-17	3	3	0	3	2	-33
NEBRASKA.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	9	9	0	9	9	0	0	0	0
COLORADO.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
MONTANA.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
WYOMING.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	18	19	+6	12	13	+8	6	6	0
ARIZONA.	1	3	+200	1	3	+200	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	14	13	-7	8	7	-13	6	6	0
HAWAII.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	7	7	0	7	7	0	0	0	0
ALASKA.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0

*Increase not definable.

¹Data for two State training school annexes in New Jersey were reported with those for the parent training school in both 1971 and 1973.

**Table B-6. Public ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles,
by State or local administration—regions and States,
midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	115	103	-10	68	56	-18	47	47	0
REGION 1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	5	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK	5	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
REGION 3	13	11	-15	12	11	-8	1	0	-100
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	5	4	-20	5	4	-20	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	3	2	-33	2	2	0	1	0	-100
REGION 4	10	8	-20	9	7	-22	1	1	0
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	2	1	-50	1	0	-100	1	1	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	7	6	-14	7	6	-14	0	0	0
MISSISSIPPI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
REGION 5	22	15	-32	21	14	-33	1	1	0
ILLINOIS	9	6	-33	9	6	-33	0	0	0
INDIANA	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
MINNESOTA	2	1	-50	2	1	-50	0	0	0
OHIO	5	3	-40	5	3	-40	0	0	0
WISCONSIN	2	1	-50	2	1	-50	0	0	0
REGION 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARKANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO ¹	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7	6	8	+33	3	3	0	3	5	+67
IOWA	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	5	7	+40	2	2	0	3	5	+67
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	4	4	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
COLORADO	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	45	45	0	5	6	+20	40	39	-3
ARIZONA	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	43	43	0	4	5	+25	39	38	-3
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
REGION 10	9	6	-33	8	5	-38	1	1	0
ALASKA	1	0	-100	1	0	-100	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
WASHINGTON	5	3	-40	5	3	-40	0	0	0

¹Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

**Table B-7. Public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles,
by State or local administration—regions and States,
midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	78	149	+91	52	110	+112	26	39	+50
REGION 1	0	3	*	0	2	*	0	1	*
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	2	*	0	2	*	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	1	*
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	29	40	+38	29	40	+38	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	4	6	+50	4	6	+50	0	0	0
NEW YORK	25	34	+36	25	34	+36	0	0	0
REGION 3	9	12	+33	4	9	+125	5	3	-40
DELAWARE	0	1	*	0	1	*	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
MARYLAND	3	4	+33	3	4	+33	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	1	0	-100	0	0	0	1	0	-100
VIRGINIA	3	5	+67	1	4	+300	2	1	-50
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4	9	27	+200	4	22	+450	5	5	0
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	7	16	+129	4	15	+275	3	1	-67
GEORGIA	0	4	*	0	4	*	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	1	2	+100	0	1	*	1	1	0
MISSISSIPPI	0	2	*	0	0	0	0	2	*
NORTH CAROLINA	0	1	*	0	1	*	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	1	*	0	1	*	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
REGION 5	11	21	+91	9	15	+67	2	6	+200
ILLINOIS	2	1	-50	1	1	0	1	0	-100
INDIANA	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	1	*
MICHIGAN	9	15	+67	8	12	+50	1	3	+200
MINNESOTA	0	2	*	0	2	*	0	0	0
OHIO	0	2	*	0	0	0	0	2	*
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6	3	5	+67	0	1	*	3	4	+33
ARKANSAS	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
LOUISIANA	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	1	*
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	2	3	+50	0	1	*	2	2	0
REGION 7	8	23	+188	0	10	*	8	13	+63
IOWA	0	5	*	0	2	*	0	3	*
KANSAS	0	1	*	0	1	*	0	0	0
MISSOURI	8	17	+113	0	7	*	8	10	+25
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	1	7	+600	1	3	+200	0	4	*
COLORADO	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	1	*
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ¹	1	3	+200	1	0	-100	0	3	*
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	3	*	0	3	*	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	3	6	+100	0	3	*	3	3	0
ARIZONA	0	3	*	0	3	*	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	3	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	5	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	5	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	0

*Increase not definable.

¹Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973. Two of these homes did not exist in 1971; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

**Table B-8. Public juvenile detention and
and State or local administration**

Region and State	All facilities			Detention center			Shelter		
	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local
UNITED STATES	794	367	427	319	29	290	19	1	18
REGION 1	19	18	1	7	7	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	5	5	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
MAINE	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	6	6	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	83	60	23	23	0	23	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY ¹	25	10	15	15	0	15	0	0	0
NEW YORK	58	50	8	8	0	8	0	0	0
REGION 3	93	47	46	37	5	32	6	0	6
DELAWARE	6	6	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	10	0	10	1	0	1	4	0	4
MARYLAND	14	14	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	31	9	22	21	0	21	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	23	13	10	10	1	9	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	9	5	4	2	1	1	2	0	2
REGION 4	132	73	59	56	9	47	2	1	1
ALABAMA	6	3	3	3	0	3	0	0	0
FLORIDA	44	22	22	18	3	15	1	0	1
GEORGIA	22	15	7	13	6	7	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	17	10	7	5	0	5	1	1	0
MISSISSIPPI	9	3	6	4	0	4	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	17	9	8	8	0	8	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	6	5	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	11	6	5	4	0	4	0	0	0
REGION 5	144	57	87	62	0	62	7	0	7
ILLINOIS	28	15	13	11	0	11	0	0	0
INDIANA	13	3	10	8	0	8	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	45	18	27	18	0	18	4	0	4
MINNESOTA	11	6	5	3	0	3	0	0	0
OHIO	36	10	26	18	0	18	1	0	1
WISCONSIN	11	5	6	4	0	4	2	0	2
REGION 6	58	20	38	26	0	26	4	0	4
ARKANSAS	9	4	5	2	0	2	2	0	2
LOUISIANA	14	5	9	7	0	7	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO ²	4	2	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	8	3	5	2	0	2	0	0	0
TEXAS	23	6	17	13	0	13	2	0	2
REGION 7	63	25	38	18	0	18	0	0	0
IOWA	11	5	6	3	0	3	0	0	0
KANSAS	11	6	5	5	0	5	0	0	0
MISSOURI	37	12	25	8	0	8	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	4	2	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
REGION 8	35	21	14	15	5	10	0	0	0
COLORADO	10	9	1	5	5	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	4	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ³	5	1	4	1	0	1	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	3	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
UTAH	11	4	7	7	0	7	0	0	0
WYOMING	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	128	27	101	55	2	53	0	0	0
ARIZONA	15	7	8	8	0	8	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	104	15	89	42	0	42	0	0	0
HAWAII	3	3	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	6	2	4	3	0	3	0	0	0
REGION 10	39	19	20	20	1	19	0	0	0
ALASKA	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	2	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
OREGON	10	4	6	5	0	5	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	25	12	13	13	0	13	0	0	0

¹Data for two State training school annexes in New Jersey were reported with those for the parent State training school.
²Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school.
³Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school.

**correctional facilities, by type of facility
—regions and States, midyear 1973**

Reception or diagnostic center			Training school			Ranch, forestry camp, and farm			Halfway house and group home		
Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local
17	17	0	187	154	33	103	56	47	149	110	39
1	1	0	7	7	0	1	1	0	3	2	1
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	15	15	0	5	5	0	40	40	0
0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	6	6	0
0	0	0	11	11	0	5	5	0	34	34	0
2	2	0	25	20	5	11	11	0	12	9	3
0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	2
1	1	0	4	4	0	4	4	0	4	4	0
0	0	0	7	6	1	3	3	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	5	5	0	2	2	0	5	4	1
0	0	0	3	2	1	2	2	0	0	0	0
5	5	0	34	29	5	8	7	1	27	22	5
0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	8	4	4	1	0	1	16	15	1
0	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	4	4	0
2	2	0	1	0	1	6	6	0	2	1	1
1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
0	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	4	4	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
3	3	0	36	25	11	15	14	1	21	15	6
1	1	0	9	7	2	6	6	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	3	2	1	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	4	3	1	3	2	1	15	12	3
0	0	0	5	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	0
1	1	0	11	6	5	3	3	0	2	0	2
0	0	0	4	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	2	0	21	17	4	0	0	0	5	1	4
1	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	5	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	7	5	2	0	0	0	3	1	2
0	0	0	14	12	2	8	3	5	23	10	13
0	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	5	2	3
0	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	5	3	2	7	2	5	17	7	10
0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	9	9	0	4	4	0	7	3	4
0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	3	0	19	13	6	45	6	39	6	3	3
0	0	0	3	3	0	1	1	0	3	3	0
3	3	0	13	7	6	43	5	38	3	0	3
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	7	7	0	6	5	1	5	5	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	3	3	0	3	3	0	5	5	0

Table B-9. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by size (design capacity)—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Total	Size (design capacity)								
		Less than 25	25-49	50-99	100-149	150-199	200-299	300-399	400-499	500 or more
UNITED STATES	794	305	149	147	65	44	49	17	9	9
REGION 1.	19	7	5	2	1	2	2	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	5	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
MAINE	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	6	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	83	42	14	14	3	4	4	0	1	1
NEW JERSEY	25	10	6	3	1	2	1	0	1	1
NEW YORK	58	32	8	11	2	2	3	0	0	0
REGION 3.	93	39	21	10	6	7	7	3	0	0
DELAWARE	6	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	10	6	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0
MARYLAND	14	3	6	0	1	1	2	1	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	31	16	5	4	2	2	2	1	0	0
VIRGINIA	23	10	4	4	1	1	2	1	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	9	2	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	0
REGION 4.	132	44	35	21	9	8	7	5	2	1
ALABAMA	6	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0
FLORIDA	44	16	16	6	1	3	0	0	1	1
GEORGIA	22	5	10	3	2	0	0	1	1	0
KENTUCKY	17	6	3	7	1	0	0	0	0	0
MISSISSIPPI	9	6	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	17	8	1	0	1	2	4	1	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	6	2	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	11	0	3	2	2	1	1	2	0	0
REGION 5.	144	57	26	24	11	7	12	4	2	1
ILLINOIS	28	7	9	5	0	2	3	0	2	0
INDIANA	13	5	2	3	0	1	1	1	0	0
MICHIGAN	45	24	8	7	3	0	2	1	0	0
MINNESOTA	11	3	1	2	1	2	2	1	0	1
OHIO	36	16	2	6	6	2	2	1	0	0
WISCONSIN	11	2	4	1	1	0	2	1	0	0
REGION 6.	58	22	8	8	10	2	5	0	1	2
ARKANSAS	9	4	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	14	4	2	2	4	0	1	0	0	1
NEW MEXICO	4	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	8	4	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	23	9	4	2	4	0	2	0	1	1
REGION 7.	63	35	8	10	5	3	2	0	0	0
IOWA	11	7	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0
KANSAS	11	4	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	37	23	5	4	3	2	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	4	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 8.	35	17	7	5	2	2	2	0	0	0
COLORADO	10	3	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
MONTANA	4	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	5	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	11	8	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	128	24	19	49	14	5	5	5	3	4
ARIZONA	15	7	2	2	3	0	0	0	1	0
CALIFORNIA	104	15	16	44	10	3	5	5	2	4
HAWAII	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	6	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	39	18	6	4	4	4	3	0	0	0
ALASKA	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
OREGON	10	3	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	25	13	2	3	3	2	2	0	0	0

Table B-10. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities,

Region and State	Total	Percent of design capacity occupied		
		Less than 50%	50%-69%	70%-89%
UNITED STATES.	794	170	181	204
REGION 1	19	5	5	2
CONNECTICUT.	5	2	2	1
MAINE.	2	1	1	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	6	1	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	2	0	0	1
RHODE ISLAND.	3	0	2	0
VERMONT.	1	1	0	0
REGION 2	83	12	17	31
NEW JERSEY.	25	6	8	6
NEW YORK.	58	6	9	25
REGION 3	93	20	17	22
DELAWARE.	6	1	2	1
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	10	1	2	4
MARYLAND.	14	0	0	4
PENNSYLVANIA.	31	12	4	5
VIRGINIA.	23	2	6	6
WEST VIRGINIA.	9	4	3	2
REGION 4	132	24	28	35
ALABAMA.	6	2	2	1
FLORIDA.	44	7	10	14
GEORGIA.	22	1	2	6
KENTUCKY.	17	6	2	5
MISSISSIPPI.	9	2	2	2
NORTH CAROLINA.	17	5	7	1
SOUTH CAROLINA.	6	1	2	1
TENNESSEE.	11	0	1	5
REGION 5	144	32	38	34
ILLINOIS.	28	7	10	6
INDIANA.	13	4	4	2
MICHIGAN.	45	7	11	11
MINNESOTA.	11	1	3	4
OHIO.	36	9	7	7
WISCONSIN.	11	4	3	4
REGION 6	58	14	19	12
ARKANSAS.	9	3	2	1
LOUISIANA.	14	4	2	4
NEW MEXICO.	4	0	2	1
OKLAHOMA.	8	1	3	2
TEXAS.	23	6	10	4
REGION 7	63	14	18	8
IOWA.	11	4	4	1
KANSAS.	11	1	4	2
MISSOURI.	37	9	7	4
NEBRASKA.	4	0	3	1
REGION 8	35	8	8	13
COLORADO.	10	0	3	5
MONTANA.	4	1	1	1
NORTH DAKOTA.	5	2	2	1
SOUTH DAKOTA.	3	0	0	2
UTAH.	11	5	0	4
WYOMING.	2	0	2	0
REGION 9	128	33	23	34
ARIZONA.	15	6	3	2
CALIFORNIA ¹	104	22	19	29
HAWAII.	3	3	0	0
NEVADA.	6	2	1	3
REGION 10.	39	8	8	13
ALASKA.	2	0	0	2
IDAHO.	2	0	0	1
OREGON.	10	1	2	3
WASHINGTON.	25	7	6	7

¹Data for California do not take into account youthful offenders held in 15 State facilities; these facilities were actually operating at a higher rate of occupancy than shown.

by percent of capacity occupied—regions and States, midyear 1973

Percent of design capacity occupied				
90-99%	100%	101%-109%	110%-119%	120% or more
94	50	46	18	31
3	0	1	0	3
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	3
0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
9	9	3	0	2
1	1	2	0	1
8	8	1	0	1
11	4	11	2	6
1	0	1	0	0
0	3	0	0	0
1	0	3	2	4
5	0	4	0	1
4	1	3	0	1
0	0	0	0	0
21	11	8	4	1
0	0	1	0	0
5	4	2	2	0
5	4	4	0	0
4	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0
2	2	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1
3	1	1	0	0
9	10	11	3	7
1	1	2	1	0
0	0	2	0	1
3	6	4	1	2
1	1	0	0	1
4	2	3	1	3
0	0	0	0	0
7	2	1	0	3
1	1	0	0	1
3	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
7	9	2	2	3
1	1	0	0	0
2	1	0	0	1
4	7	2	2	2
0	0	0	0	0
3	2	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
0	2	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
20	3	5	5	5
1	0	1	2	0
19	3	4	3	5
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
4	0	3	2	1
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1
3	0	2	0	0

Table B-11. Admissions to public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	496,526	483,212	-3	349,407	335,556	-4	147,119	147,656	(2)
REGION 1.	13,355	9,956	-25	9,845	8,328	-15	3,510	1,628	-54
CONNECTICUT	4,255	3,153	-26	3,084	2,281	-26	1,171	872	-26
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	9,100	6,803	-25	6,761	6,047	-11	2,339	756	-68
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	24,131	24,404	+1	16,716	17,030	+2	7,415	7,374	-1
NEW JERSEY	11,671	13,227	+13	8,620	9,618	+12	3,051	3,609	+18
NEW YORK	12,460	11,177	-10	8,096	7,412	-8	4,364	3,765	-14
REGION 3.	36,961	32,487	-12	27,968	23,800	-15	8,993	8,687	-3
DELAWARE	1,984	1,595	-20	1,483	1,129	-24	501	466	-7
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	5,478	5,339	-3	4,711	4,739	+1	767	600	-22
MARYLAND	3,389	2,025	-40	2,154	1,189	-45	1,235	836	-32
PENNSYLVANIA	19,980	15,539	-22	15,616	11,635	-25	4,364	3,904	-11
VIRGINIA	5,630	7,065	+25	3,645	4,516	+24	1,985	2,549	+28
WEST VIRGINIA	500	924	+85	359	592	+65	141	332	+135
REGION 4.	79,057	74,956	-5	55,621	51,425	-8	23,436	23,531	(2)
ALABAMA	4,865	1,939	-60	3,349	1,105	-67	1,516	834	-45
FLORIDA	30,459	25,285	-17	20,756	16,659	-20	9,703	8,626	-11
GEORGIA	17,136	18,275	+7	12,403	12,740	+3	4,733	5,535	+17
KENTUCKY	7,161	7,848	+10	5,376	5,677	+6	1,785	2,171	+22
MISSISSIPPI	3,225	2,793	-13	2,363	1,943	-18	862	850	-1
NORTH CAROLINA	2,384	3,553	+49	1,587	2,151	+36	797	1,402	+76
SOUTH CAROLINA	863	873	+1	575	574	(2)	288	299	+4
TENNESSEE	12,964	14,390	+11	9,212	10,576	+15	3,752	3,814	+2
REGION 5.	85,884	85,073	-1	58,814	57,314	-3	27,070	27,759	+3
ILLINOIS	13,296	16,540	+24	9,009	11,814	+31	4,287	4,726	+10
INDIANA	6,840	8,578	+25	4,946	6,029	+22	1,894	2,549	+35
MICHIGAN	20,832	18,934	-9	14,075	12,677	-10	6,757	6,257	-7
MINNESOTA	6,917	6,304	-9	4,638	3,799	-18	2,279	2,505	+10
OHIO	30,842	27,333	-11	21,535	18,339	-15	9,307	8,994	-3
WISCONSIN	7,157	7,384	+3	4,611	4,656	+1	2,546	2,728	+7
REGION 6.	33,286	33,498	+1	22,875	23,956	+5	10,411	9,542	-8
ARKANSAS	1,582	1,781	+13	951	1,230	+29	631	551	-13
LOUISIANA	4,871	6,032	+24	3,536	4,333	+23	1,335	1,699	+27
NEW MEXICO	4,013	3,547	-12	2,907	2,607	-10	1,106	940	-15
OKLAHOMA	2,489	3,410	+37	1,382	2,255	+63	1,107	1,155	+4
TEXAS	20,331	18,728	-8	14,099	13,531	-4	6,232	5,197	-17
REGION 7.	13,030	15,425	+18	8,989	10,205	+14	4,041	5,220	+29
IOWA	809	1,312	+62	486	742	+53	323	570	+76
KANSAS	3,861	5,000	+30	2,568	3,112	+21	1,293	1,888	+46
MISSOURI	7,480	7,978	+7	5,369	5,671	+6	2,111	2,307	+9
NEBRASKA	880	1,135	+29	566	680	+20	314	455	+45
REGION 8.	12,931	17,363	+34	8,977	11,574	+29	3,954	5,789	+46
COLORADO	8,306	9,932	+20	5,760	6,595	+15	2,546	3,337	+31
MONTANA	360	415	+15	181	248	+37	179	167	-7
NORTH DAKOTA	121	94	-22	84	64	-24	37	30	-19
SOUTH DAKOTA	445	420	-6	310	269	-13	135	151	+12
UTAH	3,699	6,502	+76	2,642	4,398	+66	1,057	2,104	+99
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	172,468	162,167	-6	122,588	115,123	-6	49,880	47,044	-6
ARIZONA	8,996	9,137	+2	6,360	6,328	-1	2,636	2,809	+7
CALIFORNIA	157,045	147,147	-6	111,426	104,971	-6	45,619	42,176	-8
HAWAII	1,349	1,802	+34	889	1,011	+14	460	791	+72
NEVADA	5,078	4,081	-20	3,913	2,813	-28	1,165	1,268	+9
REGION 10	25,423	27,883	+10	17,014	16,801	-1	8,409	11,082	+32
ALASKA	405	276	-32	300	188	-37	105	88	-16
IDAHO	0	671	*	0	382	*	0	289	*
OREGON	8,461	7,874	-7	5,366	4,699	-12	3,095	3,175	+3
WASHINGTON	16,557	19,062	+15	11,348	11,532	+2	5,209	7,530	+45

*Increase not definable.
(2) Less than 0.5 percent.

**Table B-12. Admissions to public shelters for juveniles,
by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	8,052	4,986	-38	5,294	2,951	-44	2,758	2,035	-26
REGION 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	701	0	-100	515	0	-100	186	0	-100
NEW JERSEY	701	0	-100	515	0	-100	186	0	-100
NEW YORK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3.	2,035	1,294	-36	1,518	883	-42	517	411	-21
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	614	429	-30	532	333	-37	82	96	+17
MARYLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	621	0	-100	486	0	-100	135	0	-100
VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	800	865	+8	500	550	+10	300	315	+5
REGION 4.	457	655	+43	304	415	+37	153	240	+57
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	457	622	+36	304	389	+28	153	233	+52
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	0	33	*	0	26	*	0	7	*
MISSISSIPPI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 5.	485	845	+74	246	449	+83	239	396	+66
ILLINOIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	257	442	+72	137	242	+77	120	200	+67
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO	110	182	+65	56	100	+79	54	82	+52
WISCONSIN	118	221	+87	53	107	+102	65	114	+75
REGION 6.	0	2,192	*	0	1,204	*	0	988	*
ARKANSAS	0	286	*	0	213	*	0	73	*
LOUISIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	1,906	*	0	991	*	0	915	*
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	138	0	-100	83	0	-100	55	0	-100
IOWA	138	0	-100	83	0	-100	55	0	-100
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARIZONA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	4,236	0	-100	2,628	0	-100	1,608	0	-100
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	139	0	-100	60	0	-100	79	0	-100
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	4,097	0	-100	2,568	0	-100	1,529	0	-100

*Increase not definable.

Table B-13. Admissions to public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	27,108	24,806	-8	21,980	20,812	-5	5,128	3,994	-22
REGION 1.	0	233	*	0	167	*	0	66	*
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	233	*	0	167	*	0	66	*
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3.	2,816	2,669	-5	2,094	2,001	-4	722	668	-7
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	1,263	1,286	+2	933	963	+3	330	323	-2
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	1,553	1,383	-11	1,161	1,038	-11	392	345	-12
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	2,514	4,621	+84	1,886	3,596	+91	628	1,025	+63
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	1,019	613	-40	744	536	-28	275	77	-72
MISSISSIPPI	0	391	*	0	308	*	0	83	*
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	1,495	1,693	+13	1,142	1,229	+8	353	464	+31
TENNESSEE	0	1,924	*	0	1,523	*	0	401	*
REGION 5.	8,998	6,297	-30	7,325	5,662	-23	1,673	635	-62
ILLINOIS	3,458	3,069	-11	3,056	3,069	(Z)	402	0	-100
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	54	284	+426	39	284	+628	15	0	-100
MINNESOTA	1,795	0	-100	1,385	0	-100	410	0	-100
OHIO	3,691	2,944	-20	2,845	2,309	-19	846	635	-25
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	2,332	2,153	-8	1,839	1,656	-10	493	497	+1
ARKANSAS	785	673	-14	609	491	-19	176	182	+3
LOUISIANA	1,547	1,480	-4	1,230	1,165	-5	317	315	-1
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IOWA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	9,314	8,028	-14	7,999	7,145	-11	1,315	883	-33
ARIZONA	775	0	-100	775	0	-100	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	8,539	8,028	-6	7,224	7,145	-1	1,315	883	-33
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	1,134	805	-29	837	585	-30	297	220	-26
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	1,134	805	-29	837	585	-30	297	220	-26

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual admission transactions for all residents, juveniles and non-juveniles; data for 1973 represent actual admission transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated admission transactions for youthful offenders held in three reception or diagnostic centers in California.

*Increase not definable.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-14. Admissions to public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	82,641	82,407	(Z)	67,104	67,213	(Z)	15,537	15,194	-2
REGION 1.	4,458	3,237	-27	3,537	2,310	-35	921	927	+1
CONNECTICUT	482	513	+6	334	356	+7	148	157	+6
MAINE	384	380	-1	278	282	+1	106	98	-8
MASSACHUSETTS	1,798	339	-81	1,596	339	-79	202	0	-100
NEW HAMPSHIRE	763	740	-3	510	490	-4	253	250	-1
RHODE ISLAND	682	872	+28	588	614	+4	94	258	+174
VERMONT	349	393	+13	231	229	-1	118	164	+39
REGION 2.	4,584	3,911	-15	3,901	3,363	-14	683	548	-20
NEW JERSEY.	1,769	1,887	+7	1,650	1,692	+3	119	195	+64
NEW YORK.	2,815	2,024	-28	2,251	1,671	-26	564	353	-37
REGION 3.	9,596	9,417	-2	8,063	7,616	-6	1,533	1,801	+17
DELAWARE.	601	336	-44	467	241	-48	134	95	-29
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ¹	2,252	846	-62	2,088	635	-70	164	211	+29
MARYLAND.	2,111	4,486	+113	1,801	3,697	+105	310	789	+155
PENNSYLVANIA ²	2,175	1,705	-22	1,927	1,460	-24	248	245	-1
VIRGINIA.	1,596	1,319	-17	1,128	990	-12	468	329	-37
WEST VIRGINIA	861	725	-16	652	593	-9	209	132	-37
REGION 4.	12,983	14,585	+12	9,977	11,102	+11	3,006	3,483	+16
ALABAMA	624	545	-13	515	420	-18	109	125	+15
FLORIDA	3,516	5,444	+55	2,629	3,957	+51	887	1,477	+67
GEORGIA	1,405	1,592	+13	1,135	1,296	+14	270	296	+10
KENTUCKY.	1,183	626	-47	851	460	-46	332	166	-50
MISSISSIPPI	693	772	+11	559	624	+12	134	148	+10
NORTH CAROLINA	2,494	2,738	+10	1,769	1,890	+7	725	848	+17
SOUTH CAROLINA	675	649	-4	510	581	+14	165	68	-59
TENNESSEE	2,393	2,219	-7	2,009	1,864	-7	384	355	-8
REGION 5.	17,778	13,211	-26	14,308	10,504	-27	3,470	2,707	-22
ILLINOIS.	3,647	3,205	-12	3,128	2,836	-9	519	369	-29
INDIANA	1,457	1,089	-25	1,160	827	-29	297	262	-12
MICHIGAN.	2,774	1,437	-48	2,046	980	-52	728	457	-37
MINNESOTA	2,015	2,586	+28	1,594	1,988	+25	421	598	+42
OHIO.	4,480	3,371	-25	3,486	2,562	-27	994	809	-19
WISCONSIN	3,405	1,523	-55	2,894	1,311	-55	511	212	-59
REGION 6.	6,929	7,660	+11	5,122	6,094	+19	1,807	1,566	-13
ARKANSAS.	821	639	-22	672	473	-30	149	166	+11
LOUISIANA	1,661	1,636	-2	1,341	1,333	-1	320	303	-5
NEW MEXICO.	379	517	+36	278	416	+50	101	101	0
OKLAHOMA.	720	797	+11	455	575	+26	265	222	-16
TEXAS	3,348	4,071	+22	2,376	3,297	+39	972	774	-20
REGION 7.	2,992	3,215	+7	2,355	2,540	+8	637	675	+6
IOWA.	724	708	-2	530	497	-6	194	211	+9
KANSAS.	239	309	+29	192	241	+26	47	68	+45
MISSOURI.	1,582	1,815	+15	1,288	1,514	+18	294	301	+2
NEBRASKA.	447	383	-14	345	288	-17	102	95	-7
REGION 8.	2,075	1,829	-12	1,590	1,445	-9	485	384	-21
COLORADO.	919	637	-31	730	531	-27	189	106	-44
MONTANA	346	408	+18	243	301	+24	103	107	+4
NORTH DAKOTA ³	159	170	+7	118	133	+13	41	37	-10
SOUTH DAKOTA.	267	216	-19	208	180	-13	59	36	-39
UTAH.	231	225	-3	182	184	+1	49	41	-16
WYOMING	153	173	+13	109	116	+6	44	57	+30
REGION 9.	17,692	22,600	+28	15,712	20,355	+30	1,980	2,245	+13
ARIZONA	1,141	1,437	+26	1,141	1,188	+4	0	249	*
CALIFORNIA.	15,982	20,559	+27	14,139	18,709	+32	1,843	1,850	(Z)
HAWAII.	65	252	+288	50	193	+286	15	59	+293
NEVADA.	504	352	-30	382	265	-31	122	87	-29
REGION 10.	3,554	2,742	-23	2,539	1,884	-26	1,015	858	-15
ALASKA.	1,138	820	-28	759	539	-29	379	281	-26
IDAHO	260	179	-31	194	139	-28	66	40	-39
OREGON.	1,121	1,088	-3	850	752	-12	271	336	+24
WASHINGTON.	1,035	655	-37	736	454	-38	299	201	-33

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual admission transactions for all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles; data for 1973 represent actual admission transactions for all juveniles and for adults held in a New Jersey training school, plus estimated admission transactions for youthful offenders held in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.

*Increase not definable.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

¹ Because a training school in the District of Columbia also served as a detention center during part of fiscal year 1971, admitting a large number of juveniles for temporary care, data for that year are not strictly comparable with those for fiscal year 1973.

² Data for 1971 for one training school in Pennsylvania include admission transactions of adults, as well as juveniles. In 1973, this facility was no longer within the scope of the census.

³ Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school in 1973.



Table B-15. Admissions to public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	2,439	5,549	+128	1,925	3,538	+84	514	2,011	+291
REGION 1	0	670	*	0	78	*	0	592	*
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	654	*	0	67	*	0	587	*
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	16	*	0	11	*	0	5	*
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	901	995	+10	649	671	+3	252	324	+29
NEW JERSEY.	227	383	+69	169	286	+69	58	97	+67
NEW YORK.	674	612	-9	480	385	-20	194	227	+17
REGION 3	201	257	+28	162	175	+8	39	82	+110
DELAWARE.	0	11	*	0	0	0	0	11	*
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	55	49	-11	31	30	-3	24	19	-21
MARYLAND.	49	115	+135	34	84	+147	15	31	+107
PENNSYLVANIA.	14	0	-100	14	0	-100	0	0	0
VIRGINIA.	83	82	-1	83	61	-27	0	21	*
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4	346	1,020	+195	272	911	+235	74	109	+47
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	203	800	+294	129	728	+464	74	72	-3
GEORGIA.	0	28	*	0	20	*	0	8	*
KENTUCKY.	66	57	-14	66	40	-39	0	17	*
MISSISSIPPI.	0	31	*	0	25	*	0	6	*
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	8	*	0	8	*	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	6	*	0	0	0	0	6	*
TENNESSEE.	77	90	+17	77	90	+17	0	0	0
REGION 5	431	749	+74	395	534	+35	36	215	+497
ILLINOIS.	162	108	-33	162	108	-33	0	0	0
INDIANA.	0	20	*	0	20	*	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	269	481	+79	233	372	+60	36	109	+203
MINNESOTA.	0	124	*	0	18	*	0	106	*
OHIO.	0	16	*	0	16	*	0	0	0
WISCONSIN.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6	102	273	+168	73	214	+193	29	59	+103
ARKANSAS.	12	20	+67	12	20	+67	0	0	0
LOUISIANA.	0	21	*	0	21	*	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS.	90	232	+158	61	173	+184	29	59	+103
REGION 7	168	668	+298	137	464	+239	31	204	+558
IOWA.	0	85	*	0	70	*	0	15	*
KANSAS.	0	8	*	0	8	*	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	168	575	+242	137	386	+182	31	189	+510
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	16	72	+350	16	15	-6	0	57	*
COLORADO.	0	11	*	0	0	0	0	11	*
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ¹	16	34	+113	16	15	-6	0	19	*
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	0	27	*	0	0	0	0	27	*
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	81	720	+789	50	388	+676	31	332	+971
ARIZONA.	0	218	*	0	146	*	0	72	*
CALIFORNIA.	81	502	+520	50	242	+384	31	260	+739
HAWAII.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	193	125	-35	171	88	-49	22	37	+68
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	193	125	-35	171	88	-49	22	37	+68

*Increase not definable.

¹Exclude data for three State group homes in North Dakota in 1973; these data were reported with those for a State training school. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-16. Admissions to public detention centers, shelters, State or local administration, and

Region and State	Detention centers					
	State			Local		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES.	36,796	26,325	10,471	446,416	309,231	137,185
REGION 1	9,956	8,328	1,628	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	3,153	2,281	872	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	6,803	6,047	756	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	0	0	0	24,404	17,030	7,374
NEW JERSEY.	0	0	0	13,227	9,618	3,609
NEW YORK.	0	0	0	11,177	7,412	3,765
REGION 3	4,198	2,649	1,549	28,289	21,151	7,138
DELAWARE.	1,595	1,129	466	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	0	5,339	4,739	600
MARYLAND.	2,025	1,189	836	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	0	0	0	15,539	11,635	3,904
VIRGINIA.	413	245	168	6,652	4,271	2,381
WEST VIRGINIA.	165	86	79	759	506	253
REGION 4	10,632	7,554	3,078	64,324	43,871	20,453
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	1,939	1,105	834
FLORIDA.	6,871	4,898	1,973	18,414	11,761	6,653
GEORGIA.	3,761	2,656	1,105	14,514	10,084	4,430
KENTUCKY.	0	0	0	7,848	5,677	2,171
MISSISSIPPI.	0	0	0	2,793	1,943	850
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	3,553	2,151	1,402
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	873	574	299
TENNESSEE.	0	0	0	14,390	10,576	3,814
REGION 5	0	0	0	85,073	57,314	27,759
ILLINOIS.	0	0	0	16,540	11,814	4,726
INDIANA.	0	0	0	8,578	6,029	2,549
MICHIGAN.	0	0	0	18,934	12,677	6,257
MINNESOTA.	0	0	0	6,304	3,799	2,505
OHIO.	0	0	0	27,333	18,339	8,994
WISCONSIN.	0	0	0	7,384	4,656	2,728
REGION 6	0	0	0	33,498	23,956	9,542
ARKANSAS.	0	0	0	1,781	1,230	551
LOUISIANA.	0	0	0	6,032	4,333	1,699
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	3,547	2,607	940
OKLAHOMA.	0	0	0	3,410	2,255	1,155
TEXAS.	0	0	0	18,728	13,531	5,197
REGION 7	0	0	0	15,425	10,205	5,220
IOWA.	0	0	0	1,312	742	570
KANSAS.	0	0	0	5,000	3,112	1,888
MISSOURI.	0	0	0	7,978	5,671	2,307
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	1,135	680	455
REGION 8	9,932	6,595	3,337	7,431	4,979	2,452
COLORADO.	9,932	6,595	3,337	0	0	0
MONTANA.	0	0	0	415	248	167
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	94	64	30
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	420	269	151
UTAH.	0	0	0	6,502	4,398	2,104
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	1,802	1,011	791	160,365	114,112	46,253
ARIZONA.	0	0	0	9,137	6,328	2,809
CALIFORNIA.	0	0	0	147,147	104,971	42,176
HAWAII.	1,802	1,011	791	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	4,081	2,813	1,268
REGION 10.	276	188	88	27,607	16,613	10,994
ALASKA.	276	188	88	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	671	382	289
OREGON.	0	0	0	7,874	4,699	3,175
WASHINGTON.	0	0	0	19,062	11,532	7,530

NOTE: Data for reception or diagnostic centers represent actual admission transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated admission transactions for youthful offenders held in three reception or diagnostic centers in California.

and reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by type of facility, sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973

[illegible]

**Table B-17. Admissions to public training schools,
of admission and sex—regions**

Region and State	All admissions			Committed by court					
	Both sexes	Male	Female	First commitment			Recommitment ^a		
				Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES.	75,955	60,945	15,010	42,062	33,654	8,408	7,240	6,453	787
REGION 1	3,237	2,310	927	1,540	1,131	409	203	118	85
CONNECTICUT.	513	356	157	325	231	94	8	5	3
MAINE.	380	282	98	218	150	68	11	9	2
MASSACHUSETTS.	339	339	0	109	109	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	740	490	250	172	116	56	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	872	614	258	585	455	130	184	104	80
VERMONT.	393	229	164	131	70	61	0	0	0
REGION 2	3,911	3,363	548	2,245	1,908	337	178	177	1
NEW JERSEY.	1,887	1,692	195	791	716	75	173	172	1
NEW YORK.	2,024	1,671	353	1,454	1,192	262	5	5	0
REGION 3	9,417	7,616	1,801	4,331	3,474	857	1,020	868	152
DELAWARE.	336	241	95	173	119	54	70	52	18
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	846	635	211	421	318	103	9	9	0
MARYLAND.	4,486	3,687	789	1,142	922	220	460	354	106
PENNSYLVANIA.	1,705	1,460	245	1,246	1,112	134	300	276	24
VIRGINIA.	1,319	990	329	1,080	777	303	142	139	3
WEST VIRGINIA.	725	593	132	269	226	43	39	38	1
REGION 4	14,585	11,102	3,483	7,474	5,522	1,952	2,294	2,140	154
ALABAMA.	545	420	125	491	380	111	35	21	14
FLORIDA.	5,444	3,967	1,477	2,059	1,513	546	399	353	46
GEORGIA.	1,592	1,296	296	1,148	892	256	273	252	21
KENTUCKY.	626	460	166	460	332	128	97	92	5
MISSISSIPPI.	772	624	148	640	515	125	75	75	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	2,738	1,890	848	1,305	858	447	67	67	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	649	581	68	391	353	38	143	122	21
TENNESSEE.	2,219	1,864	355	980	679	301	1,205	1,158	47
REGION 5	13,211	10,504	2,707	7,006	5,903	1,103	870	767	103
ILLINOIS.	3,205	2,836	369	1,995	1,763	232	328	268	60
INDIANA.	1,089	827	262	688	508	180	66	58	8
MICHIGAN.	1,437	980	457	780	535	245	34	28	6
MINNESOTA.	2,586	1,988	598	1,082	894	188	223	197	26
OHIO.	3,371	2,562	809	1,697	1,566	131	208	208	0
WISCONSIN.	1,523	1,311	212	764	637	127	11	8	3
REGION 6	7,660	6,094	1,566	5,548	4,285	1,263	483	437	46
ARKANSAS.	639	473	166	541	416	125	64	45	19
LOUISIANA.	1,636	1,333	303	1,204	937	267	276	264	12
NEW MEXICO.	517	416	101	423	342	81	38	28	10
OKLAHOMA.	797	575	222	391	295	96	10	8	2
TEXAS.	4,071	3,297	774	2,989	2,295	694	95	92	3
REGION 7	3,215	2,540	675	1,882	1,432	450	271	241	30
IOWA.	708	497	211	372	243	129	1	1	0
KANSAS.	309	241	68	260	203	57	17	17	0
MISSOURI.	1,815	1,514	301	1,007	816	191	246	216	30
NEBRASKA.	383	288	95	243	170	73	7	7	0
REGION 8	1,829	1,445	384	1,252	955	297	77	60	17
COLORADO.	637	531	106	449	366	83	0	0	0
MONTANA.	408	301	107	187	108	79	17	6	11
NORTH DAKOTA ¹	170	133	37	121	96	25	27	22	5
SOUTH DAKOTA.	216	180	36	178	146	32	8	7	1
UTAH.	225	184	41	184	145	39	25	25	0
WYOMING.	173	116	57	133	94	39	0	0	0
REGION 9	16,148	14,087	2,061	9,608	8,270	1,338	1,707	1,527	180
ARIZONA.	1,437	1,188	249	546	410	136	19	19	0
CALIFORNIA.	14,107	12,441	1,666	8,691	7,587	1,104	1,553	1,414	139
HAWAII.	252	193	59	135	97	38	51	37	14
NEVADA.	352	265	87	236	176	60	84	57	27
REGION 10.	2,742	1,884	858	1,176	774	402	137	118	19
ALASKA.	820	539	281	69	47	22	7	5	2
IDAHO.	179	139	40	137	109	28	42	30	12
OREGON.	1,088	752	336	485	300	185	66	65	1
WASHINGTON.	655	454	201	485	318	167	22	18	4

NOTE: Include admission transactions of all juveniles and of adults in one New Jersey training school, but exclude such transactions (estimated at 6,452) involving youthful offenders in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.

¹Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

²For new offenses.

³Exclude juveniles returned for new offenses.

⁴Transfers from other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

**ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type
and States, fiscal 1973**

Region and State	Returned from aftercare or parole ^a			Transferred in ^a			Other		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	7,975	6,231	1,744	6,298	5,028	1,270	12,380	9,579	2,801
REGION 1	436	296	140	30	30	0	1,028	735	293
CONNECTICUT	180	120	60	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	76	48	28	0	0	0	75	75	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	30	30	0	200	200	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	568	374	194
RHODE ISLAND	65	55	10	0	0	0	38	0	38
VERMONT	115	73	42	0	0	0	147	86	61
REGION 2	734	664	70	141	112	29	613	502	111
NEW JERSEY	269	261	8	41	41	0	613	502	111
NEW YORK	465	403	62	100	71	29	0	0	0
REGION 3	281	227	54	347	269	78	3,438	2,778	660
DELAWARE	0	0	0	23	0	23	70	70	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	143	126	17	30	30	0	243	152	91
MARYLAND	0	0	0	94	94	0	2,790	2,327	463
PENNSYLVANIA	47	40	7	59	10	49	53	22	31
VIRGINIA	28	10	18	69	64	5	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	63	51	12	72	71	1	282	207	75
REGION 4	859	633	226	1,487	1,108	379	2,471	1,699	772
ALABAMA	19	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	192	137	55	441	368	73	2,353	1,596	757
GEORGIA	81	62	19	43	43	0	47	47	0
KENTUCKY	6	1	5	60	33	27	3	2	1
MISSISSIPPI	38	20	18	19	14	5	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	394	278	116	906	633	273	66	54	12
SOUTH CAROLINA	115	106	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	14	10	4	18	17	1	2	0	2
REGION 5	2,410	1,872	538	1,969	1,412	557	956	550	406
ILLINOIS	372	372	0	350	350	0	160	83	77
INDIANA	191	140	51	121	121	0	23	0	23
MICHIGAN	65	43	22	249	217	32	309	157	152
MINNESOTA	748	486	262	259	225	34	274	186	88
OHIO	701	536	165	738	252	486	27	0	27
WISCONSIN	333	295	38	252	247	5	163	124	39
REGION 6	1,163	995	168	345	257	88	121	120	1
ARKANSAS	27	5	22	7	7	0	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	24	0	24	12	12	0	120	120	0
NEW MEXICO	56	46	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	268	207	61	128	65	63	0	0	0
TEXAS	788	737	51	198	173	25	1	0	1
REGION 7	426	311	115	365	339	26	271	217	54
IOWA	150	113	37	45	31	14	140	109	31
KANSAS	21	10	11	11	11	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	158	113	45	278	266	12	126	103	23
NEBRASKA	97	75	22	31	31	0	5	5	0
REGION 8	234	169	65	181	178	3	85	83	2
COLORADO	63	40	23	125	125	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	66	51	15	53	53	0	85	83	2
NORTH DAKOTA ^a	22	15	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	30	27	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	16	14	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	37	22	15	3	0	3	0	0	0
REGION 9	985	789	196	1,192	1,090	102	2,656	2,411	245
ARIZONA	444	331	113	428	428	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	487	408	79	732	630	102	2,644	2,402	242
HAWAII	54	50	4	0	0	0	12	9	3
NEVADA	0	0	0	32	32	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	447	275	172	241	233	8	741	484	257
ALASKA	1	1	0	2	2	0	741	484	257
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	357	207	150	180	180	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	89	67	22	59	51	8	0	0	0

Table B-18. Departures from public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	494,639	478,415	-3	348,095	332,042	-5	146,554	146,373	(Z)
REGION 1.	13,239	9,932	-25	9,725	8,313	-15	3,514	1,619	-54
CONNECTICUT	4,244	3,140	-26	3,072	2,271	-26	1,172	869	-26
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	8,995	6,792	-24	6,653	6,042	-9	2,342	750	-68
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	24,070	23,456	-3	16,700	16,481	-1	7,370	6,975	-5
NEW JERSEY	11,586	12,811	+11	8,564	9,295	+9	3,022	3,516	+16
NEW YORK	12,484	10,645	-15	8,136	7,186	-12	4,348	3,459	-20
REGION 3.	36,964	31,880	-14	27,975	23,362	-16	8,989	8,518	-5
DELAWARE	1,984	1,578	-20	1,483	1,127	-24	501	451	-10
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	5,505	5,342	-3	4,726	4,792	+1	779	550	-29
MARYLAND	3,389	2,011	-41	2,154	1,174	-46	1,235	837	-32
PENNSYLVANIA	20,057	15,061	-25	15,664	11,225	-28	4,393	3,836	-13
VIRGINIA	5,529	6,970	+26	3,589	4,456	+24	1,940	2,514	+30
WEST VIRGINIA	500	918	+84	359	588	+64	141	330	+134
REGION 4.	78,066	74,639	-4	54,883	51,233	-7	23,183	23,406	+1
ALABAMA	4,860	1,988	-59	3,339	1,135	-66	1,521	853	-44
FLORIDA	30,334	25,064	-17	20,650	16,560	-20	9,684	8,504	-12
GEORGIA	16,296	18,235	+12	11,788	12,695	+8	4,508	5,540	+23
KENTUCKY	7,157	7,848	+10	5,375	5,677	+6	1,782	2,171	+22
MISSISSIPPI	3,225	2,742	-15	2,363	1,904	-19	862	838	-3
NORTH CAROLINA	2,372	3,518	+48	1,583	2,124	+34	789	1,394	+77
SOUTH CAROLINA	863	873	+1	575	574	(Z)	288	299	+4
TENNESSEE	12,959	14,371	+11	9,210	10,564	+15	3,749	3,807	+2
REGION 5.	85,436	84,677	-1	58,526	57,034	-3	26,910	27,643	+3
ILLINOIS	13,260	16,438	+24	8,991	11,736	+31	4,269	4,702	+10
INDIANA	6,832	8,529	+25	4,934	5,996	+22	1,898	2,533	+33
MICHIGAN	20,653	18,738	-9	13,953	12,542	-10	6,700	6,196	-8
MINNESOTA	6,847	6,282	-8	4,606	3,790	-18	2,241	2,492	+11
OHIO	30,687	27,298	-11	21,431	18,315	-15	9,256	8,983	-3
WISCONSIN	7,157	7,392	+3	4,611	4,655	+1	2,546	2,737	+8
REGION 6.	33,473	33,342	(Z)	22,985	23,837	+4	10,488	9,505	-9
ARKANSAS	1,582	1,781	+13	951	1,230	+29	631	551	-13
LOUISIANA	5,154	5,991	+16	3,708	4,296	+16	1,446	1,695	+17
NEW MEXICO	3,965	3,547	-11	2,869	2,607	-9	1,096	940	-14
OKLAHOMA	2,486	3,398	+37	1,380	2,246	+63	1,106	1,152	+4
TEXAS	20,286	18,625	-8	14,077	13,458	-4	6,209	5,167	-17
REGION 7.	12,933	15,084	+17	8,929	9,996	+12	4,004	5,008	+27
IOWA	789	1,268	+61	472	731	+55	317	537	+69
KANSAS	3,859	4,981	+29	2,566	3,101	+21	1,293	1,880	+45
MISSOURI	7,405	7,730	+4	5,325	5,509	+3	2,080	2,221	+7
NEBRASKA	880	1,105	+26	566	655	+16	314	450	+43
REGION 8.	12,813	17,184	+34	8,892	11,445	+29	3,921	5,739	+46
COLORADO	8,188	9,807	+20	5,675	6,504	+15	2,513	3,303	+31
MONTANA	360	415	+15	181	248	+37	179	167	-7
NORTH DAKOTA	121	94	-22	84	64	-24	37	30	-19
SOUTH DAKOTA	445	420	-6	310	269	-13	135	151	+12
UTAH	3,699	6,448	+74	2,642	4,360	+65	1,057	2,088	+98
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	172,214	160,216	-7	122,471	113,629	-7	49,743	46,587	-6
ARIZONA	8,970	9,007	(Z)	6,343	6,245	-7	2,627	2,762	+5
CALIFORNIA	156,817	145,361	-7	111,326	103,587	-7	45,491	41,774	-8
HAWAII	1,349	1,797	+33	889	1,007	+13	460	790	+72
NEVADA	5,078	4,051	-20	3,913	2,790	-29	1,165	1,261	+8
REGION 10	25,431	28,005	+10	17,009	16,712	-2	8,422	11,293	+34
ALASKA	405	276	-32	295	188	-36	110	88	-20
IDAHO	0	671	*	0	382	*	0	289	*
OREGON	8,461	7,988	-6	5,366	4,601	-14	3,095	3,387	+9
WASHINGTON	16,565	19,070	+15	11,348	11,541	+2	5,217	7,529	+44

*Increase not definable.
(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

**Table B-19. Departures from public shelters for juveniles, by sex
—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	8,017	5,034	-37	5,261	2,973	-43	2,756	2,061	-25
REGION 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	701	0	-100	515	0	-100	186	0	-100
NEW JERSEY.	701	0	-100	515	0	-100	186	0	-100
NEW YORK.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3	2,011	1,283	-36	1,495	879	-41	516	404	-22
DELAWARE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	590	418	-29	509	329	-35	81	89	+10
MARYLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	621	0	-100	486	0	-100	135	0	-100
VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	800	865	+8	500	550	+10	300	315	+5
REGION 4	457	692	+51	304	452	+49	153	240	+57
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	457	622	+36	304	389	+28	153	233	+52
GEORGIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	0	70	*	0	63	*	0	7	*
MISSISSIPPI.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 5	474	873	+84	236	442	+87	238	431	+81
ILLINOIS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	253	436	+72	134	237	+77	119	199	+67
MINNESOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO.	110	192	+75	56	101	+80	54	91	+69
WISCONSIN.	111	245	+121	46	104	+126	65	141	+117
REGION 6	0	2,186	*	0	1,200	*	0	986	*
ARKANSAS.	0	280	*	0	209	*	0	71	*
LOUISIANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	1,906	*	0	991	*	0	915	*
TEXAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7	138	0	-100	83	0	-100	55	0	-100
IOWA.	138	0	-100	83	0	-100	55	0	-100
KANSAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARIZONA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAWAII.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	4,236	0	-100	2,628	0	-100	1,608	0	-100
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	139	0	-100	60	0	-100	79	0	-100
OREGON.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	4,097	0	-100	2,568	0	-100	1,529	0	-100

*Increase not definable.

Table B-20. Departures from public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	26,839	24,584	-8	21,977	20,609	-6	4,862	3,975	-18
REGION 1.	0	243	*	0	175	*	0	68	*
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	243	*	0	175	*	0	68	*
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3.	2,824	2,665	-6	2,009	1,997	-5	725	668	-8
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	1,263	1,282	+2	933	959	+3	330	323	-2
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	1,561	1,383	-11	1,166	1,038	-11	395	345	-13
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	2,815	4,434	+58	2,184	3,442	+58	631	992	+57
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	1,024	541	-47	751	467	-38	273	74	-73
MISSISSIPPI	0	391	*	0	308	*	0	83	*
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	1,791	1,717	-4	1,433	1,247	-13	358	470	+31
TENNESSEE	0	1,785	*	0	1,420	*	0	365	*
REGION 5.	8,743	6,415	-27	7,281	5,726	-21	1,462	689	-53
ILLINOIS	3,523	3,112	-12	3,121	3,112	(Z)	402	0	-100
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	54	264	+389	39	264	+577	15	0	-100
MINNESOTA	1,591	0	-100	1,220	0	-100	371	0	-100
OHIO	3,575	3,039	-15	2,901	2,350	-19	674	689	+2
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	2,187	2,153	-2	1,719	1,656	-4	468	497	+6
ARKANSAS	785	673	-14	609	491	-19	176	182	+3
LOUISIANA	1,402	1,480	+6	1,110	1,165	+5	292	315	+8
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IOWA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	9,353	7,935	-15	8,024	7,062	-12	1,329	873	-34
ARIZONA	775	0	-100	775	0	-100	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	8,578	7,935	-15	7,249	7,062	-12	1,329	873	-34
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	917	739	-19	670	551	-18	247	188	-24
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	917	739	-19	670	551	-18	247	188	-24

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual departure transactions for all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles; data for 1973 represent actual departure transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated departure transactions for youthful offenders held in three reception or diagnostic centers in California.

*Increase not definable.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

**Table B-21. Departures from public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex
—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	82,998	81,255	-2	67,589	66,210	-2	15,409	15,045	-2
REGION 1.	4,535	3,020	-33	3,600	2,203	-39	935	817	-13
CONNECTICUT	652	389	-40	367	290	-21	285	99	-65
MAINE	431	416	-3	343	316	-8	88	100	+14
MASSACHUSETTS	1,674	325	-81	1,550	325	-79	124	0	-100
NEW HAMPSHIRE	722	736	+2	489	502	+3	233	234	(Z)
RHODE ISLAND	686	858	+25	594	590	-1	92	268	+191
VERMONT	370	296	-20	257	180	-30	113	116	+3
REGION 2.	4,603	4,087	-11	3,905	3,515	-10	698	572	-18
NEW JERSEY	1,735	1,973	+14	1,623	1,756	+8	112	217	+94
NEW YORK	2,868	2,114	-26	2,282	1,759	-23	586	355	-39
REGION 3.	9,624	9,735	+1	8,235	7,928	-4	1,389	1,807	+30
DELAWARE	424	319	-25	274	205	-25	150	114	-24
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ¹	2,165	921	-57	1,963	708	-64	202	213	+5
MARYLAND	2,220	4,517	+103	1,919	3,742	+95	301	775	+157
PENNSYLVANIA ²	2,413	1,864	-23	2,286	1,609	-30	127	255	+101
VIRGINIA	1,567	1,328	-15	1,164	1,024	-12	403	304	-25
WEST VIRGINIA	835	786	-6	629	640	+2	206	146	-29
REGION 4.	13,063	14,306	+10	10,213	10,692	+5	2,850	3,614	+27
ALABAMA	597	579	-3	490	454	-7	107	125	+17
FLORIDA	3,236	5,714	+77	2,532	4,175	+65	704	1,539	+119
GEORGIA	1,375	1,454	+6	1,133	1,157	+2	242	297	+23
KENTUCKY	1,366	596	-56	1,036	418	-60	330	178	-46
MISSISSIPPI	738	700	-5	614	579	-6	124	121	-2
NORTH CAROLINA	2,839	2,958	+4	1,949	2,052	+5	890	906	+2
SOUTH CAROLINA	646	464	-28	516	388	-25	130	76	-42
TENNESSEE	2,266	1,841	-19	1,943	1,469	-24	323	372	+15
REGION 5.	17,752	13,283	-25	14,316	10,349	-28	3,436	2,934	-15
ILLINOIS	3,549	3,099	-13	3,080	2,619	-15	469	480	+2
INDIANA	1,655	1,024	-38	1,329	810	-39	326	214	-34
MICHIGAN	2,950	1,328	-55	2,120	951	-55	830	377	-55
MINNESOTA	1,960	2,713	+38	1,603	2,034	+27	357	679	+90
OHIO	4,359	3,653	-16	3,378	2,718	-20	981	935	-5
WISCONSIN	3,279	1,466	-55	2,806	1,217	-57	473	249	-47
REGION 6.	7,215	6,441	-11	5,260	4,916	-7	1,955	1,525	-22
ARKANSAS	646	615	-5	516	445	-14	130	170	+31
LOUISIANA	1,675	1,647	-2	1,386	1,391	(Z)	289	256	-11
NEW MEXICO	371	476	+28	266	377	+42	105	99	-6
OKLAHOMA	842	713	-15	529	505	-5	313	208	-34
TEXAS	3,681	2,990	-19	2,563	2,198	-14	1,118	792	-29
REGION 7.	3,022	3,182	+5	2,371	2,534	+7	651	648	(Z)
IOWA	754	686	-9	561	491	-12	193	195	+1
KANSAS	232	357	+54	156	270	+73	76	87	+14
MISSOURI	1,582	1,737	+10	1,281	1,463	+14	301	274	-9
NEBRASKA	454	402	-11	373	310	-17	81	92	+14
REGION 8.	2,213	1,901	-14	1,655	1,493	-10	558	408	-27
COLORADO	964	589	-39	768	495	-36	196	94	-52
MONTANA	393	441	+12	242	355	+47	151	86	-43
NORTH DAKOTA ³	175	273	+56	127	201	+58	48	72	+50
SOUTH DAKOTA	246	217	-12	187	178	-4	59	39	-34
UTAH	273	224	-18	225	171	-24	48	53	+10
WYOMING	162	157	-3	106	93	-12	56	64	+14
REGION 9.	17,576	22,779	+30	15,575	20,774	+33	2,001	2,005	(Z)
ARIZONA	775	1,506	+94	775	1,276	+65	0	230	*
CALIFORNIA	16,198	20,535	+27	14,332	18,892	+32	1,866	1,643	-12
HAWAII	44	227	+416	37	179	+384	7	48	+586
NEVADA	559	511	-9	431	427	-1	128	84	-34
REGION 10	3,395	2,521	-26	2,459	1,806	-27	936	715	-24
ALASKA	1,106	832	-25	715	563	-21	391	269	-31
IDAHO	284	172	-39	207	126	-39	77	46	-40
OREGON	1,119	868	-22	842	694	-18	277	174	-37
WASHINGTON	886	649	-27	695	423	-39	191	226	+18

NOTE: Data for 1971 represent actual departure transactions for all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles; data for 1973 represent actual departure transactions for all juveniles and adults held in a New Jersey training school, plus estimated departure transactions for youthful offenders held in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.

*Increase not definable.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

¹Because a training school in the District of Columbia also served as a detention center during part of fiscal year 1971, admitting a large number of juveniles for temporary care, data for that year are not strictly comparable with those for fiscal year 1973.

²Data for 1971 for one training school in Pennsylvania include departure transactions of adults, as well as juveniles. In 1973, the facility was no longer within the scope of the census.

³Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

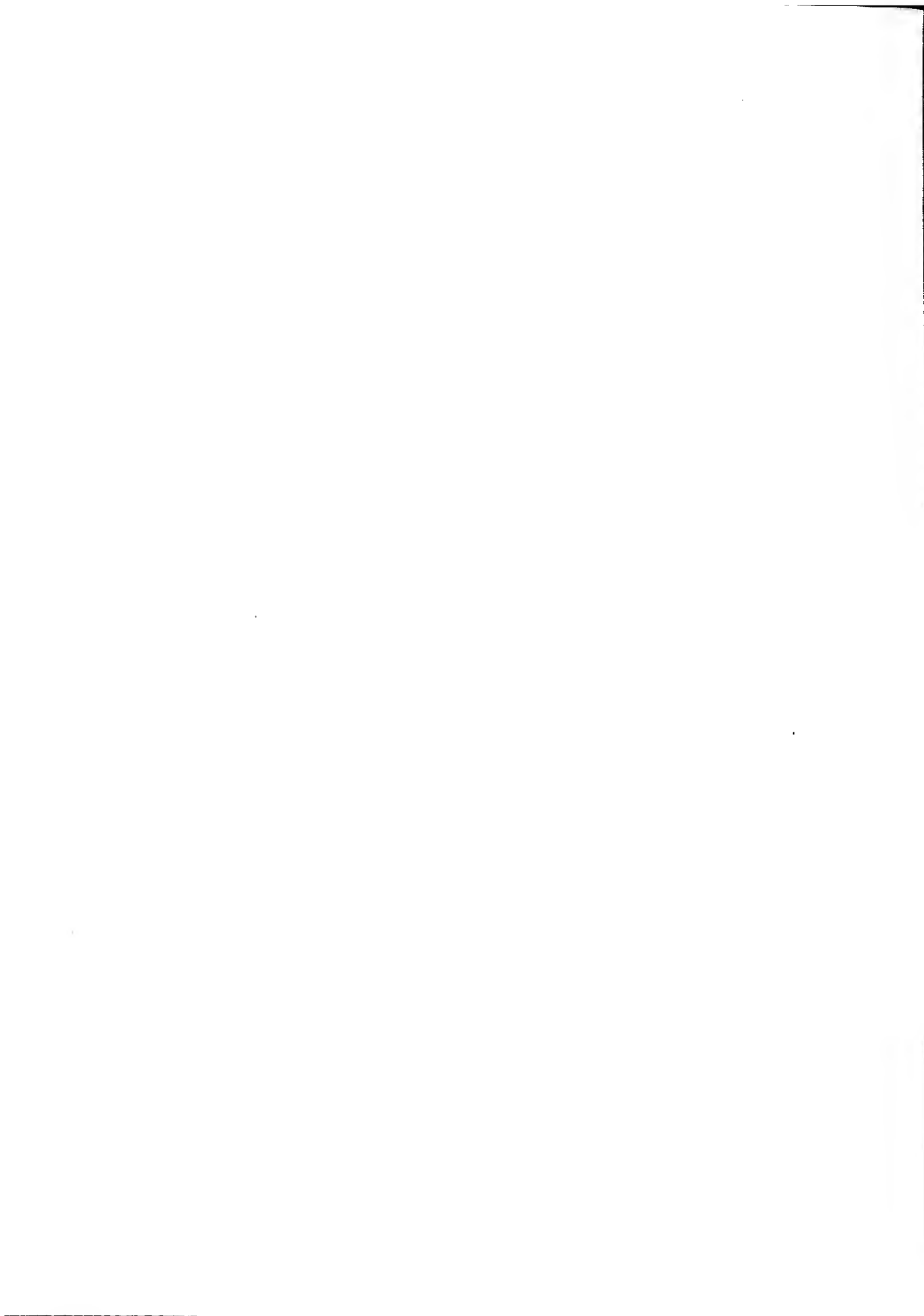


Table B-22. Departures from public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	2,111	4,919	+133	1,620	3,099	+91	491	1,820	+271
REGION 1.	0	638	*	0	73	*	0	565	*
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	622	*	0	63	*	0	559	*
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	16	*	0	10	*	0	6	*
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	833	925	+11	594	602	+1	239	323	+35
NEW JERSEY.	218	364	+67	160	268	+68	58	96	+66
NEW YORK.	615	561	-9	434	334	-23	181	227	+25
REGION 3.	136	216	+59	116	145	+25	20	71	+255
DELAWARE.	0	13	*	0	0	0	0	13	*
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	40	39	-3	25	25	0	15	14	-7
MARYLAND.	21	89	+324	16	61	+281	5	28	+460
PENNSYLVANIA.	17	0	-100	17	0	-100	0	0	0
VIRGINIA.	58	75	+29	58	59	+2	0	16	*
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	313	924	+195	197	843	+328	116	81	-30
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	193	703	+264	77	652	+747	116	51	-56
GEORGIA.	0	20	*	0	14	*	0	6	*
KENTUCKY.	49	51	+4	49	39	-20	0	12	*
MISSISSIPPI.	0	25	*	0	19	*	0	6	*
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	10	*	0	10	*	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	6	*	0	0	0	0	6	*
TENNESSEE.	71	109	+54	71	109	+54	0	0	0
REGION 5.	403	594	+47	367	403	+10	36	191	+431
ILLINOIS.	134	68	-49	134	68	-49	0	0	0
INDIANA.	0	19	*	0	19	*	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	269	377	+40	233	292	+25	36	85	+136
MINNESOTA.	0	113	*	0	7	*	0	106	*
OHIO.	0	17	*	0	17	*	0	0	0
WISCONSIN.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	89	201	+126	68	163	+140	21	38	+81
ARKANSAS.	8	16	+100	8	16	+100	0	0	0
LOUISIANA.	0	11	*	0	11	*	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS.	81	174	+115	60	136	+127	21	38	+81
REGION 7.	128	576	+350	109	393	+261	19	183	+863
IOWA.	0	85	*	0	70	*	0	15	*
KANSAS.	0	9	*	0	9	*	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	128	482	+277	109	314	+188	19	168	+784
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	9	50	+456	9	12	+33	0	38	*
COLORADO.	0	5	*	0	0	0	0	5	*
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ¹	9	27	+200	9	12	+33	0	15	*
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	0	18	*	0	0	0	0	18	*
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	68	675	+893	44	375	+752	24	300	+1,150
ARIZONA.	0	203	*	0	140	*	0	63	*
CALIFORNIA.	68	472	+594	44	235	+434	24	237	+888
HAWAII.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	132	120	-9	116	90	-22	16	30	+88
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	132	120	-9	116	90	-22	16	30	+88

*Increase not definable.

¹Exclude data for three State group homes in North Dakota in 1973; these data were reported with those for a State training school. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-23. Departures from public detention centers, shelters, State or local administration, and

Region and State	Detention centers					
	State			Local		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES.	36,574	26,161	10,413	441,841	305,881	135,960
REGION 1	9,932	8,313	1,619	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	3,140	2,271	869	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	6,792	6,042	750	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	0	0	0	23,456	16,481	6,975
NEW JERSEY.	0	0	0	12,811	9,295	3,516
NEW YORK.	0	0	0	10,645	7,186	3,459
REGION 3	4,161	2,628	1,533	27,719	20,734	6,985
DELAWARE.	1,578	1,127	451	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	0	5,342	4,792	550
MARYLAND.	2,011	1,174	837	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	0	0	0	15,061	11,225	3,836
VIRGINIA.	413	245	168	6,557	4,211	2,346
WEST VIRGINIA.	159	82	77	759	506	253
REGION 4	10,601	7,521	3,080	64,038	43,712	20,326
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	1,988	1,135	853
FLORIDA.	6,863	4,891	1,972	18,201	11,669	6,532
GEORGIA.	3,738	2,630	1,108	14,497	10,065	4,432
KENTUCKY.	0	0	0	7,848	5,677	2,171
MISSISSIPPI.	0	0	0	2,742	1,904	838
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	3,518	2,124	1,394
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	873	574	299
TENNESSEE.	0	0	0	14,371	10,564	3,807
REGION 5	0	0	0	84,677	57,034	27,643
ILLINOIS.	0	0	0	16,438	11,736	4,702
INDIANA.	0	0	0	8,529	5,996	2,533
MICHIGAN.	0	0	0	18,738	12,542	6,196
MINNESOTA.	0	0	0	6,282	3,790	2,492
OHIO.	0	0	0	27,298	18,315	8,983
WISCONSIN.	0	0	0	7,392	4,655	2,737
REGION 6	0	0	0	33,342	23,837	9,505
ARKANSAS.	0	0	0	1,781	1,230	551
LOUISIANA.	0	0	0	5,991	4,296	1,695
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	3,547	2,607	940
OKLAHOMA.	0	0	0	3,398	2,246	1,152
TEXAS.	0	0	0	18,625	13,458	5,167
REGION 7	0	0	0	15,084	9,996	5,088
IOWA.	0	0	0	1,268	731	537
KANSAS.	0	0	0	4,981	3,101	1,880
MISSOURI.	0	0	0	7,730	5,509	2,221
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	1,105	655	450
REGION 8	9,807	6,504	3,303	7,377	4,941	2,436
COLORADO.	9,807	6,504	3,303	0	0	0
MONTANA.	0	0	0	415	248	167
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	94	64	30
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	420	269	151
UTAH.	0	0	0	6,448	4,360	2,088
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	1,797	1,007	790	158,419	112,622	45,797
ARIZONA.	0	0	0	9,007	6,245	2,762
CALIFORNIA.	0	0	0	145,361	103,587	41,774
HAWAII.	1,797	1,007	790	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	4,051	2,790	1,261
REGION 10.	276	188	88	27,729	16,524	11,205
ALASKA.	276	188	88	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	671	382	289
OREGON.	0	0	0	7,988	4,601	3,387
WASHINGTON.	0	0	0	19,070	11,541	7,529

NOTE: Data for reception or diagnostic centers represent actual departure transactions for all juveniles, plus estimated departure transactions for youthful offenders held in three reception or diagnostic centers in California.

**and reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by type of facility,
sex—regions and States, fiscal 1973**

[illegible]

**Table B-24. Departures from public training schools,
of departure and sex—regions**

Region and State	All departures			Discharged without further supervision			Placed in aftercare or parole program of releasing agency		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	74,228	59,270	14,958	6,970	5,607	1,363	9,725	8,341	1,384
REGION 1.	3,020	2,203	817	521	348	173	738	570	168
CONNECTICUT	389	290	99	21	14	7	368	276	92
MAINE	416	316	100	111	76	35	166	166	0
MASSACHUSETTS	325	325	0	150	150	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	736	502	234	0	0	0	178	110	68
RHODE ISLAND	858	590	268	228	100	128	0	0	0
VERMONT	296	180	116	11	8	3	26	18	8
REGION 2.	4,087	3,515	572	670	629	41	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY.	1,973	1,756	217	44	29	15	0	0	0
NEW YORK.	2,114	1,759	355	626	600	26	0	0	0
REGION 3.	9,735	7,928	1,807	1,508	1,257	251	920	846	74
DELAWARE.	319	205	114	11	11	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	921	708	213	38	38	0	349	325	24
MARYLAND.	4,517	3,742	775	24	0	24	232	232	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	1,864	1,609	255	1,220	1,012	208	126	126	0
VIRGINIA.	1,328	1,024	304	50	42	8	29	29	0
WEST VIRGINIA	786	640	146	165	154	11	184	134	50
REGION 4.	14,306	10,692	3,614	765	547	218	733	602	131
ALABAMA	579	454	125	0	0	0	125	0	125
FLORIDA	5,714	4,175	1,539	85	67	18	0	0	0
GEORGIA	1,454	1,157	297	86	62	24	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	596	418	178	64	46	18	31	25	6
MISSISSIPPI	700	579	121	129	108	21	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	2,958	2,052	906	351	257	94	141	141	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	464	388	76	45	7	38	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	1,841	1,469	372	5	0	5	436	436	0
REGION 5.	13,283	10,349	2,934	1,052	722	330	3,231	3,020	211
ILLINOIS.	3,099	2,619	480	88	88	0	697	557	140
INDIANA	1,024	810	214	119	81	38	601	601	0
MICHIGAN.	1,328	951	377	333	175	158	7	7	0
MINNESOTA	2,713	2,034	679	42	30	12	310	310	0
OHIO.	3,653	2,718	935	240	176	64	1,616	1,545	71
WISCONSIN	1,466	1,217	249	230	172	58	0	0	0
REGION 6.	6,441	4,916	1,525	684	552	132	695	635	60
ARKANSAS.	615	445	170	110	73	37	356	356	0
LOUISIANA	1,647	1,391	256	322	277	45	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	476	377	99	185	170	15	251	207	44
OKLAHOMA.	713	505	208	40	20	20	36	20	16
TEXAS	2,990	2,198	792	27	12	15	52	52	0
REGION 7.	3,182	2,534	648	342	312	30	495	420	75
IOWA.	686	491	195	80	75	5	345	292	53
KANSAS.	357	270	87	17	12	5	26	26	0
MISSOURI.	1,737	1,463	274	188	175	13	124	102	22
NEBRASKA.	402	310	92	57	50	7	0	0	0
REGION 8.	1,901	1,493	408	428	320	108	400	342	58
COLORADO.	589	495	94	12	7	5	0	0	0
MONTANA	441	355	86	134	129	5	151	151	0
NORTH DAKOTA ¹	273	201	72	176	126	50	20	20	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	217	178	39	76	58	18	0	0	0
UTAH.	224	171	53	0	0	0	224	171	53
WYOMING	157	93	64	30	0	30	5	0	5
REGION 9.	15,752	13,834	1,918	887	848	39	2,200	1,725	475
ARIZONA	1,506	1,276	230	22	21	1	106	106	0
CALIFORNIA.	13,508	11,952	1,556	686	648	38	1,797	1,399	398
HAWAII.	227	179	48	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	511	427	84	179	179	0	297	220	77
REGION 10.	2,521	1,806	715	113	72	41	313	181	132
ALASKA.	832	563	269	8	6	2	0	0	0
IDAHO	172	126	46	8	6	2	9	7	2
OREGON.	868	694	174	40	22	18	304	174	130
WASHINGTON.	649	423	226	57	38	19	0	0	0

NOTE: Include departure transactions of all juveniles and of adults in one New Jersey training school, but exclude such transactions (estimated at 7,027) involving youthful offenders in seven training schools and five ranches, forestry camps, and farms in California.
¹ Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.
² Transfers to other facilities for delinquent juveniles.

**ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by type
and States, fiscal 1973**

Region and State	Placed in aftercare or parole program			Transferred out ^a			Other		
	Of other agency								
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	35,095	27,333	7,763	8,480	6,891	1,589	13,958	11,098	2,860
REGION 1	828	578	250	167	140	27	766	567	199
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	51	0	51	14	0	14	74	74	0
MASSACHUSETTS	36	36	0	69	69	0	70	70	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	558	392	166
RHODE ISLAND	539	413	126	84	71	13	7	6	1
VERMONT	202	129	73	0	0	0	57	25	32
REGION 2	2,067	1,812	255	733	580	153	617	494	123
NEW JERSEY	1,244	1,168	76	68	65	3	617	494	123
NEW YORK	823	644	179	665	515	150	0	0	0
REGION 3	3,242	2,542	700	564	484	80	3,501	2,799	702
DELAWARE	215	124	91	23	0	23	70	70	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	159	89	70	69	52	17	306	204	102
MARYLAND	1,475	1,194	281	119	119	0	2,667	2,197	470
PENNSYLVANIA	357	357	0	50	50	0	111	64	47
VIRGINIA	978	720	258	219	181	38	52	52	0
WEST VIRGINIA	58	58	0	84	82	2	295	212	83
REGION 4	8,760	6,708	2,052	1,464	1,052	412	2,584	1,783	801
ALABAMA	437	437	0	1	1	0	16	16	0
FLORIDA	2,880	2,191	689	378	315	63	2,371	1,602	769
GEORGIA	1,310	1,037	273	9	9	0	49	49	0
KENTUCKY	451	310	141	49	36	13	1	1	0
MISSISSIPPI	489	389	100	82	82	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	1,418	964	454	906	580	326	142	110	32
SOUTH CAROLINA	391	353	38	28	28	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	1,384	1,027	357	11	1	10	5	5	0
REGION 5	6,378	4,420	1,958	1,687	1,553	134	935	634	301
ILLINOIS	1,474	1,212	262	513	513	0	327	249	78
INDIANA	297	127	170	4	1	3	3	0	3
MICHIGAN	653	537	116	94	93	1	241	139	102
MINNESOTA	1,588	1,096	492	444	363	81	329	235	94
OHIO	1,575	819	756	220	176	44	2	2	0
WISCONSIN	791	629	162	412	407	5	33	9	24
REGION 6	3,779	3,019	760	1,039	540	499	244	170	74
ARKANSAS	135	6	129	14	10	4	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	1,132	925	207	50	48	2	143	141	2
NEW MEXICO	7	0	7	0	0	0	33	0	33
OKLAHOMA	547	397	150	55	49	6	35	19	16
TEXAS	1,958	1,691	267	920	433	487	33	10	23
REGION 7	1,567	1,117	450	464	425	39	314	260	54
IOWA	121	15	106	8	8	0	132	101	31
KANSAS	241	170	71	50	39	11	23	23	0
MISSOURI	871	683	188	395	367	28	159	136	23
NEBRASKA	334	249	85	11	11	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	882	653	229	162	152	10	29	26	3
COLORADO	488	406	82	88	82	6	1	0	1
MONTANA	79	0	79	63	61	2	14	14	0
NORTH DAKOTA	77	55	22	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	123	104	19	9	9	0	9	7	2
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	115	88	27	2	0	2	5	5	0
REGION 9	6,325	5,470	855	2,114	1,915	199	4,226	3,876	350
ARIZONA	784	625	159	592	522	70	2	2	0
CALIFORNIA	5,406	4,736	670	1,504	1,375	129	4,115	3,794	321
HAWAII	118	99	19	0	0	0	109	80	29
NEVADA	17	10	7	18	18	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	1,267	1,014	253	86	50	36	742	489	253
ALASKA	82	68	14	0	0	0	742	489	253
IDAHO	146	106	40	9	7	2	0	0	0
OREGON	497	497	0	27	1	26	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	542	343	199	50	42	8	0	0	0

Table B-25. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	54,729	45,694	-17	41,781	35,057	-16	12,948	10,637	-18
REGION 1	1,686	999	-41	1,242	699	-44	444	300	-32
CONNECTICUT	229	189	-17	156	136	-13	73	53	-27
MAINE	251	172	-31	179	143	-20	72	29	-60
MASSACHUSETTS	724	217	-70	577	156	-73	147	61	-59
NEW HAMPSHIRE	210	197	-6	139	143	+3	71	54	-24
RHODE ISLAND	174	130	-25	135	77	-43	39	53	+36
VERMONT	98	94	-4	56	44	-21	42	50	+19
REGION 2	4,214	3,122	-26	3,357	2,443	-27	857	679	-21
NEW JERSEY	1,532	1,200	-22	1,287	963	-25	245	237	-3
NEW YORK	2,682	1,922	-28	2,070	1,480	-29	612	442	-28
REGION 3	6,492	5,366	-17	5,158	4,103	-20	1,334	1,263	-5
DELAWARE	390	234	-40	255	155	-39	135	79	-41
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	741	546	-26	618	469	-24	123	77	-37
MARYLAND	1,397	1,472	+5	1,096	1,131	+3	301	341	+13
PENNSYLVANIA	2,044	1,343	-34	1,769	1,071	-39	275	272	-1
VIRGINIA	1,491	1,406	-6	1,109	990	-11	382	416	+9
WEST VIRGINIA	429	365	-15	311	287	-8	118	78	-34
REGION 4	9,571	8,328	-13	6,956	6,338	-9	2,615	1,990	-24
ALABAMA	564	413	-27	407	299	-27	157	114	-27
FLORIDA	2,497	2,126	-15	1,827	1,678	-8	670	448	-33
GEORGIA	1,455	1,482	+2	1,090	1,148	+5	365	334	-8
KENTUCKY	653	494	-24	445	387	-13	208	107	-49
MISSISSIPPI	521	624	+20	397	494	+24	124	130	+5
NORTH CAROLINA	1,812	1,334	-26	1,258	887	-29	554	447	-19
SOUTH CAROLINA	793	530	-33	609	385	-37	184	145	-21
TENNESSEE	1,276	1,325	+4	923	1,060	+15	353	265	-25
REGION 5	11,259	8,552	-24	8,555	6,539	-24	2,704	2,013	-26
ILLINOIS	2,617	1,711	-35	2,156	1,452	-33	461	259	-44
INDIANA	1,069	888	-17	732	649	-11	337	239	-29
MICHIGAN	2,004	1,603	-20	1,449	1,124	-22	555	479	-14
MINNESOTA	829	701	-15	654	545	-17	175	156	-11
OHIO	3,602	2,868	-20	2,679	2,140	-20	923	728	-21
WISCONSIN	1,138	781	-31	885	629	-29	253	152	-40
REGION 6	5,561	4,635	-17	4,319	3,761	-13	1,242	874	-30
ARKANSAS	506	497	-2	375	360	-4	131	137	+5
LOUISIANA	1,473	1,257	-15	1,213	1,052	-13	260	205	-21
NEW MEXICO	375	340	-9	286	282	-1	89	58	-35
OKLAHOMA	356	443	+24	222	298	+34	134	145	+8
TEXAS	2,851	2,098	-26	2,223	1,769	-20	628	329	-48
REGION 7	2,224	1,992	-10	1,608	1,468	-9	616	524	-15
IOWA	492	344	-30	341	225	-34	151	119	-21
KANSAS	417	392	-6	298	285	-4	119	107	-10
MISSOURI	1,065	1,020	-4	800	811	+1	265	209	-21
NEBRASKA	250	236	-6	169	147	-13	81	89	+10
REGION 8	1,413	1,208	-15	1,028	847	-18	385	361	-6
COLORADO	443	427	-4	340	320	-6	103	107	+4
MONTANA	206	210	+2	138	141	+2	68	69	-1
NORTH DAKOTA	126	86	-32	95	58	-39	31	28	-10
SOUTH DAKOTA	184	115	-38	140	93	-34	44	22	-50
UTAH	309	243	-21	218	165	-24	91	78	-14
WYOMING	145	127	-12	97	70	-28	48	57	+19
REGION 9	10,195	9,549	-6	8,095	7,500	-7	2,100	2,049	-2
ARIZONA	672	678	+1	612	532	-13	60	146	+143
CALIFORNIA	8,918	8,445	-5	7,007	6,678	-5	1,911	1,767	-8
HAWAII	105	108	+3	87	79	-9	18	29	+61
NEVADA	500	318	-36	389	211	-46	111	107	-4
REGION 10	2,114	1,943	-8	1,463	1,359	-7	651	584	-10
ALASKA	144	81	-44	112	49	-56	32	32	0
IDAHO	152	151	-1	93	118	+27	59	33	-44
OREGON	520	554	+7	346	411	+19	174	143	-18
WASHINGTON	1,298	1,157	-11	912	781	-14	386	376	-3

Table B-26. Juveniles held in State-administered public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	38,265	30,403	-21	29,890	23,908	-20	8,375	6,495	-22
REGION 1	1,509	994	-34	1,065	696	-35	444	298	-33
CONNECTICUT.	229	189	-17	156	136	-13	73	53	-27
MAINE.	251	172	-31	179	143	-20	72	29	-60
MASSACHUSETTS.	547	217	-60	400	156	-61	147	61	-59
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	210	192	-9	139	140	+1	71	52	-27
RHODE ISLAND.	174	130	-25	135	77	-43	39	53	+36
VERMONT.	98	94	-4	56	44	-21	42	50	+19
REGION 2	3,290	2,357	-28	2,728	1,902	-30	562	455	-19
NEW JERSEY	1,050	725	-31	927	623	-33	123	102	-17
NEW YORK	2,240	1,632	-27	1,801	1,279	-29	439	353	-20
REGION 3	4,953	4,093	-17	3,985	3,140	-21	968	953	-2
DELAWARE	390	234	-40	255	155	-39	135	79	-41
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	1,397	1,472	+5	1,096	1,131	+3	301	341	+13
PENNSYLVANIA	1,543	932	-40	1,410	783	-44	133	149	+12
VIRGINIA	1,257	1,132	-10	958	818	-15	299	314	+5
WEST VIRGINIA.	366	323	-12	266	253	-5	100	70	-30
REGION 4	7,515	6,924	-8	5,538	5,349	-3	1,977	1,575	-20
ALABAMA.	434	356	-18	329	271	-18	105	85	-19
FLORIDA.	1,344	1,478	+10	1,038	1,212	+17	306	266	-13
GEORGIA.	1,137	1,233	+8	863	978	+13	274	255	-7
KENTUCKY	477	321	-33	323	267	-17	154	54	-65
MISSISSIPPI.	491	565	+15	375	449	+20	116	116	0
NORTH CAROLINA	1,734	1,271	-27	1,199	845	-30	535	426	-20
SOUTH CAROLINA	782	523	-33	600	379	-37	182	144	-21
TENNESSEE.	1,116	1,177	+5	811	948	+17	305	229	-25
REGION 5	7,997	5,547	-31	6,350	4,534	-29	1,647	1,013	-38
ILLINOIS	1,820	1,129	-38	1,603	1,056	-34	217	73	-66
INDIANA.	836	592	-29	587	428	-27	249	164	-34
MICHIGAN	995	607	-39	795	498	-37	200	109	-46
MINNESOTA.	581	481	-17	461	383	-17	120	98	-18
OHIO	2,726	2,083	-24	2,086	1,622	-22	640	461	-28
WISCONSIN.	1,039	655	-37	818	547	-33	221	108	-51
REGION 6	4,728	3,727	-21	3,661	3,019	-18	1,067	708	-34
ARKANSAS	486	462	-5	362	336	-7	124	126	+2
LOUISIANA.	1,231	1,017	-17	1,010	848	-16	221	169	-24
NEW MEXICO	324	286	-12	244	242	-1	80	44	-45
OKLAHOMA	321	381	+19	200	262	+31	121	119	-2
TEXAS.	2,366	1,581	-33	1,845	1,331	-28	521	250	-52
REGION 7	1,567	1,215	-22	1,109	866	-22	458	349	-24
IOWA	460	292	-37	326	197	-40	134	95	-29
KANSAS	291	264	-9	212	204	-4	79	60	-24
MISSOURI	586	469	-20	417	343	-18	169	126	-25
NEBRASKA	230	190	-17	154	122	-21	76	68	-11
REGION 8	1,330	1,107	-17	974	787	-19	356	320	-10
COLORADO	443	421	-5	340	320	-6	103	101	-2
MONTANA.	205	208	+1	138	140	+1	67	68	+1
NORTH DAKOTA	125	69	-45	94	53	-44	31	16	-48
SOUTH DAKOTA	167	101	-40	127	84	-34	40	17	-58
UTAH	245	181	-26	178	120	-33	67	61	-9
WYOMING.	145	127	-12	97	70	-28	48	57	+19
REGION 9	3,719	2,968	-20	3,289	2,546	-23	430	422	-2
ARIZONA.	532	532	0	532	430	-19	0	102	*
CALIFORNIA	2,707	2,112	-22	2,381	1,907	-20	326	205	-37
HAWAII	105	108	+3	87	79	-9	18	29	+61
NEVADA	375	216	-42	289	130	-55	86	86	0
REGION 10.	1,657	1,471	-11	1,191	1,069	-10	466	402	-14
ALASKA	144	81	-44	112	49	-56	32	32	0
IDAHO.	134	134	0	83	107	+29	51	27	-47
OREGON	350	381	+9	248	295	+19	102	86	-16
WASHINGTON	1,029	875	-15	748	618	-17	281	257	-9

*Increase not definable.

**Table B-28. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention
and State or local administration**

Region and State	All facilities			Detention center			Shelter		
	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local
UNITED STATES	45,694	30,403	15,291	10,782	715	10,067	190	12	178
REGION 1	999	994	5	166	166	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	189	189	0	31	31	0	0	0	0
MAINE	172	172	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	217	217	0	135	135	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	197	192	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	130	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	94	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	3,122	2,357	765	765	0	765	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	1,200	725	475	475	0	475	0	0	0
NEW YORK	1,922	1,632	290	290	0	290	0	0	0
REGION 3	5,366	4,093	1,273	776	77	699	74	0	74
DELAWARE	234	234	0	26	26	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	546	0	546	16	0	16	58	0	58
MARYLAND	1,472	1,472	0	34	34	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	1,343	932	411	403	0	403	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	1,406	1,132	274	278	11	267	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	365	323	42	19	6	13	16	0	16
REGION 4	8,328	6,924	1,404	1,249	302	947	24	12	12
ALABAMA	413	356	57	57	0	57	0	0	0
FLORIDA	2,126	1,478	648	484	137	347	12	0	12
GEORGIA	1,482	1,233	249	414	165	249	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	494	321	173	58	0	58	12	12	0
MISSISSIPPI	624	565	59	48	0	48	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	1,334	1,271	63	63	0	63	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	530	523	7	7	0	7	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	1,325	1,177	148	118	0	118	0	0	0
REGION 5	8,552	5,547	3,005	2,192	0	2,192	58	0	58
ILLINOIS	1,711	1,129	582	392	0	392	0	0	0
INDIANA	888	592	296	256	0	256	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	1,603	607	996	809	0	809	30	0	30
MINNESOTA	701	481	220	96	0	96	0	0	0
OHIO	2,868	2,083	785	524	0	524	17	0	17
WISCONSIN	781	655	126	115	0	115	11	0	11
REGION 6	4,635	3,727	908	540	0	540	34	0	34
ARKANSAS	497	462	35	16	0	16	15	0	15
LOUISIANA	1,257	1,017	240	137	0	137	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO ¹	340	286	54	54	0	54	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	443	381	62	28	0	28	19	0	19
TEXAS	2,098	1,581	517	305	0	305	0	0	0
REGION 7	1,992	1,215	777	396	0	396	0	0	0
IOWA	344	292	52	35	0	35	0	0	0
KANSAS	392	264	128	128	0	128	0	0	0
MISSOURI	1,020	469	551	187	0	187	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	236	190	46	46	0	46	0	0	0
REGION 8	1,208	1,107	101	216	138	78	0	0	0
COLORADO	427	421	6	138	138	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	210	208	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ²	86	69	17	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	115	101	14	14	0	14	0	0	0
UTAH	243	181	62	62	0	62	0	0	0
WYOMING	127	127	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	9,549	2,968	6,581	4,016	27	3,989	0	0	0
ARIZONA	678	532	146	146	0	146	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	8,445	2,112	6,333	3,782	0	3,782	0	0	0
HAWAII	108	108	0	27	27	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	318	216	102	61	0	61	0	0	0
REGION 10	1,943	1,471	472	466	5	461	0	0	0
ALASKA	81	81	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	151	134	17	17	0	17	0	0	0
OREGON	554	381	173	162	0	162	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	1,157	875	282	282	0	282	0	0	0

¹Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school.
²Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school.

**and correctional facilities, by type of facility
—regions and States, midyear 1973**

Reception or diagnostic center			Training school			Ranch, forestry camp, and farm			Halfway house and group home		
Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local
1,734	1,734	0	26,427	24,222	2,205	4,959	2,502	2,457	1,602	1,218	384
11	11	0	735	735	0	26	26	0	61	56	5
0	0	0	158	158	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	172	172	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	26	26	0	56	56	0
0	0	0	192	192	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
11	11	0	119	119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	94	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,671	1,671	0	282	282	0	404	404	0
0	0	0	625	625	0	0	0	0	100	100	0
0	0	0	1,046	1,046	0	282	282	0	304	304	0
292	292	0	3,513	3,040	473	572	572	0	139	112	27
0	0	0	200	200	0	0	0	0	8	8	0
0	0	0	452	0	452	0	0	0	20	0	20
111	111	0	1,088	1,088	0	172	172	0	67	67	0
0	0	0	780	772	8	160	160	0	0	0	0
181	181	0	779	779	0	124	124	0	44	37	7
0	0	0	214	201	13	116	116	0	0	0	0
355	355	0	5,953	5,620	333	365	330	35	382	305	77
0	0	0	356	356	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,316	1,079	237	35	0	35	279	262	17
0	0	0	1,040	1,040	0	0	0	0	28	28	0
70	70	0	96	0	96	234	234	0	24	5	19
0	0	0	565	565	0	0	0	0	11	0	11
0	0	0	1,266	1,266	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
160	160	0	358	358	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
125	125	0	956	956	0	96	96	0	30	0	30
589	589	0	4,878	4,240	638	615	556	59	220	162	58
164	164	0	944	754	190	191	191	0	20	20	0
0	0	0	573	547	26	45	45	0	14	0	14
50	50	0	446	380	66	114	55	59	154	122	32
0	0	0	551	427	124	34	34	0	20	20	0
375	375	0	1,724	1,492	232	216	216	0	12	0	12
0	0	0	640	640	0	15	15	0	0	0	0
101	101	0	3,891	3,612	279	0	0	0	69	14	55
18	18	0	444	444	0	0	0	0	4	0	4
83	83	0	1,026	934	92	0	0	0	11	0	11
0	0	0	286	286	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	396	381	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,739	1,567	172	0	0	0	54	14	40
0	0	0	1,176	1,022	154	268	135	133	152	58	94
0	0	0	195	195	0	92	92	0	22	5	17
0	0	0	258	258	0	0	0	0	6	6	0
0	0	0	533	379	154	176	43	133	124	47	77
0	0	0	190	190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	801	801	0	146	146	0	45	22	23
0	0	0	190	190	0	93	93	0	6	0	6
0	0	0	178	178	0	30	30	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	69	69	0	0	0	0	17	0	17
0	0	0	78	78	0	23	23	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	159	159	0	0	0	0	22	22	0
0	0	0	127	127	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
236	236	0	2,853	2,525	328	2,365	146	2,219	79	34	45
0	0	0	421	421	0	77	77	0	34	34	0
236	236	0	2,135	1,807	328	2,247	69	2,178	45	0	45
0	0	0	81	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	216	216	0	41	0	41	0	0	0
150	150	0	956	956	0	320	309	11	51	51	0
0	0	0	76	76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	134	134	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	336	336	0	56	45	11	0	0	0
150	150	0	410	410	0	264	264	0	51	51	0

**Table B-29. Juveniles held in public detention centers for juveniles,
by State or local administration of facility
—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	11,767	10,782	-8	689	715	+4	11,078	10,067	-9
REGION 1.	238	166	-30	238	166	-30	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	35	31	-11	35	31	-11	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	203	135	-34	203	135	-34	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	909	765	-16	0	0	0	909	765	-16
NEW JERSEY	467	475	+2	0	0	0	467	475	+2
NEW YORK	442	290	-34	0	0	0	442	290	-34
REGION 3.	908	776	-15	110	77	-30	798	699	-12
DELAWARE	44	26	-41	44	26	-41	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	78	16	-79	0	0	0	78	16	-79
MARYLAND	66	34	-48	66	34	-48	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	474	403	-15	0	0	0	474	403	-15
VIRGINIA	210	278	+32	0	11	*	210	267	+27
WEST VIRGINIA	36	19	-47	0	6	*	36	13	-64
REGION 4.	1,699	1,249	-26	166	302	+82	1,533	947	-38
ALABAMA	130	57	-56	0	0	0	130	57	-56
FLORIDA	753	484	-36	0	137	*	753	347	-54
GEORGIA	484	414	-14	166	165	-1	318	249	-22
KENTUCKY	79	58	-27	0	0	0	79	58	-27
MISSISSIPPI	30	48	+60	0	0	0	30	48	+60
NORTH CAROLINA	78	63	-19	0	0	0	78	63	-19
SOUTH CAROLINA	11	7	-36	0	0	0	11	7	-36
TENNESSEE	134	118	-12	0	0	0	134	118	-12
REGION 5.	2,496	2,192	-12	0	0	0	2,496	2,192	-12
ILLINOIS	585	392	-33	0	0	0	585	392	-33
INDIANA	233	256	+10	0	0	0	233	256	+10
MICHIGAN	925	809	-13	0	0	0	925	809	-13
MINNESOTA	60	96	+60	0	0	0	60	96	+60
OHIO	601	524	-13	0	0	0	601	524	-13
WISCONSIN	92	115	+25	0	0	0	92	115	+25
REGION 6.	519	540	+4	0	0	0	519	540	+4
ARKANSAS	15	16	+7	0	0	0	15	16	+7
LOUISIANA	146	137	-6	0	0	0	146	137	-6
NEW MEXICO	51	54	+6	0	0	0	51	54	+6
OKLAHOMA	16	28	+75	0	0	0	16	28	+75
TEXAS	291	305	+5	0	0	0	291	305	+5
REGION 7.	384	396	+3	0	0	0	384	396	+3
IOWA	32	35	+9	0	0	0	32	35	+9
KANSAS	126	128	+2	0	0	0	126	128	+2
MISSOURI	206	187	-9	0	0	0	206	187	-9
NEBRASKA	20	46	+130	0	0	0	20	46	+130
REGION 8.	231	216	-6	148	138	-7	83	78	-6
COLORADO	148	138	-7	148	138	-7	0	0	0
MONTANA	1	2	+100	0	0	0	1	2	+100
NORTH DAKOTA	1	0	-100	0	0	0	1	0	-100
SOUTH DAKOTA	17	14	-18	0	0	0	17	14	-18
UTAH	64	62	-3	0	0	0	64	62	-3
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	3,994	4,016	+1	20	27	+35	3,974	3,989	(2)
ARIZONA	140	146	+4	0	0	0	140	146	+4
CALIFORNIA	3,761	3,782	+1	0	0	0	3,761	3,782	+1
HAWAII	20	27	+35	20	27	+35	0	0	0
NEVADA	73	61	-16	0	0	0	73	61	-16
REGION 10	389	466	+20	7	5	-29	382	461	+21
ALASKA	7	5	-29	7	5	-29	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	17	*	0	0	0	0	17	*
OREGON	160	162	+1	0	0	0	160	162	+1
WASHINGTON	222	282	+27	0	0	0	222	282	+27

*Increase not definable.
(2) Less than 0.5 percent.

**Table B-30. Juveniles held in public shelters for juveniles,
by State or local administration of facility—
regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	360	190	-47	110	12	-89	250	178	-29
REGION 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	15	0	-100	0	0	0	15	0	-100
NEW JERSEY	15	0	-100	0	0	0	15	0	-100
NEW YORK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3.	59	74	+25	0	0	0	59	74	+25
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	49	58	+18	0	0	0	49	58	+18
MARYLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	8	0	-100	0	0	0	8	0	-100
VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	2	16	+700	0	0	0	2	16	+700
REGION 4.	36	24	-33	0	12	*	36	12	-67
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	36	12	-67	0	0	0	36	12	-67
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	0	12	*	0	12	*	0	0	0
MISSISSIPPI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 5.	75	58	-23	0	0	0	75	58	-23
ILLINOIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	22	30	+36	0	0	0	22	30	+36
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO	46	17	-63	0	0	0	46	17	-63
WISCONSIN	7	11	+57	0	0	0	7	11	+57
REGION 6.	0	34	*	0	0	0	0	34	*
ARKANSAS	0	15	*	0	0	0	0	15	*
LOUISIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	19	*	0	0	0	0	19	*
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	110	0	-100	110	0	-100	0	0	0
IOWA	110	0	-100	110	0	-100	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARIZONA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	65	0	-100	0	0	0	65	0	-100
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	18	0	-100	0	0	0	18	0	-100
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	47	0	-100	0	0	0	47	0	-100

*Increase not definable.

Table B-31. Juveniles held in public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	All facilities		Percent change
	1971	1973	
UNITED STATES	2,153	1,734	-19
REGION 1	0	11	*
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	11	*
VERMONT	0	0	0
REGION 2	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0
NEW YORK	0	0	0
REGION 3	279	292	+5
DELAWARE	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0
MARYLAND	103	111	+8
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	176	181	+3
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0
REGION 4	211	355	+68
ALABAMA	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	56	70	+25
MISSISSIPPI	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	155	160	+3
TENNESSEE	0	125	*
REGION 5	947	589	-38
ILLINOIS	274	164	-40
INDIANA	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	27	50	+85
MINNESOTA	185	0	-100
OHIO	461	375	-16
WISCONSIN	0	0	0
REGION 6	135	101	-25
ARKANSAS	18	18	0
LOUISIANA	117	83	-29
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0
REGION 7	0	0	0
IOWA	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0
REGION 8	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0
REGION 9	432	236	-45
ARIZONA	116	0	-100
CALIFORNIA	316	236	-25
HAWAII	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0
REGION 10	149	150	+1
ALASKA	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	149	150	+1

NOTE: In both 1971 and 1973, all public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles were operated by State governments.
*Increase not definable.

**Table B-32. Juveniles held in public training schools for juveniles,
by State or local administration of facility
—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	34,005	26,427	-22	31,606	24,222	-23	2,399	2,205	-8
REGION 1	1,423	735	-48	1,246	735	-41	177	0	-100
CONNECTICUT	194	158	-19	194	158	-19	0	0	0
MAINE	251	172	-31	251	172	-31	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	496	0	-100	319	0	-100	177	0	-100
NEW HAMPSHIRE	210	192	-9	210	192	-9	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	174	119	-32	174	119	-32	0	0	0
VERMONT	98	94	-4	98	94	-4	0	0	0
REGION 2	2,654	1,671	-37	2,654	1,671	-37	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	987	625	-37	987	625	-37	0	0	0
NEW YORK	1,667	1,046	-37	1,667	1,046	-37	0	0	0
REGION 3	4,627	3,513	-24	4,011	3,040	-24	616	473	-23
DELAWARE	346	200	-42	346	200	-42	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	599	452	-25	0	0	0	599	452	-25
MARYLAND	1,043	1,088	+4	1,043	1,088	+4	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	1,393	780	-44	1,393	772	-45	0	8	*
VIRGINIA	949	779	-18	949	779	-18	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	297	214	-28	280	201	-28	17	13	-24
REGION 4	7,006	5,953	-15	6,647	5,620	-15	359	333	-7
ALABAMA	434	356	-18	434	356	-18	0	0	0
FLORIDA	1,536	1,316	-14	1,254	1,079	-14	282	237	-16
GEORGIA	971	1,040	+7	971	1,040	+7	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	207	96	-54	130	0	-100	77	96	+25
MISSISSIPPI	491	565	+15	491	565	+15	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	1,734	1,266	-27	1,734	1,266	-27	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	627	358	-43	627	358	-43	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	1,006	956	-5	1,006	956	-5	0	0	0
REGION 5	6,547	4,878	-25	5,933	4,240	-29	614	638	+4
ILLINOIS	1,371	944	-31	1,182	754	-29	189	190	+1
INDIANA	774	573	-26	774	547	-29	0	26	*
MICHIGAN	791	446	-44	783	380	-51	8	66	+725
MINNESOTA	505	551	+9	317	427	+35	188	124	-34
OHIO	2,123	1,724	-19	1,894	1,492	-21	229	232	+1
WISCONSIN	983	640	-35	983	640	-35	0	0	0
REGION 6	4,850	3,891	-20	4,593	3,612	-21	257	279	+9
ARKANSAS	468	444	-5	468	444	-5	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	1,210	1,026	-15	1,114	934	-16	96	92	-4
NEW MEXICO ¹	324	286	-12	324	286	-12	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	340	396	+16	321	381	+19	19	15	-21
TEXAS	2,508	1,739	-31	2,366	1,567	-34	142	172	+21
REGION 7	1,417	1,176	-17	1,315	1,022	-22	102	154	+51
IOWA	258	195	-24	258	195	-24	0	0	0
KANSAS	291	258	-11	291	258	-11	0	0	0
MISSOURI	638	533	-16	536	379	-29	102	154	+51
NEBRASKA	230	190	-17	230	190	-17	0	0	0
REGION 8	1,051	801	-24	1,051	801	-24	0	0	0
COLORADO	223	190	-15	223	190	-15	0	0	0
MONTANA	178	178	0	178	178	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ²	118	69	-42	118	69	-42	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	142	78	-45	142	78	-45	0	0	0
UTAH	245	159	-35	245	159	-35	0	0	0
WYOMING	145	127	-12	145	127	-12	0	0	0
REGION 9	3,417	2,853	-17	3,143	2,522	-20	274	328	+20
ARIZONA	367	421	+15	367	421	+15	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	2,590	2,135	-18	2,316	1,807	-22	274	328	+20
HAWAII	85	81	-5	85	81	-5	0	0	0
NEVADA	375	216	-42	375	216	-42	0	0	0
REGION 10	1,013	956	-6	1,013	956	-6	0	0	0
ALASKA	103	76	-26	103	76	-26	0	0	0
IDAHO	134	134	0	134	134	0	0	0	0
OREGON	311	336	+8	311	336	+8	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	465	410	-12	465	410	-12	0	0	0

*Increase not definable.

¹Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

²Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973.

**Table B-33. Juveniles held at public ranches, forestry camps,
and farms for juveniles, by State or local administration
of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	5,471	4,959	-9	3,074	2,502	-19	2,397	2,457	+3
REGION 1.	25	26	+4	25	26	+4	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	25	26	+4	25	26	+4	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	290	282	-3	290	282	-3	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK	290	282	-3	290	282	-3	0	0	0
REGION 3.	523	572	+9	515	572	+11	8	0	-100
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	157	172	+10	157	172	+10	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	150	160	+7	150	160	+7	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	122	124	+2	122	124	+2	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	94	116	+23	86	116	+35	8	0	-100
REGION 4.	466	365	-22	421	330	-22	45	35	-22
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	65	35	-46	20	0	-100	45	35	-22
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	291	234	-20	291	234	-20	0	0	0
MISSISSIPPI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	110	96	-13	110	96	-13	0	0	0
REGION 5.	1,062	615	-42	1,010	556	-45	52	59	+13
ILLINOIS	345	191	-45	345	191	-45	0	0	0
INDIANA	62	45	-27	62	45	-27	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	149	114	-23	97	55	-43	52	59	+13
MINNESOTA	79	34	-57	79	34	-57	0	0	0
OHIO	371	216	-42	371	216	-42	0	0	0
WISCONSIN	56	15	-73	56	15	-73	0	0	0
REGION 6.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARKANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO ¹	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	250	268	+7	142	135	-4	108	133	+23
IOWA	92	92	0	92	92	0	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	158	176	+11	50	43	-14	108	133	+23
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	124	146	+18	124	146	+18	0	0	0
COLORADO	72	93	+29	72	93	+29	0	0	0
MONTANA	27	30	+11	27	30	+11	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	25	23	-8	25	23	-8	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	2,298	2,365	+3	124	146	+18	2,174	2,219	+2
ARIZONA	49	77	+57	49	77	+57	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	2,197	2,247	+2	75	69	-8	2,122	2,178	+3
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	52	41	-21	0	0	0	52	41	-21
REGION 10	433	320	-26	423	309	-27	10	11	+10
ALASKA	34	0	-100	34	0	-100	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	49	56	+14	39	45	+15	10	11	+10
WASHINGTON	350	264	-25	350	264	-25	0	0	0

¹Data for two State forestry camps in New Mexico were reported with those for a State training school in both 1971 and 1973.

Table B-34. Juveniles held in public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by State or local administration of facility—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	973	1,602	+65	633	1,218	+92	340	384	+13
REGION 1.	0	61	*	0	56	*	0	5	*
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	56	*	0	56	*	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	5	*	0	0	0	0	5	*
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	246	404	+17	346	404	+17	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	63	100	+59	63	100	+59	0	0	0
NEW YORK	283	304	+7	283	304	+7	0	0	0
REGION 3.	96	139	+45	38	112	+195	58	27	-53
DELAWARE	0	8	*	0	8	*	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	15	20	+33	0	0	0	15	20	+33
MARYLAND	28	67	+139	28	67	+139	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	19	0	-100	0	0	0	19	0	-100
VIRGINIA	34	44	+29	10	37	+270	24	7	-71
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	153	382	+150	70	305	+336	83	77	-7
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	107	279	+161	70	262	+274	37	17	-54
GEORGIA	0	28	*	0	28	*	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	20	24	+20	0	5	*	20	19	-5
MISSISSIPPI	0	11	*	0	0	0	0	11	*
NORTH CAROLINA	0	5	*	0	5	*	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	5	*	0	5	*	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	26	30	+15	0	0	0	26	30	+15
REGION 5.	132	220	+67	107	162	+51	25	58	+132
ILLINOIS	42	20	-52	19	20	+5	23	-	-100
INDIANA	0	14	*	0	0	0	0	14	*
MICHIGAN	90	154	+71	88	122	+39	2	32	+1,500
MINNESOTA	0	20	*	0	20	*	0	0	0
OHIO	0	12	*	0	0	0	0	12	*
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	57	69	+21	0	14	*	57	55	-4
ARKANSAS	5	4	-20	0	0	0	5	4	-20
LOUISIANA	0	11	*	0	0	0	0	11	*
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	52	54	+4	0	14	*	52	40	-23
REGION 7.	63	152	+141	0	58	*	63	94	+49
IOWA	0	22	*	0	5	*	0	17	*
KANSAS	0	6	*	0	6	*	0	0	0
MISSOURI	63	124	+97	0	47	*	63	77	+22
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	7	45	+543	7	22	+214	0	23	*
COLORADO	0	6	*	0	0	0	0	6	*
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ¹	7	17	+143	7	0	-100	0	17	*
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	22	*	0	22	*	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	54	79	+46	0	34	*	54	45	-17
ARIZONA	0	34	*	0	34	*	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	54	45	-17	0	0	0	54	45	-17
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	65	51	-22	65	51	-22	0	0	0
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	65	51	-22	65	51	-22	0	0	0

*Increase not definable.

¹Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973. Two of these homes did not exist in 1971; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

**Table B-35. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities,
by average age of male and of female residents
—regions and States, midyear 1973**

Region and State	Total facilities with male residents	Average age of male residents				Not reported
		Under 14	14-15	16-17	18-20	
UNITED STATES.	682	46	380	242	13	1
REGION 1	17	1	15	1	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	5	0	5	0	0	0
MAINE.	1	0	1	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	6	0	5	1	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	2	1	1	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	2	0	2	0	0	0
VERMONT.	1	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 2	65	4	33	27	1	0
NEW JERSEY	23	1	16	5	1	0
NEW YORK	42	3	17	22	0	0
REGION 3	82	4	41	36	1	0
DELAWARE	4	0	2	2	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	8	1	4	3	0	0
MARYLAND	12	2	3	7	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	29	0	15	14	0	0
VIRGINIA	21	1	11	9	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	8	0	6	1	1	0
REGION 4	117	20	69	28	0	0
ALABAMA.	5	1	3	1	0	0
FLORIDA.	41	9	21	11	0	0
GEORGIA.	20	1	14	5	0	0
KENTUCKY.	14	1	9	4	0	0
MISSISSIPPI.	8	1	4	3	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	14	6	8	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	5	0	5	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	10	1	5	4	0	0
REGION 5	129	5	79	45	0	0
ILLINOIS	27	1	17	9	0	0
INDIANA.	12	0	8	4	0	0
MICHIGAN	41	2	23	16	0	0
MINNESOTA.	10	0	5	5	0	0
OHIO	29	2	19	8	0	0
WISCONSIN.	10	0	7	3	0	0
REGION 6	51	2	35	12	1	1
ARKANSAS.	7	1	3	2	0	1
LOUISIANA.	13	0	12	1	0	0
NEW MEXICO	3	0	2	1	0	0
OKLAHOMA	7	0	4	3	0	0
TEXAS.	21	1	14	5	1	0
REGION 7	52	6	26	19	1	0
IOWA	9	1	4	4	0	0
KANSAS	10	0	6	3	1	0
MISSOURI	30	4	16	10	0	0
NEBRASKA	3	1	0	2	0	0
REGION 8	22	1	11	10	0	0
COLORADO	9	0	7	2	0	0
MONTANA.	3	0	1	2	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	2	0	1	1	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	3	0	0	3	0	0
UTAH	4	1	2	1	0	0
WYOMING.	1	0	0	1	0	0
REGION 9	112	3	45	55	9	0
ARIZONA.	11	0	3	8	0	0
CALIFORNIA	94	3	39	43	9	0
HAWAII	3	0	1	2	0	0
NEVADA	4	0	2	2	0	0
REGION 10.	35	0	26	9	0	0
ALASKA	2	0	1	1	0	0
IDAHO.	2	0	2	0	0	0
OREGON	10	0	8	2	0	0
WASHINGTON	21	0	15	6	0	0

NOTE: Average age was based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles. The number of facilities that actually held males (females) differs from the number of facilities that admit males (females), because some of the latter did not house any males (females) on the reference date.

**Table B-35. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities,
by average age of male and of female residents
—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued**

Region and State	Total facilities with female residents	Average age of female residents				Not reported
		Under 14	14-15	16-17	18-20	
UNITED STATES.	462	28	325	107	0	2
REGION 1	15	2	11	2	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	4	1	3	0	0	0
MAINE.	1	0	0	1	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	4	0	3	1	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	2	1	1	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	3	0	3	0	0	0
VERMONT.	1	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 2	43	5	23	15	0	0
NEW JERSEY.	17	3	10	4	0	0
NEW YORK.	26	2	13	11	0	0
REGION 3	50	3	34	13	0	0
DELAWARE.	4	0	3	1	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	5	0	2	3	0	0
MARYLAND.	4	0	3	1	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	18	1	13	4	0	0
VIRGINIA.	14	2	10	2	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	5	0	3	2	0	0
REGION 4	78	6	64	8	0	0
ALABAMA.	4	1	3	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	24	1	21	2	0	0
GEORGIA.	16	0	15	1	0	0
KENTUCKY.	7	0	3	4	0	0
MISSISSIPPI.	6	0	5	1	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	10	3	7	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	4	0	4	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	7	1	6	0	0	0
REGION 5	87	4	65	18	0	0
ILLINOIS.	14	1	10	3	0	0
INDIANA.	9	0	8	1	0	0
MICHIGAN.	30	1	23	6	0	0
MINNESOTA.	7	0	6	1	0	0
OHIO.	20	1	13	6	0	0
WISCONSIN.	7	1	5	1	0	0
REGION 6	38	2	29	5	0	2
ARKANSAS.	5	0	4	0	0	1
LOUISIANA.	10	0	8	2	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	3	0	3	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	6	1	4	1	0	0
TEXAS.	14	1	10	2	0	1
REGION 7	27	2	20	5	0	0
IOWA.	4	1	2	1	0	0
KANSAS.	5	0	5	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	15	1	12	2	0	0
NEBRASKA.	3	0	1	2	0	0
REGION 8	23	0	12	11	0	0
COLORADO.	7	0	6	1	0	0
MONTANA.	2	0	2	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	3	0	0	3	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	2	0	1	1	0	0
UTAH.	8	0	2	6	0	0
WYOMING.	1	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 9	74	3	47	24	0	0
ARIZONA.	10	0	5	5	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	57	2	38	17	0	0
HAWAII.	3	0	2	1	0	0
NEVADA.	4	1	2	1	0	0
REGION 10.	27	1	20	6	0	0
ALASKA.	2	0	2	0	0	0
IDAHO.	2	0	2	0	0	0
OREGON.	6	0	6	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	17	1	10	6	0	0

Table B-36. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding males, by age of youngest and oldest male resident—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Total facilities with male residents	Age of youngest male resident						Not reported
		Under 6	6-8	9-11	12-14	15-16	17 and over	
UNITED STATES.	682	16	44	157	336	117	11	1
REGION 1	17	0	2	6	9	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	5	0	1	1	3	0	0	0
MAINE.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	6	0	1	1	4	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
VERMONT.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	65	0	1	16	22	25	1	0
NEW JERSEY.	23	0	1	11	7	4	0	0
NEW YORK.	42	0	0	5	15	21	1	0
REGION 3	82	1	6	18	39	18	0	0
DELAWARE.	4	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	8	0	1	2	4	1	0	0
MARYLAND.	12	0	3	2	3	4	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	29	0	1	5	16	7	0	0
VIRGINIA.	21	0	1	5	10	5	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	8	1	0	2	4	1	0	0
REGION 4	117	2	10	42	55	8	0	0
ALABAMA.	5	1	0	0	2	2	0	0
FLORIDA.	41	0	5	15	18	3	0	0
GEORGIA.	20	0	2	9	9	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	14	0	0	3	10	1	0	0
MISSISSIPPI.	8	0	1	4	3	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	14	0	1	6	7	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	5	0	1	3	1	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	10	1	0	2	5	2	0	0
REGION 5	129	4	8	26	69	22	0	0
ILLINOIS.	27	0	2	3	15	7	0	0
INDIANA.	12	0	1	2	6	3	0	0
MICHIGAN.	41	4	1	6	25	5	0	0
MINNESOTA.	10	0	0	2	6	2	0	0
OHIO.	29	0	3	12	10	4	0	0
WISCONSIN.	10	0	1	1	7	1	0	0
REGION 6	51	2	4	18	20	5	1	1
ARKANSAS.	7	1	1	2	2	0	0	1
LOUISIANA.	13	0	3	4	5	1	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	7	1	0	0	5	1	0	0
TEXAS.	21	0	0	11	6	3	1	0
REGION 7	52	3	2	7	28	9	3	0
IOWA.	9	1	0	1	3	2	2	0
KANSAS.	10	0	1	1	4	3	1	0
MISSOURI.	30	2	1	5	18	4	0	0
NEBRASKA.	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
REGION 8	22	0	1	3	16	2	0	0
COLORADO.	9	0	0	1	8	0	0	0
MONTANA.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
UTAH.	4	0	1	2	1	0	0	0
WYOMING.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 9	112	4	8	17	56	21	6	0
ARIZONA.	11	0	0	5	3	2	1	0
CALIFORNIA.	94	4	8	12	47	18	5	0
HAWAII.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
NEVADA.	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
REGION 10.	35	0	2	4	22	7	0	0
ALASKA.	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
IDAHO.	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
OREGON.	10	0	0	1	9	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	21	0	2	3	10	6	0	0

NOTE: The number of facilities that actually held males differs from the number of facilities that admit males, because some of the latter did not house any males on the reference date.

Table B-36. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding males, by age of youngest and oldest male resident—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

Region and State	Age of oldest male resident					Not reported
	Under 14	14-15	16-17	18-20	21 and over	
UNITED STATES.	9	58	394	213	7	1
REGION 1	0	5	9	2	1	0
CONNECTICUT.	0	4	1	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	1	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	0	5	1	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	1	1	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	1	1	0
VERMONT.	0	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 2	1	7	37	19	1	0
NEW JERSEY.	0	1	16	5	1	0
NEW YORK.	1	6	21	14	0	0
REGION 3	0	7	38	35	2	0
DELAWARE.	0	0	2	2	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	3	5	0	0
MARYLAND.	0	1	2	9	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	0	4	13	12	0	0
VIRGINIA.	0	2	13	5	1	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	0	5	2	1	0
REGION 4	5	18	68	26	0	0
ALABAMA.	0	3	1	1	0	0
FLORIDA.	4	3	25	9	0	0
GEORGIA.	0	1	16	3	0	0
KENTUCKY.	0	2	6	6	0	0
MISSISSIPPI.	0	2	3	3	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	1	5	7	1	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	1	4	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	0	1	6	3	0	0
REGION 5	0	7	81	40	1	0
ILLINOIS.	0	2	12	13	0	0
INDIANA.	0	1	8	2	1	0
MICHIGAN.	0	2	29	10	0	0
MINNESOTA.	0	0	3	7	0	0
OHIO.	0	2	19	8	0	0
WISCONSIN.	0	0	10	0	0	0
REGION 6	0	3	39	8	0	1
ARKANSAS.	0	0	6	0	0	1
LOUISIANA.	0	1	10	2	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	2	1	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	1	5	1	0	0
TEXAS.	0	1	16	4	0	0
REGION 7	2	5	35	10	0	0
IOWA.	0	1	5	3	0	0
KANSAS.	0	1	5	4	0	0
MISSOURI.	1	3	24	2	0	0
NEBRASKA.	1	0	1	1	0	0
REGION 8	0	1	10	10	1	0
COLORADO.	0	0	6	3	0	0
MONTANA.	0	1	0	1	1	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	1	1	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	1	2	0	0
UTAH.	0	0	2	2	0	0
WYOMING.	0	0	0	1	0	0
REGION 9	1	2	57	51	1	0
ARIZONA.	0	0	6	5	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	1	2	46	44	1	0
HAWAII.	0	0	3	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	2	2	0	0
REGION 10.	0	3	20	12	0	0
ALASKA.	0	0	1	1	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	1	1	0	0
OREGON.	0	0	8	2	0	0
WASHINGTON.	0	3	10	8	0	0

Table B-37. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding females, by age of youngest and oldest female resident—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Total facilities with female residents	Age of youngest female resident						
		Under 6	6-8	9-11	12-14	15-16	17 and over	Not reported
UNITED STATES.	462	11	11	68	307	56	7	2
REGION 1	15	0	0	2	13	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	4	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
MAINE.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
VERMONT.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 2	43	0	0	6	26	11	0	0
NEW JERSEY.	17	0	0	4	12	1	0	0
NEW YORK.	26	0	0	2	14	10	0	0
REGION 3	50	1	1	10	27	9	2	0
DELAWARE.	4	0	0	1	2	1	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	5	0	0	2	2	1	0	0
MARYLAND.	4	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	18	0	1	3	8	4	2	0
VIRGINIA.	14	0	0	2	10	2	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	5	1	0	1	2	1	0	0
REGION 4	78	2	1	16	55	3	1	0
ALABAMA.	4	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	24	0	1	5	18	0	0	0
GEORGIA.	16	0	0	2	14	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	7	0	0	0	5	2	0	0
MISSISSIPPI.	6	0	0	1	4	0	1	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	10	0	0	3	7	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	4	1	0	2	0	1	0	0
TENNESSEE.	7	1	0	1	5	0	0	0
REGION 5	87	2	3	9	65	7	1	0
ILLINOIS.	14	0	0	2	10	2	0	0
INDIANA.	9	0	0	0	8	1	0	0
MICHIGAN.	30	2	2	2	21	3	0	0
MINNESOTA.	7	0	0	1	6	0	0	0
OHIO.	20	0	1	2	15	1	1	0
WISCONSIN.	7	0	0	2	5	0	0	0
REGION 6	38	2	1	10	18	5	0	2
ARKANSAS.	5	1	0	1	2	0	0	1
LOUISIANA.	10	0	1	2	4	3	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	6	1	0	0	5	0	0	0
TEXAS.	14	0	0	6	6	1	0	1
REGION 7	27	1	0	1	20	4	1	0
IOWA.	4	1	0	0	3	0	0	0
KANSAS.	5	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	15	0	0	1	10	3	1	0
NEBRASKA.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
REGION 8	23	0	0	0	19	3	1	0
COLORADO.	7	0	0	0	5	2	0	0
MONTANA.	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
UTAH.	8	0	0	0	7	0	1	0
WYOMING.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 9	74	3	4	12	46	8	1	0
ARIZONA.	10	0	0	2	2	5	1	0
CALIFORNIA.	57	3	4	10	38	2	0	0
HAWAII.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
NEVADA.	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
REGION 10.	27	0	1	2	18	6	0	0
ALASKA.	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
IDAHO.	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
OREGON.	6	0	0	1	5	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	17	0	1	1	10	5	0	0

NOTE: The number of facilities that actually held females differs from the number of facilities that admit females, because some of the latter did not house any females on the reference date.

Table B-37. Public juvenile detention and correctional facilities holding females, by age of youngest and oldest female resident—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

Region and State	Age of oldest female resident					Not reported
	Under 14	14-15	16-17	18-20	21 and over	
UNITED STATES.	14	57	308	80	1	2
REGION 1	2	2	9	1	1	0
CONNECTICUT.	1	2	1	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	1	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	0	3	0	1	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	1	0	1	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	2	1	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	1	0	0	0
REGION 2	1	7	31	4	0	0
NEW JERSEY.	0	3	14	0	0	0
NEW YORK.	1	4	17	4	0	0
REGION 3	1	6	30	13	0	0
DELAWARE.	0	0	2	2	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	3	2	0	0
MARYLAND.	0	0	1	3	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	0	5	10	3	0	0
VIRGINIA.	1	1	10	2	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	0	4	1	0	0
REGION 4	4	11	55	8	0	0
ALABAMA.	0	2	1	1	0	0
FLORIDA.	1	2	20	1	0	0
GEORGIA.	0	1	14	1	0	0
KENTUCKY.	0	0	5	2	0	0
MISSISSIPPI.	0	2	2	2	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	3	2	5	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	1	3	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	0	1	5	1	0	0
REGION 5	2	8	64	13	0	0
ILLINOIS.	0	4	9	1	0	0
INDIANA.	0	1	7	1	0	0
MICHIGAN.	1	2	24	3	0	0
MINNESOTA.	0	0	4	3	0	0
OHIO.	0	1	14	5	0	0
WISCONSIN.	1	0	6	0	0	0
REGION 6	0	11	20	5	0	2
ARKANSAS.	0	1	2	1	0	1
LOUISIANA.	0	4	5	1	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	0	1	1	1	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	1	5	0	0	0
TEXAS.	0	4	7	2	0	1
REGION 7	1	5	18	3	0	0
IOWA.	0	0	3	1	0	0
KANSAS.	0	0	5	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	1	5	8	1	0	0
NEBRASKA.	0	0	2	1	0	0
REGION 8	1	1	14	7	0	0
COLORADO.	0	0	6	1	0	0
MONTANA.	0	1	0	1	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	1	2	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	1	1	0	0
UTAH.	1	0	6	1	0	0
WYOMING.	0	0	0	1	0	0
REGION 9	1	2	52	19	0	0
ARIZONA.	0	1	5	4	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	0	0	43	14	0	0
HAWAII.	0	1	2	0	0	0
NEVADA.	1	0	2	1	0	0
REGION 10.	1	4	15	7	0	0
ALASKA.	0	1	1	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	1	1	0	0
OREGON.	0	1	3	2	0	0
WASHINGTON.	1	2	10	4	0	0

Table B-38. Juveniles held as adjudicated delinquents, persons in need of supervision (PINS), or voluntary admissions in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	45,606	38,309	-16	35,745	29,914	-16	9,861	8,395	-15
REGION 1	1,456	807	-45	1,101	542	-51	355	265	-25
CONNECTICUT.	198	167	-16	136	118	-13	62	49	-21
MAINE.	249	170	-32	178	143	-20	71	27	-62
MASSACHUSETTS.	582	110	-81	491	59	-88	91	51	-44
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	177	153	-14	120	115	-4	57	38	-33
RHODE ISLAND.	157	118	-25	123	68	-45	34	50	+47
VERMONT.	93	89	-4	53	39	-26	40	50	+25
REGION 2	3,390	2,577	-24	2,799	2,051	-27	591	526	-11
NEW JERSEY.	1,091	850	-22	957	715	-25	134	135	+1
NEW YORK.	2,299	1,727	-25	1,842	1,336	-27	457	391	-14
REGION 3	5,538	4,494	-19	4,509	3,458	-23	1,029	1,036	+1
DELAWARE.	346	208	-40	224	133	-41	122	75	-39
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	614	386	-37	510	335	-34	104	51	-51
MARYLAND.	1,182	1,259	+7	949	958	+1	233	301	+29
PENNSYLVANIA.	1,693	1,018	-40	1,540	852	-45	153	166	+9
VIRGINIA.	1,313	1,283	-2	1,000	912	-9	313	371	+19
WEST VIRGINIA.	390	340	-13	286	268	-6	104	72	-31
REGION 4	8,318	7,496	-10	6,105	5,783	-5	2,213	1,713	-23
ALABAMA.	472	371	-21	354	276	-22	118	95	-19
FLORIDA.	1,873	1,707	-9	1,400	1,395	(Z)	473	312	-34
GEORGIA.	1,193	1,340	+12	905	1,058	+17	288	282	-2
KENTUCKY.	597	440	-26	406	346	-15	191	94	-51
MISSISSIPPI.	491	577	+18	375	461	+23	116	116	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	1,763	1,293	-27	1,224	861	-30	539	432	-20
SOUTH CAROLINA.	782	523	-33	600	379	-37	182	144	-21
TENNESSEE.	1,147	1,245	+9	841	1,007	+20	306	238	-22
REGION 5	9,478	7,096	-25	7,410	5,588	-25	2,068	1,508	-27
ILLINOIS.	2,207	1,491	-32	1,900	1,295	-32	307	196	-36
INDIANA.	854	645	-24	599	478	-20	255	167	-35
MICHIGAN.	1,434	1,107	-23	1,079	827	-23	355	280	-21
MINNESOTA.	813	627	-23	644	498	-23	169	129	-24
OHIO.	3,112	2,531	-19	2,358	1,920	-19	754	611	-19
WISCONSIN.	1,058	695	-34	830	570	-31	228	125	-45
REGION 6	4,963	4,174	-16	3,934	3,411	-13	1,029	763	-26
ARKANSAS.	413	452	+9	349	333	-5	64	119	+86
LOUISIANA.	1,313	1,138	-13	1,092	956	-12	221	182	-18
NEW MEXICO.	320	318	-1	246	263	+7	74	55	-26
OKLAHOMA.	340	420	+24	213	286	+34	127	134	+6
TEXAS.	2,577	1,846	-28	2,034	1,573	-23	543	273	-50
REGION 7	1,739	1,650	-5	1,292	1,247	-3	447	403	-10
IOWA.	284	230	-19	213	165	-23	71	65	-8
KANSAS.	315	319	+1	231	248	+7	84	71	-15
MISSOURI.	904	888	-2	690	694	+1	214	191	-11
NEBRASKA.	236	213	-10	158	137	-13	78	76	-3
REGION 8	1,285	1,055	-18	951	739	-22	334	316	-5
COLORADO.	365	329	-10	294	250	-15	71	79	+11
MONTANA.	205	208	+1	138	140	+1	67	68	+1
NORTH DAKOTA.	126	86	-32	95	58	-39	31	28	-10
SOUTH DAKOTA.	167	101	-40	127	84	-34	40	17	-58
UTAH.	277	204	-26	200	137	-32	77	67	-13
WYOMING.	145	127	-12	97	70	-28	48	57	+19
REGION 9	7,780	7,366	-5	6,455	5,942	-8	1,325	1,424	+7
ARIZONA.	544	574	+6	539	458	-15	5	116	+2,220
CALIFORNIA.	6,711	6,423	-4	5,491	5,229	-5	1,220	1,194	-2
HAWAII.	87	94	+8	77	72	-6	10	22	+120
NEVADA.	438	275	-37	348	183	-47	90	92	+2
REGION 10.	1,659	1,594	-4	1,189	1,153	-3	470	441	-6
ALASKA.	100	55	-45	78	31	-60	22	24	+9
IDAHO.	141	136	-4	85	109	+28	56	27	-52
OREGON.	360	416	+16	258	323	+25	102	93	-9
WASHINGTON.	1,058	987	-7	768	690	-10	290	297	+2

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-39. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities pending court disposition, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	7,717	6,397	-17	5,178	4,571	-12	2,539	1,826	-28
REGION 1	227	185	-19	140	151	+8	87	34	-61
CONNECTICUT.	28	20	-29	19	16	-16	9	4	-56
MAINE.	2	2	0	1	0	-100	1	2	+100
MASSACHUSETTS.	142	104	-27	86	95	+10	56	9	-84
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	33	44	+33	19	28	+47	14	16	+14
RHODE ISLAND.	17	12	-29	12	9	-25	5	3	-40
VERMONT.	5	3	-40	3	3	0	2	0	-100
REGION 2	787	531	-33	536	383	-29	251	148	-41
NEW JERSEY.	428	342	-20	321	244	-24	107	98	-8
NEW YORK.	359	189	-47	215	139	-35	144	50	-65
REGION 3	895	807	-10	616	601	-2	279	206	-26
DELAWARE.	35	23	-34	26	19	-27	9	4	-56
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	127	160	+26	108	134	+24	19	26	+37
MARYLAND.	215	213	-1	147	173	+18	68	40	-41
PENNSYLVANIA.	326	284	-13	211	192	-9	115	92	-20
VIRGINIA.	153	107	-30	99	69	-30	54	38	-30
WEST VIRGINIA.	39	20	-49	25	14	-44	14	6	-57
REGION 4	1,045	729	-30	713	504	-29	332	225	-32
ALABAMA.	70	19	-73	43	12	-72	27	7	-74
FLORIDA.	537	394	-27	363	268	-26	174	126	-28
GEORGIA.	204	121	-41	143	82	-43	61	39	-36
KENTUCKY.	53	49	-8	38	39	+3	15	10	-33
MISSISSIPPI.	29	42	+45	21	30	+43	8	12	+50
NORTH CAROLINA.	45	39	-13	30	26	-13	15	13	-13
SOUTH CAROLINA.	11	5	-55	9	5	-44	2	0	-100
TENNESSEE.	96	60	-38	66	42	-36	30	18	-40
REGION 5	1,423	1,210	-15	918	818	-11	505	392	-22
ILLINOIS.	381	195	-49	241	145	-40	140	50	-64
INDIANA.	202	240	+19	126	170	+35	76	70	-8
MICHIGAN.	330	310	-6	216	194	-10	114	116	+2
MINNESOTA.	12	72	+500	7	46	+557	5	26	+420
OHIO.	446	320	-28	291	209	-28	155	111	-28
WISCONSIN.	52	73	+40	37	54	+46	15	19	+27
REGION 6	396	361	-9	273	276	+1	123	85	-31
ARKANSAS.	11	14	+27	7	10	+43	4	4	0
LOUISIANA.	105	100	-5	71	79	+11	34	21	-38
NEW MEXICO.	54	21	-61	39	19	-51	15	2	-87
OKLAHOMA.	15	15	0	8	8	0	7	7	0
TEXAS.	211	211	0	148	160	+8	63	51	-19
REGION 7	279	222	-20	187	167	-11	92	55	-40
IOWA.	29	31	+7	16	24	+50	13	7	-46
KANSAS.	87	58	-33	60	32	-47	27	26	-4
MISSOURI.	155	115	-26	104	102	-2	51	13	-75
NEBRASKA.	8	18	+125	7	9	+29	1	9	+800
REGION 8	106	126	+19	67	93	+39	39	33	-15
COLORADO.	65	89	+37	42	66	+57	23	23	0
MONTANA.	1	1	0	0	1	*	1	0	-100
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	17	14	-18	13	9	-31	4	5	+25
UTAH.	23	22	-4	12	17	+42	11	5	-55
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	2,220	1,963	-12	1,518	1,414	-7	702	549	-22
ARIZONA.	121	78	-36	69	53	-23	52	25	-52
CALIFORNIA.	2,031	1,849	-9	1,404	1,338	-5	627	511	-19
HAWAII.	15	7	-53	10	5	-50	5	2	-60
NEVADA.	53	29	-45	35	18	-49	18	11	-39
REGION 10.	339	263	-22	210	164	-22	129	99	-23
ALASKA.	37	26	-30	27	18	-33	10	8	-20
IDAHO.	6	15	+150	5	9	+80	1	6	+500
OREGON.	151	113	-25	83	75	-10	68	38	-44
WASHINGTON.	145	109	-25	95	62	-35	50	47	-6

*Increase not definable.

**Table B-40. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction, by sex
—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973**

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES.	530	460	-13	367	307	-16	163	153	-6
REGION 1	3	7	+133	1	6	+500	2	1	-50
CONNECTICUT.	3	2	-33	1	2	+100	2	0	-100
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	3	*	0	2	*	0	1	*
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	2	*	0	2	*	0	0	0
REGION 2	32	13	-59	20	8	-60	12	5	-58
NEW JERSEY.	9	7	-22	7	3	-57	2	4	+100
NEW YORK.	23	6	-74	13	5	-62	10	1	-90
REGION 3	27	30	+11	11	26	+136	16	4	-75
DELAWARE.	2	0	-100	1	0	-100	1	0	-100
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	9	24	+167	4	20	+400	5	4	-20
VIRGINIA.	16	1	-94	6	1	-83	10	0	-100
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	5	*	0	5	*	0	0	0
REGION 4	100	59	-41	77	33	-57	23	26	+13
ALABAMA.	0	3	*	0	1	*	0	2	*
FLORIDA.	59	19	-68	45	12	-73	14	7	-50
GEORGIA.	30	12	-60	24	6	-75	6	6	0
KENTUCKY.	3	5	+67	1	2	+100	2	3	+50
MISSISSIPPI.	1	4	+300	1	3	+200	0	1	*
NORTH CAROLINA.	4	2	-50	4	0	-100	0	2	*
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	3	14	+367	2	9	+350	1	5	+400
REGION 5	162	121	-25	112	72	-36	50	49	-2
ILLINOIS.	3	16	+433	3	9	+200	0	7	*
INDIANA.	6	3	-50	3	1	-67	3	2	-33
MICHIGAN.	85	80	-6	61	49	-20	24	31	+29
MINNESOTA.	4	2	-50	3	1	-67	1	1	0
OHIO.	40	16	-60	27	10	-63	13	6	-54
WISCONSIN.	24	4	-83	15	2	-87	9	2	-78
REGION 6	81	43	-47	62	33	-47	19	10	-47
ARKANSAS.	0	3	*	0	1	*	0	2	*
LOUISIANA.	30	1	-97	26	1	-96	4	0	-100
NEW MEXICO.	1	1	0	1	0	-100	0	1	*
OKLAHOMA.	1	5	+400	1	2	+100	0	3	*
TEXAS.	49	33	-33	34	29	-15	15	4	-73
REGION 7	13	21	+62	8	13	+63	5	8	+60
IOWA.	0	1	*	0	1	*	0	0	0
KANSAS.	8	7	-13	4	2	-50	4	5	+25
MISSOURI.	2	13	+550	2	10	+400	0	3	*
NEBRASKA.	3	0	-100	2	0	-100	1	0	-100
REGION 8	17	18	+6	9	10	+11	8	8	0
COLORADO.	10	9	-10	4	4	0	6	5	-17
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	7	9	+29	5	6	+20	2	3	+50
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	73	130	+78	50	95	+90	23	35	+52
ARIZONA.	4	22	+450	2	17	+750	2	5	+150
CALIFORNIA.	60	88	+47	42	67	+60	18	21	+17
HAWAII.	0	7	*	0	2	*	0	5	*
NEVADA.	9	13	+44	6	9	+50	3	4	+33
REGION 10.	22	18	-18	17	11	-35	5	7	+40
ALASKA.	7	0	-100	7	0	-100	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	5	10	+100	2	6	+200	3	4	+33
WASHINGTON.	10	8	-20	8	5	-38	2	3	+50

*Increase not definable.

Table B-41. Dependent and neglected children held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by sex—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	876	528	-40	491	265	-46	385	263	-32
REGION 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	5	1	-80	2	1	-50	3	0	-100
NEW JERSEY.	4	1	-75	2	1	-50	2	0	-100
NEW YORK.	1	0	-100	0	0	0	1	0	-100
REGION 3.	32	35	+9	22	18	-18	10	17	+70
DELAWARE.	7	3	-57	4	3	-25	3	0	-100
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	16	17	+6	14	7	-50	2	10	+400
VIRGINIA.	9	15	+67	4	8	+100	5	7	+40
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	108	44	-59	61	18	-70	47	26	-45
ALABAMA	22	20	-9	10	10	0	12	10	-17
FLORIDA	28	6	-79	19	3	-84	9	3	-67
GEORGIA	28	9	-68	18	2	-89	10	7	-30
KENTUCKY.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSISSIPPI	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	1	*
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	2	*	0	1	*	0	1	*
TENNESSEE	30	6	-80	14	2	-86	16	4	-75
REGION 5.	196	125	-36	115	61	-47	81	64	-21
ILLINOIS.	26	9	-65	12	3	-75	14	6	-57
INDIANA	7	0	-100	4	0	-100	3	0	-100
MICHIGAN.	155	106	-32	93	54	-42	62	52	-16
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO.	4	1	-75	3	1	-67	1	0	-100
WISCONSIN	4	9	+125	3	3	0	1	6	+500
REGION 6.	121	57	-53	50	41	-18	71	16	-77
ARKANSAS.	82	28	-66	19	16	-16	63	12	-81
LOUISIANA	25	18	-28	24	16	-33	1	2	+100
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	3	*	0	2	*	0	1	*
TEXAS	14	8	-43	7	7	0	7	1	-86
REGION 7.	193	99	-49	121	41	-66	72	58	-19
IOWA.	179	82	-54	112	35	-69	67	47	-30
KANSAS.	7	8	+14	3	3	0	4	5	+25
MISSOURI.	4	4	0	4	2	-50	0	2	*
NEBRASKA.	3	5	+67	2	1	-50	1	4	+300
REGION 8.	5	9	+80	1	5	+400	4	4	0
COLORADO.	3	0	-100	0	0	0	3	0	-100
MONTANA	0	1	*	0	0	0	0	1	*
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	2	8	+300	1	5	+400	1	3	+200
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	122	90	-26	72	49	-32	50	41	-18
ARIZONA	3	4	+33	2	4	+100	1	0	-100
CALIFORNIA.	116	85	-27	70	44	-37	46	41	-11
HAWAII.	3	0	-100	0	0	0	3	0	-100
NEVADA.	0	1	*	0	1	*	0	0	0
REGION 10	94	68	-28	47	31	-34	47	37	-21
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	5	0	-100	3	0	-100	2	0	-100
OREGON.	4	15	+275	3	7	+133	1	8	+700
WASHINGTON.	85	53	-38	41	24	-41	44	29	-34

*Increase not definable.

**Table B-42. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention
—regions and States,**

Region and State	Detention status								
	All juveniles			Adjudicated delinquent			Person in need of supervision (PINS)		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES.	45,694	35,057	10,637	33,385	27,001	6,384	4,551	2,623	1,928
REGION 1.	999	699	300	744	523	221	60	16	44
CONNECTICUT.	189	136	53	167	118	49	0	0	0
MAINE.	172	143	29	170	143	27	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	217	156	61	107	56	51	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	197	143	54	153	115	38	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	130	77	53	118	68	50	0	0	0
VERMONT.	94	44	50	29	23	6	60	16	44
REGION 2.	3,122	2,443	679	1,590	1,411	179	683	400	283
NEW JERSEY.	1,200	963	237	843	708	135	0	0	0
NEW YORK.	1,922	1,480	442	747	703	44	683	400	283
REGION 3.	5,366	4,103	1,263	3,912	3,118	794	582	340	242
DELAWARE.	234	155	79	208	133	75	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	546	469	77	323	291	32	63	44	19
MARYLAND.	1,472	1,131	341	740	662	78	519	296	223
PENNSYLVANIA.	1,343	1,071	272	1,018	852	166	0	0	0
VIRGINIA.	1,406	990	416	1,283	912	371	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	365	287	78	340	268	72	0	0	0
REGION 4.	8,328	6,338	1,990	6,558	5,096	1,462	933	684	249
ALABAMA.	413	299	114	371	276	95	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	2,126	1,678	448	1,210	1,015	195	497	380	117
GEORGIA.	1,482	1,148	334	1,337	1,057	280	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	494	387	107	330	303	27	110	43	67
MISSISSIPPI.	624	494	130	577	461	116	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	1,334	887	447	1,282	853	429	9	6	3
SOUTH CAROLINA.	530	385	145	523	379	144	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	1,325	1,060	265	928	752	176	317	255	62
REGION 5.	8,552	6,539	2,013	6,869	5,475	1,394	200	93	107
ILLINOIS.	1,711	1,452	259	1,407	1,262	145	84	33	51
INDIANA.	888	649	239	631	464	167	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	1,603	1,124	479	1,102	825	277	0	0	0
MINNESOTA.	701	545	156	623	496	127	0	0	0
OHIO.	2,868	2,140	728	2,443	1,876	567	88	44	44
WISCONSIN.	781	629	152	663	552	111	28	16	12
REGION 6.	4,635	3,761	874	3,971	3,277	694	179	114	65
ARKANSAS.	497	360	137	451	332	119	0	0	0
LOUISIANA.	1,257	1,052	205	1,134	952	182	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	340	282	58	225	202	23	93	61	32
OKLAHOMA.	443	298	145	324	227	97	86	53	33
TEXAS.	2,098	1,769	329	1,837	1,564	273	0	0	0
REGION 7.	1,992	1,468	524	1,542	1,189	353	104	54	50
IOWA.	344	225	119	226	161	65	00	0	0
KANSAS.	392	285	107	281	215	66	38	33	5
MISSOURI.	1,020	811	209	888	697	191	0	0	0
NEBRASKA.	236	147	89	147	116	31	66	21	45
REGION 8.	1,208	847	361	927	687	240	125	52	73
COLORADO.	427	320	107	208	198	10	120	52	68
MONTANA.	210	141	69	208	140	68	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	86	58	28	81	58	23	5	0	5
SOUTH DAKOTA.	115	93	22	101	84	17	0	0	0
UTAH.	243	165	78	202	137	65	0	0	0
WYOMING.	127	70	57	127	70	57	0	0	0
REGION 9.	9,549	7,500	2,049	5,971	5,212	759	1,392	730	662
ARIZONA.	678	532	146	374	349	25	200	109	91
CALIFORNIA.	8,445	6,678	1,767	5,236	4,611	625	1,187	618	569
HAWAII.	108	79	29	89	69	20	5	3	2
NEVADA.	318	211	107	272	183	89	0	0	0
REGION 10.	1,943	1,359	584	1,301	1,013	288	293	140	153
ALASKA.	81	49	32	55	31	24	0	0	0
IDAHO.	151	118	33	136	109	27	0	0	0
OREGON.	554	411	143	416	323	93	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	1,157	781	376	694	550	144	293	140	153

**and correctional facilities, by detention status and sex
midyear 1973**

Detention status (continued)											
Held pending court disposition			Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction			Voluntary admission			Dependent and neglected children		
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
6,397	4,571	1,826	460	307	153	373	290	83	528	265	263
185	151	34	7	6	1	3	3	0	0	0	0
20	16	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
104	95	9	3	2	1	3	3	0	0	0	0
44	28	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	3	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
531	383	148	13	8	5	304	240	64	1	1	0
342	244	98	7	3	4	7	7	0	1	1	0
189	139	50	6	5	1	297	233	64	0	0	0
807	601	206	30	26	4	0	0	0	35	18	17
23	19	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
160	134	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
213	173	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
284	192	92	24	20	4	0	0	0	17	7	10
107	69	38	1	1	0	0	0	0	15	8	7
20	14	6	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
729	504	225	59	33	26	5	3	2	44	18	26
19	12	7	3	1	2	0	0	0	20	10	10
394	268	126	19	12	7	0	0	0	6	3	3
121	82	39	12	6	6	3	1	2	9	2	7
49	39	10	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	30	12	4	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
39	26	13	2	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
60	42	18	14	9	5	0	0	0	6	2	4
1,210	818	392	121	72	49	27	20	7	125	61	64
195	145	50	16	9	7	0	0	0	9	3	6
240	170	70	3	1	2	14	14	0	0	0	0
310	194	116	80	49	31	5	2	3	106	54	52
72	46	26	2	1	1	4	2	2	0	0	0
320	209	111	16	10	6	0	0	0	1	1	0
73	54	19	4	2	2	4	2	2	9	3	6
361	276	85	43	33	10	24	20	4	57	41	16
14	10	4	3	1	2	1	1	0	28	16	12
100	79	21	1	1	0	4	4	0	18	16	2
21	19	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	8	7	5	2	3	10	6	4	3	2	1
211	160	51	33	29	4	9	9	0	8	7	1
222	167	55	21	13	8	4	4	0	99	41	58
31	24	7	1	1	0	4	4	0	82	35	47
58	32	26	7	2	5	0	0	0	8	3	5
115	102	13	13	10	3	0	0	0	4	2	2
18	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	4
126	93	33	18	10	8	3	0	3	9	5	4
89	66	23	9	4	5	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	9	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	17	5	9	6	3	2	0	2	8	5	3
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1,963	1,414	549	130	95	35	3	0	3	90	49	41
78	53	25	22	17	5	0	0	0	4	4	0
1,849	1,338	511	88	67	21	0	0	0	85	44	41
7	5	2	7	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	18	11	13	9	4	3	0	3	1	1	0
263	164	99	18	11	7	0	0	0	68	31	37
26	18	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	9	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
113	75	38	10	6	4	0	0	0	15	7	8
109	62	47	8	5	3	0	0	0	53	24	29

Table B-43. Adjudicated delinquents held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by offense—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Offense					
	Total	Felonies ¹	Misdemeanors ¹	Drug offenses	Status offenses	Not available
UNITED STATES	33,805	9,211	4,774	1,350	4,283	14,187
REGION 1.	744	148	161	64	74	297
CONNECTICUT	167	4	0	0	0	163
MAINE	170	118	6	8	11	27
MASSACHUSETTS	107	0	0	0	0	107
NEW HAMPSHIRE	153	8	68	34	43	0
RHODE ISLAND	118	11	66	22	19	0
VERMONT	29	7	21	0	1	0
REGION 2.	2,010	556	52	123	379	900
NEW JERSEY	1,263	556	48	123	379	157
NEW YORK	747	0	4	0	0	743
REGION 3.	3,912	745	700	107	625	1,735
DELAWARE	208	29	11	2	41	125
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	323	61	8	15	0	239
MARYLAND	740	28	266	2	0	444
PENNSYLVANIA	1,018	271	117	43	285	302
VIRGINIA	1,283	309	247	26	215	486
WEST VIRGINIA	340	47	51	19	84	139
REGION 4.	6,558	1,588	967	114	803	3,086
ALABAMA	371	96	120	16	139	0
FLORIDA	1,210	730	22	9	18	431
GEORGIA	1,337	104	368	35	195	635
KENTUCKY	330	200	41	5	11	73
MISSISSIPPI	577	179	40	11	63	284
NORTH CAROLINA	1,282	261	370	35	374	242
SOUTH CAROLINA	523	0	0	0	0	523
TENNESSEE	928	18	6	3	3	898
REGION 5.	6,869	1,704	991	296	948	2,930
ILLINOIS	1,407	153	121	19	182	932
INDIANA	631	4	2	0	7	618
MICHIGAN	1,102	283	91	42	176	510
MINNESOTA	623	96	49	27	126	325
OHIO	2,443	1,017	571	161	444	250
WISCONSIN	663	151	157	47	13	295
REGION 6.	3,971	893	176	79	301	2,522
ARKANSAS	451	81	55	7	22	286
LOUISIANA	1,134	62	24	7	15	1,026
NEW MEXICO	225	123	16	11	54	21
OKLAHOMA	324	286	26	12	0	0
TEXAS	1,837	341	55	42	210	1,189
REGION 7.	1,542	605	291	42	275	329
IOWA	226	74	21	14	34	83
KANSAS	281	158	106	0	0	17
MISSOURI	888	357	161	25	224	121
NEBRASKA	147	16	3	3	17	108
REGION 8.	927	230	45	37	63	552
COLORADO	208	136	13	2	2	55
MONTANA	208	82	31	35	30	30
NORTH DAKOTA	81	4	1	0	7	69
SOUTH DAKOTA	101	0	0	0	0	101
UTAH	202	8	0	0	24	170
WYOMING	127	0	0	0	0	127
REGION 9.	5,971	2,290	1,319	390	609	1,363
ARIZONA	374	246	73	40	9	6
CALIFORNIA	5,236	1,806	1,228	331	514	1,357
HAWAII	89	83	4	1	1	7
NEVADA	272	155	14	18	85	0
REGION 10	1,301	452	72	98	206	473
ALASKA	55	47	3	5	0	0
IDAHO	136	95	13	13	13	2
OREGON	416	202	9	3	59	143
WASHINGTON	694	108	47	77	134	328

NOTE: Data include information on 420 male adults held in a New Jersey training school, but exclude information on the 1,869 youthful offenders held in 15 California facilities.
¹Exclusive of drug offenses.

Table B-44. Persons in need of supervision (PINS) held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by offense—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Offense					Not available
	Total	Felonies ¹	Misdemeanors ¹	Drug offenses	Status offenses	
UNITED STATES	4,551	59	60	50	1,567	2,815
REGION 1.	60	0	1	0	59	0
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	60	0	1	0	59	0
REGION 2.	683	0	0	0	35	648
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK	683	0	0	0	35	648
REGION 3.	582	0	1	1	85	495
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	63	0	1	1	3	58
MARYLAND	519	0	0	0	82	437
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	933	1	0	0	276	656
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	497	0	0	0	75	422
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	110	0	0	0	109	1
MISSISSIPPI	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	9	1	0	0	1	7
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	317	0	0	0	91	226
REGION 5.	200	6	3	4	151	36
ILLINOIS	84	0	1	4	65	14
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	0	0	0	0	0	0
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO	88	1	0	0	69	18
WISCONSIN	28	5	2	0	17	4
REGION 6.	179	0	14	0	142	23
ARKANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO	93	0	0	0	70	23
OKLAHOMA	86	0	14	0	72	0
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	104	2	5	3	74	20
IOWA	0	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS	38	2	5	3	20	8
MISSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	66	0	0	0	54	12
REGION 8.	125	8	2	0	88	27
COLORADO	120	8	2	0	83	27
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	5	0	0	0	5	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	1,392	42	34	40	654	622
ARIZONA	200	0	0	6	192	2
CALIFORNIA	1,187	42	34	34	457	620
HAWAII	5	0	0	0	5	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	293	0	0	2	3	288
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	293	0	0	2	3	288

¹Exclusive of drug offenses.

Table B-45. Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

Region and State	Average length of stay					
	Detention center and shelter			Reception or diagnostic center ¹		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
	-----days-----			-----days-----		
UNITED STATES	12	11	-8	53	30	-43
REGION 1.	11	11	0	0	30	*
CONNECTICUT	5	5	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	17	19	+12	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	30	*
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	16	18	+13	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	15	19	+27	0	0	0
NEW YORK	17	16	-6	0	0	0
REGION 3.	18	17	-6	33	34	+3
DELAWARE	30	11	-63	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	37	58	+57	0	0	0
MARYLAND	7	14	+100	30	31	+3
PENNSYLVANIA	16	10	-38	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	13	12	-8	35	37	+6
WEST VIRGINIA	10	22	+120	0	0	0
REGION 4.	11	10	-9	45	34	-24
ALABAMA	10	10	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	11	9	-18	0	0	0
GEORGIA	18	16	-11	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	4	12	+200	0	41	*
MISSISSIPPI	6	7	+17	0	20	*
NORTH CAROLINA	8	7	-13	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	6	12	+100	45	45	0
TENNESSEE	6	4	-33	0	21	*
REGION 5.	14	12	-14	74	28	-62
ILLINOIS	24	13	-46	38	19	-50
INDIANA	11	8	-27	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	18	15	-17	210	30	-86
MINNESOTA	6	4	-33	30	0	-100
OHIO	8	8	0	57	35	-39
WISCONSIN	8	14	+75	0	0	0
REGION 6.	7	10	+43	32	13	-59
ARKANSAS	4	26	+550	14	9	-36
LOUISIANA	8	10	+25	49	17	-65
NEW MEXICO	24	6	-75	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	4	4	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	5	8	+60	0	0	0
REGION 7.	10	10	0	0	0	0
IOWA	10	9	-10	0	0	0
KANSAS	14	17	+21	0	0	0
MISSOURI	8	6	-25	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	7	6	-14	0	0	0
REGION 8.	6	5	-17	0	0	0
COLORADO	8	8	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	2	2	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ⁴	3	4	+33	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	10	8	-20	0	0	0
UTAH	4	3	-25	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	8	9	+13	43	30	-30
ARIZONA	6	4	-33	90	0	-100
CALIFORNIA	9	10	+11	27	30	+11
HAWAII	4	9	+125	0	0	0
NEVADA	6	4	-33	0	0	0
REGION 10	8	5	-38	84	44	-48
ALASKA	25	3	-88	0	0	0
IDaho	17	6	-65	0	0	0
OREGON	7	7	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	5	5	0	84	44	-48

NOTE: Average length of stay based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles; Pennsylvania (1971 only), New Jersey and California (1971 and 1973).

*Increase not definable.

¹Exclude data for one facility in Kentucky in 1971.

²Exclude data for one facility in Florida and eight in Kentucky in 1971, and one facility in Indiana and one in Louisiana in 1973.

³Exclude data for one facility in New York, one in Mississippi, and three in Missouri in 1973.

⁴Data for three State group homes in North Dakota were reported with those for a State training school in 1973. In 1971, two of these group homes did not exist; data for the remaining group home were reported separately.

Table B-45. Average length of stay in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of facility —regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973—continued

Region and State	Average length of stay					
	Training school, rsrch, ^a forestry camp, and farm			Halfway house and group home ^a		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
	---months---			---months---		
UNITED STATES	7.9	7.5	-5	7.2	6.2	-14
REGION 1.	6.8	7.0	+3	0	4.0	*
CONNECTICUT	7.0	4.0	-43	0	0	0
MAINE	9.0	13.5	+50	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	6.0	1.0	-83	0	4.0	*
NEW HAMPSHIRE	8.0	7.0	-13	0	4.0	*
RHODE ISLAND	5.7	5.0	-12	0	0	0
VERMONT	11.0	7.0	-36	0	0	0
REGION 2.	9.6	10.2	+6	7.7	6.2	-19
NEW JERSEY	11.5	12.3	+7	4.0	6.5	+63
NEW YORK	9.2	9.7	+5	8.3	6.1	-27
REGION 3.	8.5	9.3	+9	8.1	7.3	-10
DELAWARE	7.0	11.0	+57	0	6.0	*
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	9.0	9.3	+3	9.0	10.5	+17
MARYLAND	6.0	6.6	+10	8.0	7.3	-9
PENNSYLVANIA	9.6	9.3	-3	14.0	0	-100
VIRGINIA	11.1	11.6	+5	5.7	6.4	+12
WEST VIRGINIA	7.7	9.4	+22	0	0	0
REGION 4.	8.2	7.0	-15	7.2	5.6	-22
ALABAMA	9.0	9.3	+3	0	0	0
FLORIDA	6.1	6.2	+2	7.7	4.6	-40
GEORGIA	8.3	6.4	-23	0	10.3	*
KENTUCKY	6.0	5.4	-10	5.0	5.0	0
MISSISSIPPI	10.0	7.5	-25	0	1.0	*
NORTH CAROLINA	10.0	8.1	-19	0	7.0	*
SOUTH CAROLINA	11.0	7.0	-36	0	7.0	*
TENNESSEE	7.0	7.6	+9	6.0	6.0	0
REGION 5.	7.8	7.0	-10	5.7	6.7	+18
ILLINOIS	6.2	5.6	-10	4.5	5.0	+11
INDIANA	6.3	7.3	+16	0	7.0	*
MICHIGAN	10.6	8.0	-25	6.0	5.3	-12
MINNESOTA	7.7	4.5	-42	0	6.0	*
OHIO	9.1	8.6	-5	0	18.0	*
WISCONSIN	6.2	7.6	+23	0	0	0
REGION 6.	8.9	7.5	-16	10.3	6.6	-36
ARKANSAS	7.3	6.7	-8	9.0	5.0	-44
LOUISIANA	8.0	7.8	-3	0	6.0	*
NEW MEXICO	10.5	5.5	-48	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	5.5	5.0	-9	0	0	0
TEXAS	11.4	9.7	-15	11.0	7.3	-34
REGION 7.	8.9	8.1	-9	5.8	6.2	+7
IOWA	7.7	7.7	0	0	6.2	*
KANSAS	14.5	11.4	-21	-	18.0	*
MISSOURI	8.2	6.9	-16	5.8	5.4	-7
NEBRASKA	9.5	8.0	-16	0	0	0
REGION 8.	10.0	7.8	-22	6.0	6.0	0
COLORADO	10.0	6.3	-37	0	3.0	*
MONTANA	7.3	8.0	+10	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	8.0	7.0	+13	6.0	4.7	-22
SOUTH DAKOTA	7.5	6.0	-20	0	0	0
UTAH	10.0	10.0	0	0	8.3	*
WYOMING	17.5	11.5	-34	0	0	0
REGION 9.	6.4	6.3	-2	9.3	3.7	-60
ARIZONA	5.0	5.8	+16	0	2.3	*
CALIFORNIA	6.4	6.3	-2	9.3	5.0	-46
HAWAII	7.0	7.0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	7.7	6.7	-13	0	0	0
REGION 10	7.8	8.1	+4	6.0	8.8	+47
ALASKA	7.0	11.0	+57	0	0	0
IDAHO	7.0	6.0	-14	0	0	0
OREGON	4.8	3.8	-21	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	10.0	11.5	+15	6.0	8.8	+47

**Table B-46. Public detention centers and shelters for juveniles,
by average length of stay of residents—regions and States,
fiscal 1973**

(Average length of stay in days)

Region and State	Total	Number of detention centers and shelters							71 or more days	Average length of stay (days)
		1-7 days	8-14 days	15-21 days	22-28 days	29-42 days	43-56 days	57-70 days		
UNITED STATES.	338	152	127	31	12	6	4	3	3	11
REGION 1	7	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	11
CONNECTICUT.	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	19
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	23	2	12	3	2	2	2	0	0	18
NEW JERSEY.	15	1	9	0	2	1	2	0	0	19
NEW YORK.	8	1	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	16
REGION 3	43	10	22	4	2	1	1	2	1	17
DELAWARE.	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	5	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	58
MARYLAND.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
PENNSYLVANIA.	21	7	11	1	2	0	0	0	0	10
VIRGINIA.	10	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	12
WEST VIRGINIA.	4	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	22
REGION 4	58	28	20	8	1	0	0	1	0	10
ALABAMA.	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	10
FLORIDA.	19	7	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
GEORGIA.	13	2	3	7	1	0	0	0	0	16
KENTUCKY.	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	12
MISSISSIPPI.	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
NORTH CAROLINA.	8	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
SOUTH CAROLINA.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
TENNESSEE.	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
REGION 5	69	25	29	8	4	2	0	0	1	12
ILLINOIS.	11	2	4	2	3	0	0	0	0	13
INDIANA.	8	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
MICHIGAN.	22	5	11	4	1	0	0	0	1	15
MINNESOTA.	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
OHIO.	19	10	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	8
WISCONSIN.	6	1	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	14
REGION 6	30	20	6	1	2	0	0	0	1	10
ARKANSAS.	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	26
LOUISIANA.	7	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	10
NEW MEXICO.	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
OKLAHOMA.	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
TEXAS.	13	10	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	8
REGION 7	18	10	5	2	0	0	1	0	0	10
IOWA.	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
KANSAS.	5	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	17
MISSOURI.	8	6	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
NEBRASKA.	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
REGION 8	15	11	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
COLORADO.	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
MONTANA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
NORTH DAKOTA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
SOUTH DAKOTA.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
UTAH.	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	55	25	25	4	0	1	0	0	0	9
ARIZONA.	8	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
CALIFORNIA.	42	15	22	4	0	1	0	0	0	10
HAWAII.	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
NEVADA.	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
REGION 10.	20	17	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
ALASKA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
IDAHO.	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
OREGON.	5	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
WASHINGTON.	13	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5

**Table B-47. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles,
by average length of stay of residents
—regions and States, fiscal 1973**

(Average length of stay in days)

Region and State	Total	Number of reception or diagnostic centers								Average length of stay (days)
		1-7 days	8-14 days	15-21 days	22-28 days	29-42 days	43-56 days	57-70 days	71 or more days	
UNITED STATES	17	0	1	4	1	8	3	0	0	30
REGION 1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	30
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	30
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	34
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	31
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	37
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4	5	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	34
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	41
MISSISSIPPI	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	45
TENNESSEE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	21
REGION 5	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	28
ILLINOIS	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	19
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	30
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	35
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
ARKANSAS	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
LOUISIANA	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	17
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IOWA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	30
ARIZONA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA ¹	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	30
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	44
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	44

¹Average length of stay based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles.

**Table B-48. Public training schools, ranches,
length of stay of residents—**

Region and State	Total	(Average length		
		Number of training schools.		
		Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-9 months
UNITED STATES.	290	7	117	107
REGION 1	8	1	3	3
CONNECTICUT.	1	0	1	0
MAINE.	2	0	0	1
MASSACHUSETTS.	1	1	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	1	0	0	1
RHODE ISLAND.	2	0	2	0
VERMONT.	1	0	0	1
REGION 2	20	0	4	7
NEW JERSEY ²	4	0	0	1
NEW YORK	16	0	4	6
REGION 3	36	0	9	18
DELAWARE	3	0	0	2
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	3	0	0	2
MARYLAND	8	0	5	3
PENNSYLVANIA	10	0	4	3
VIRGINIA	7	0	0	5
WEST VIRGINIA.	5	0	0	3
REGION 4	42	1	16	19
ALABAMA.	3	0	0	1
FLORIDA.	9	0	5	3
GEORGIA.	5	1	0	4
KENTUCKY	7	0	6	1
MISSISSIPPI.	2	0	1	1
NORTH CAROLINA	8	0	2	4
SOUTH CAROLINA	3	0	0	3
TENNESSEE.	5	0	2	2
REGION 5	51	1	22	20
ILLINOIS	15	0	13	2
INDIANA.	4	0	1	2
MICHIGAN	7	0	0	5
MINNESOTA.	6	1	4	1
OHIO	14	0	3	6
WISCONSIN.	5	0	1	4
REGION 6	21	0	11	4
ARKANSAS	3	0	1	2
LOUISIANA.	5	0	2	1
NEW MEXICO	2	0	1	1
OKLAHOMA	4	0	4	0
TEXAS.	7	0	3	0
REGION 7	22	1	3	14
IOWA	3	0	1	2
KANSAS	5	0	2	0
MISSOURI	12	1	0	10
NEBRASKA	2	0	0	2
REGION 8	13	0	5	4
COLORADO	4	0	3	1
MONTANA.	3	0	1	1
NORTH DAKOTA ³	1	0	0	1
SOUTH DAKOTA	2	0	1	1
UTAH	1	0	0	0
WYOMING.	2	0	0	0
REGION 9	64	1	40	17
ARIZONA.	4	0	4	0
CALIFORNIA ²	56	1	35	14
HAWAII	1	0	0	1
NEVADA	3	0	1	2
REGION 10.	13	2	4	1
ALASKA	1	0	0	0
IDAHO.	1	0	1	0
OREGON	5	2	3	0
WASHINGTON	6	0	0	1

¹Data were not available for two facilities established during fiscal year 1973.

²Average length of stay based on all residents, both juveniles and nonjuveniles.

³Include data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

**forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by average
regions and States, fiscal 1973**

of stay in months)

ranches, forestry camps, and farms					
10-12 months	13-18 months	19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available ¹	Average length of stay (months)
35	20	2	0	2	7.5
0	1	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	4.0
0	1	0	0	0	13.5
0	0	0	0	0	1.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
4	4	1	0	0	10.2
1	2	0	0	0	12.3
3	2	1	0	0	9.7
4	4	1	0	0	9.3
0	1	0	0	0	11.0
1	0	0	0	0	9.3
0	0	0	0	0	6.6
1	2	0	0	0	9.3
0	1	1	0	0	11.6
2	0	0	0	0	9.4
6	0	0	0	0	7.0
2	0	0	0	0	9.3
1	0	0	0	0	6.2
0	0	0	0	0	6.4
0	0	0	0	0	5.4
0	0	0	0	0	7.5
2	0	0	0	0	8.1
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
1	0	0	0	0	7.6
4	3	0	0	1	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.6
0	0	0	0	1	7.3
2	0	0	0	0	8.0
0	0	0	0	0	4.5
2	3	0	0	0	8.6
0	0	0	0	0	7.6
4	1	0	0	1	7.5
0	0	0	0	0	6.7
1	0	0	0	1	7.8
0	0	0	0	0	5.5
0	0	0	0	0	5.0
3	1	0	0	0	9.7
1	3	0	0	0	8.1
0	0	0	0	0	7.7
0	3	0	0	0	11.4
1	0	0	0	0	6.9
0	0	0	0	0	8.0
4	0	0	0	0	7.8
0	0	0	0	0	6.3
1	0	0	0	0	8.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
1	0	0	0	0	10.0
2	0	0	0	0	11.5
4	2	0	0	0	6.3
0	0	0	0	0	5.8
4	2	0	0	0	6.3
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.7
4	2	0	0	0	8.1
1	0	0	0	0	11.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
0	0	0	0	0	3.8
3	2	0	0	0	11.5

Table B-49. Public halfway houses and group of residents—regions

Region and State	Total	(Average length		
		Less than 3 months	3-6 months	Number of halfway 7-9 months
UNITED STATES	149	15	82	27
REGION 1	3	1	2	0
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	2	1	1	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1	0	1	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	40	1	25	7
NEW JERSEY	6	0	4	1
NEW YORK	34	1	21	6
REGION 3	12	0	7	3
DELAWARE	1	0	1	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	2	0	1	0
MARYLAND	4	0	3	0
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	5	0	2	3
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0
REGION 4	27	4	16	2
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	16	3	12	0
GEORGIA	4	0	1	0
KENTUCKY	2	0	2	0
MISSISSIPPI	2	1	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	1	0	0	1
SOUTH CAROLINA	1	0	0	1
TENNESSEE	1	0	1	0
REGION 5	21	0	15	3
ILLINOIS	1	0	1	0
INDIANA	1	0	0	1
MICHIGAN	15	0	12	2
MINNESOTA	2	0	2	0
OHIO	2	0	0	0
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0
REGION 6	5	1	2	1
ARKANSAS	1	0	1	0
LOUISIANA	1	0	1	0
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	3	1	0	1
REGION 7	23	4	9	4
IOWA	5	1	2	0
KANSAS	1	0	0	0
MISSOURI	17	3	7	4
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	7	1	2	4
COLORADO	1	0	1	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA ²	3	1	1	1
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0
UTAH	3	0	0	3
WYOMING	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	6	3	2	1
ARIZONA	3	2	1	0
CALIFORNIA	3	1	1	1
HAWAII	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	5	0	2	2
ALASKA	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	5	0	2	2

¹Data were not available for five facilities established during fiscal year 1973.

²Exclude data for three State group homes in North Dakota that were reported with those for a State training school.

**homes for juveniles, by average length of stay
and States, fiscal 1973**

of stay in months)

houses and group homes					Average length of stay (months)
10-12 months	13-18 months	19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available ¹	
13	6	1	0	5	6.2
0	0	0	0	0	4.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	4.0
0	0	0	0	0	4.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
5	1	0	0	1	6.2
0	1	0	0	0	6.5
5	0	0	0	1	6.1
0	2	0	0	0	7.3
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
0	1	0	0	0	10.5
0	1	0	0	0	7.3
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.4
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
3	1	0	0	1	5.6
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	1	0	0	0	4.6
3	0	0	0	0	10.3
0	0	0	0	0	5.0
0	0	0	0	1	1.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
2	0	1	0	0	6.7
0	0	0	0	0	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
1	0	0	0	0	5.3
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
1	0	1	0	0	18.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
1	0	0	0	0	6.6
0	0	0	0	0	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
1	0	0	0	0	7.3
2	1	0	0	3	6.2
2	0	0	0	0	6.2
0	1	0	0	0	18.0
0	0	0	0	3	5.4
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
0	0	0	0	0	3.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	4.7
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	8.3
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	3.7
0	0	0	0	0	2.3
0	0	0	0	0	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	1	0	0	0	8.8
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	1	0	0	0	8.8
0	1	0	0	0	

Table B-50. Staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by employment status—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Total	Employment status							
		Total staff		Full-time staff			Part-time staff		
		Payroll	Nonpayroll	Total	Payroll	Nonpayroll	Total	Payroll	Nonpayroll
UNITED STATES	44,845	41,115	3,730	39,216	37,846	1,370	5,629	3,269	2,360
REGION 1	1,396	1,334	62	1,244	1,218	26	152	116	36
CONNECTICUT	377	372	5	315	314	1	62	58	4
MAINE	313	301	12	270	270	0	43	31	12
MASSACHUSETTS	271	230	41	243	221	22	28	9	19
NEW HAMPSHIRE	157	157	0	147	147	0	10	10	0
RHODE ISLAND	173	169	4	165	162	3	8	7	1
VERMONT	105	105	0	104	104	0	1	1	0
REGION 2	4,058	3,929	129	3,649	3,566	83	409	363	46
NEW JERSEY	1,506	1,431	75	1,344	1,295	49	162	136	26
NEW YORK	2,552	2,498	54	2,305	2,271	34	247	227	20
REGION 3	4,979	4,612	367	4,429	4,336	93	550	276	274
DELAWARE	367	229	138	236	225	11	131	4	127
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	547	534	13	536	525	11	11	9	2
MARYLAND	1,042	1,009	33	1,007	1,002	5	35	7	28
PENNSYLVANIA	1,640	1,500	140	1,425	1,371	54	215	129	86
VIRGINIA	1,090	1,055	35	976	966	10	114	89	25
WEST VIRGINIA	293	285	8	249	247	2	44	38	6
REGION 4	6,694	6,044	650	6,026	5,817	209	668	227	441
ALABAMA	364	327	37	312	296	16	52	31	21
FLORIDA	2,208	1,815	393	1,808	1,756	52	400	59	341
GEORGIA	1,106	1,033	73	1,053	1,001	52	53	32	21
KENTUCKY	577	526	51	530	495	35	47	31	16
MISSISSIPPI	336	295	41	289	276	13	47	19	28
NORTH CAROLINA	850	824	26	813	797	16	37	27	10
SOUTH CAROLINA	460	450	10	444	434	10	16	16	0
TENNESSEE	793	774	19	777	762	15	16	12	4
REGION 5	9,092	8,398	694	7,890	7,676	214	1,202	722	480
ILLINOIS	2,230	2,127	103	2,064	2,038	26	166	89	77
INDIANA	671	657	14	586	579	7	85	78	7
MICHIGAN	1,603	1,525	78	1,328	1,302	26	275	223	52
MINNESOTA	840	731	109	710	692	18	130	39	91
OHIO	2,874	2,552	322	2,422	2,331	91	452	221	231
WISCONSIN	874	806	68	780	734	46	94	72	22
REGION 6	3,826	3,507	319	3,468	3,382	86	358	125	233
ARKANSAS	284	273	11	272	264	8	12	9	3
LOUISIANA	858	817	41	781	775	6	77	42	35
NEW MEXICO	246	242	4	242	240	2	4	2	2
OKLAHOMA	536	399	137	451	392	59	85	7	78
TEXAS	1,902	1,776	126	1,722	1,711	11	180	65	115
REGION 7	2,382	2,157	225	2,104	1,970	134	278	187	91
IOWA	527	492	35	471	449	22	56	43	13
KANSAS	476	427	49	453	411	42	23	16	7
MISSOURI	1,154	1,016	138	996	926	70	158	90	68
NEBRASKA	225	222	3	184	184	0	41	38	3
REGION 8	1,234	1,189	45	1,051	1,037	14	183	152	31
COLORADO	481	458	23	437	426	11	44	32	12
MONTANA	193	193	0	176	176	0	17	17	0
NORTH DAKOTA	91	80	11	71	71	0	20	9	11
SOUTH DAKOTA	89	86	3	78	76	2	11	10	1
UTAH	282	274	8	197	196	1	85	78	7
WYOMING	98	98	0	92	92	0	6	6	0
REGION 9	8,532	7,845	687	7,325	6,941	384	1,207	904	303
ARIZONA	498	466	32	457	440	17	41	26	15
CALIFORNIA	7,630	7,003	627	6,485	6,134	351	1,145	869	276
HAWAII	114	108	6	109	103	6	5	5	0
NEVADA	290	268	22	274	264	10	16	4	12
REGION 10	2,652	2,100	552	2,030	1,903	127	622	197	425
ALASKA	193	114	79	141	114	27	52	0	52
IDAH0	113	113	0	107	107	0	6	6	0
OREGON	675	599	76	547	530	17	128	69	59
WASHINGTON	1,671	1,274	397	1,235	1,152	83	436	122	314

Table B-51. Full-time payroll and nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities—regions and States, midyear 1971 and 1973

Region and State	1971	1973	Percent change
UNITED STATES	39,521	39,216	-1
REGION 1.	1,719	1,244	-28
CONNECTICUT	339	315	-7
MAINE	262	270	+3
MASSACHUSETTS	740	243	-67
NEW HAMPSHIRE	156	147	-6
RHODE ISLAND	113	165	+46
VERMONT	109	104	-5
REGION 2.	3,881	3,649	-6
NEW JERSEY	1,191	1,344	+13
NEW YORK	2,690	2,305	-14
REGION 3.	4,452	4,429	-1
DELAWARE	191	236	+24
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	494	536	+9
MARYLAND	946	1,007	+6
PENNSYLVANIA	1,747	1,425	-18
VIRGINIA	840	976	+16
WEST VIRGINIA	234	249	+6
REGION 4.	5,687	6,026	+6
ALABAMA	320	312	-3
FLORIDA	1,829	1,808	-1
GEORGIA	934	1,053	+13
KENTUCKY	582	530	-9
MISSISSIPPI	261	289	+11
NORTH CAROLINA	797	813	+2
SOUTH CAROLINA	318	444	+40
TENNESSEE	646	777	+20
REGION 5.	8,512	7,890	-7
ILLINOIS	2,279	2,064	-9
INDIANA	497	586	+18
MICHIGAN	1,623	1,328	-18
MINNESOTA	822	710	-14
OHIO	2,423	2,422	(Z)
WISCONSIN	868	780	-10
REGION 6.	2,986	3,468	+16
ARKANSAS	233	272	+17
LOUISIANA	654	781	+19
NEW MEXICO	265	242	-9
OKLAHOMA	362	451	+25
TEXAS	1,472	1,722	+17
REGION 7.	1,863	2,104	+13
IOWA	558	471	-16
KANSAS	305	453	+49
MISSOURI	802	996	+24
NEBRASKA	198	184	-7
REGION 8.	976	1,051	+8
COLORADO	339	437	+29
MONTANA	180	176	-2
NORTH DAKOTA	77	71	-8
SOUTH DAKOTA	101	78	-23
UTAH	186	197	+6
WYOMING	93	92	-1
REGION 9.	7,464	7,325	-2
ARIZONA	346	457	+32
CALIFORNIA	6,755	6,485	-4
HAWAII	114	109	-4
NEVADA	249	274	+10
REGION 10	1,981	2,030	+2
ALASKA	144	141	-2
IDAHO	105	107	+2
OREGON	493	547	+11
WASHINGTON	1,239	1,235	(Z)

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

**Table B-52. Full-time and part-time payroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position
—regions and States, midyear 1973**

Region and State	Total	Administrative	Full-time		
			Treatment and educational	Personal custody	Other
UNITED STATES	37,846	4,780	11,143	15,975	5,948
REGION 1.	1,218	133	254	642	189
CONNECTICUT	314	27	34	204	49
MAINE	270	31	65	135	39
MASSACHUSETTS	221	36	44	96	45
NEW HAMPSHIRE	147	13	52	61	21
RHODE ISLAND	162	17	30	100	15
VERMONT	104	9	29	46	20
REGION 2.	3,566	467	730	1,733	636
NEW JERSEY	1,295	159	258	652	226
NEW YORK	2,271	308	472	1,081	410
REGION 3.	4,336	480	1,581	1,618	657
DELAWARE	225	24	50	127	24
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	525	34	286	137	68
MARYLAND	1,002	89	351	372	190
PENNSYLVANIA	1,371	200	539	417	215
VIRGINIA	966	100	296	475	95
WEST VIRGINIA	247	33	59	90	65
REGION 4.	5,817	662	1,655	2,401	1,099
ALABAMA	296	44	101	108	43
FLORIDA	1,756	243	384	794	335
GEORGIA	1,001	108	347	397	149
KENTUCKY	495	84	142	188	81
MISSISSIPPI	276	22	95	85	74
NORTH CAROLINA	797	60	240	362	135
SOUTH CAROLINA	434	32	143	175	84
TENNESSEE	762	69	203	292	198
REGION 5.	7,676	1,073	2,058	3,358	1,187
ILLINOIS	2,038	242	419	1,057	320
INDIANA	579	102	134	274	69
MICHIGAN	1,302	180	345	628	149
MINNESOTA	692	91	387	108	106
OHIO	2,331	362	536	1,008	425
WISCONSIN	734	96	237	283	118
REGION 6.	3,382	356	995	1,512	519
ARKANSAS	264	30	113	105	16
LOUISIANA	775	91	199	310	175
NEW MEXICO	240	39	51	126	24
OKLAHOMA	392	51	75	186	80
TEXAS	1,711	145	557	785	224
REGION 7.	1,970	242	544	822	362
IOWA	449	57	142	166	84
KANSAS	411	44	115	181	71
MISSOURI	926	121	234	399	172
NEBRASKA	184	20	53	76	35
REGION 8.	1,037	177	366	332	162
COLORADO	426	103	189	77	57
MONTANA	176	17	45	73	41
NORTH DAKOTA	71	5	24	30	12
SOUTH DAKOTA	76	8	24	33	11
UTAH	196	33	56	84	23
WYOMING	92	11	28	35	18
REGION 9.	6,941	944	2,525	2,601	871
ARIZONA	440	68	195	145	32
CALIFORNIA	6,134	832	2,240	2,262	800
HAWAII	103	9	10	70	14
NEVADA	264	35	80	124	25
REGION 10	1,903	246	435	956	266
ALASKA	114	17	20	69	8
IDAHO	107	9	35	40	23
OREGON	530	47	125	278	80
WASHINGTON	1,152	173	255	569	155

**Table B-52. Full-time and part-time payroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position
—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued**

Region and State	Total	Administrative	Part-time		
			Treatment and educational	Personal custody	Other
UNITED STATES	3,269	187	1,143	1,579	360
REGION 1.	116	4	61	47	4
CONNECTICUT	58	0	19	39	0
MAINE	31	1	22	5	3
MASSACHUSETTS	9	1	6	2	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	10	2	7	1	0
RHODE ISLAND	7	0	6	0	1
VERMONT	1	0	1	0	0
REGION 2.	363	7	111	203	42
NEW JERSEY	136	5	39	71	21
NEW YORK	227	2	72	132	21
REGION 3.	276	21	96	127	32
DELAWARE	4	3	1	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	9	0	9	0	0
MARYLAND	7	0	7	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	129	8	37	74	10
VIRGINIA	89	6	26	50	7
WEST VIRGINIA	38	4	16	3	15
REGION 4.	227	13	82	100	32
ALABAMA	31	0	15	10	6
FLORIDA	59	8	2	36	13
GEORGIA	32	1	22	8	1
KENTUCKY	31	0	18	9	4
MISSISSIPPI	19	4	13	0	2
NORTH CAROLINA	27	0	1	24	2
SOUTH CAROLINA	16	0	3	13	0
TENNESSEE	12	0	8	0	4
REGION 5.	722	39	261	317	105
ILLINOIS	89	1	39	37	12
INDIANA	78	11	24	42	1
MICHIGAN	223	16	72	104	31
MINNESOTA	39	1	21	7	10
OHIO	221	10	63	111	37
WISCONSIN	72	0	42	16	14
REGION 6.	125	3	48	54	20
ARKANSAS	9	0	2	5	2
LOUISIANA	42	0	10	25	7
NEW MEXICO	2	0	2	0	0
OKLAHOMA	7	2	3	2	0
TEXAS	65	1	31	22	11
REGION 7.	187	19	47	93	28
IOWA	43	6	5	21	11
KANSAS	16	0	7	7	2
MISSOURI	90	12	27	38	13
NEBRASKA	38	1	8	27	2
REGION 8.	152	12	40	77	23
COLORADO	32	0	11	12	9
MONTANA	17	0	4	9	4
NORTH DAKOTA	9	0	5	4	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	10	0	3	6	1
UTAH	78	9	15	45	9
WYOMING	6	3	2	1	0
REGION 9.	904	59	363	425	57
ARIZONA	26	0	20	6	0
CALIFORNIA	869	58	339	418	54
HAWAII	5	1	3	1	0
NEVADA	4	0	1	0	3
REGION 10	197	10	34	136	17
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	6	1	2	3	0
OREGON	69	7	5	47	10
WASHINGTON	122	2	27	86	7

**Table B-53. Full-time and part-time nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position
—regions and States, midyear 1973**

Region and State	Total	Full-time			
		Administrative	Treatment and educational	Personal custody	Other
UNITED STATES	1,370	99	1,061	133	77
REGION 1.	26	2	7	11	6
CONNECTICUT	1	0	1	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	22	2	3	11	6
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	3	0	3	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	83	8	59	16	0
NEW JERSEY	49	6	43	0	0
NEW YORK	34	2	16	16	0
REGION 3.	93	7	69	11	6
DELAWARE	11	1	9	0	1
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	11	3	0	8	0
MARYLAND	5	0	5	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	54	3	44	2	5
VIRGINIA	10	0	9	1	0
WEST VIRGINIA	2	0	2	0	0
REGION 4.	209	12	157	20	20
ALABAMA	16	0	16	0	0
FLORIDA	52	0	50	0	2
GEORGIA	52	3	19	15	15
KENTUCKY	35	4	30	0	1
MISSISSIPPI	13	1	12	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	16	0	16	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	10	4	4	0	2
TENNESSEE	15	0	10	5	0
REGION 5.	214	12	163	26	13
ILLINOIS	26	1	23	1	1
INDIANA	7	0	4	3	0
MICHIGAN	26	3	16	5	2
MINNESOTA	18	1	17	0	0
OHIO	91	7	69	5	10
WISCONSIN	46	0	34	12	0
REGION 6.	86	4	78	4	0
ARKANSAS	8	0	8	0	0
LOUISIANA	6	2	3	1	0
NEW MEXICO	2	0	0	2	0
OKLAHOMA	59	0	59	0	0
TEXAS	11	2	8	1	0
REGION 7.	134	2	105	26	1
IOWA	22	0	20	2	0
KANSAS	42	0	42	0	0
MISSOURI	70	2	43	24	1
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	14	0	12	2	0
COLORADO	11	0	9	2	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	2	0	2	0	0
UTAH	1	0	1	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	384	42	307	12	23
ARIZONA	17	0	17	0	0
CALIFORNIA	351	42	274	12	23
HAWAII	6	0	6	0	0
NEVADA	10	0	10	0	0
REGION 10	127	10	104	5	8
ALASKA	27	0	25	2	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	17	0	11	0	6
WASHINGTON	83	10	68	3	2

**Table B-53. Full-time and part-time nonpayroll staff in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position
—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued**

Region and State	Total	Part-time			
		Administrative	Treatment and educational	Personal custody	Other
UNITED STATES	2,360	68	1,789	288	215
REGION 1.	36	0	36	0	0
CONNECTICUT	4	0	4	0	0
MAINE	12	0	12	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	19	0	19	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	1	0	1	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	46	5	35	5	1
NEW JERSEY	26	2	22	1	1
NEW YORK	20	3	13	4	0
REGION 3.	274	5	256	7	6
DELAWARE	127	0	127	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	2	2	0	0	0
MARYLAND	28	0	26	2	0
PENNSYLVANIA	86	3	79	1	3
VIRGINIA	25	0	21	4	0
WEST VIRGINIA	6	0	3	0	3
REGION 4.	441	15	375	46	5
ALABAMA	21	0	21	0	0
FLORIDA	341	10	297	34	0
GEORGIA	21	0	16	3	2
KENTUCKY	16	1	10	3	2
MISSISSIPPI	28	4	18	6	0
NORTH CAROLINA	10	0	9	0	1
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	4	0	4	0	0
REGION 5.	480	4	319	17	140
ILLINOIS	77	0	11	6	60
INDIANA	7	1	6	0	0
MICHIGAN	52	3	45	3	1
MINNESOTA	91	0	10	6	75
OHIO	231	0	228	0	3
WISCONSIN	22	0	19	2	1
REGION 6.	233	5	201	22	5
ARKANSAS	3	1	2	0	0
LOUISIANA	35	1	23	11	0
NEW MEXICO	2	1	0	0	1
OKLAHOMA	78	2	65	11	0
TEXAS	115	0	111	0	4
REGION 7.	91	5	70	15	1
IOWA	13	2	10	1	0
KANSAS	7	0	7	0	0
MISSOURI	68	3	50	14	1
NEBRASKA	3	0	3	0	0
REGION 8.	31	8	21	0	2
COLORADO	12	0	11	0	1
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	11	5	5	0	1
SOUTH DAKOTA	1	0	1	0	0
UTAH	7	3	4	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	303	16	217	19	51
ARIZONA	15	2	9	0	4
CALIFORNIA	276	14	196	19	47
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	12	0	12	0	0
REGION 10	425	5	259	157	4
ALASKA	52	0	52	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	59	0	56	0	3
WASHINGTON	314	5	151	157	1

Table B-54. Number of full-time and part-time payroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973

Region and State	Total	Full-time			
		Adminis- trative	Treatment and edu- cational	Personal custody	Other
UNITED STATES	1,919	153	618	848	300
REGION 1.	70	5	9	48	8
CONNECTICUT	25	1	2	15	7
MAINE	10	2	2	6	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	30	1	3	26	0
VERMONT	5	1	2	1	1
REGION 2.	229	27	64	89	49
NEW JERSEY.	70	5	16	25	24
NEW YORK.	159	22	48	64	25
REGION 3.	226	14	100	75	37
DELAWARE.	14	4	2	6	2
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	58	4	38	12	4
MARYLAND.	64	1	32	13	18
PENNSYLVANIA.	40	4	16	14	6
VIRGINIA.	45	0	10	30	5
WEST VIRGINIA	5	1	2	0	2
REGION 4.	159	14	67	58	20
ALABAMA	7	1	2	2	2
FLORIDA	32	2	19	10	1
GEORGIA	13	0	7	3	3
KENTUCKY.	41	3	16	18	4
MISSISSIPPI	3	0	3	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	42	3	12	22	5
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	21	5	8	3	5
REGION 5.	399	28	112	182	77
ILLINOIS	106	1	20	80	5
INDIANA	23	4	5	7	7
MICHIGAN.	52	7	13	24	8
MINNESOTA	8	3	5	0	0
OHIO.	198	12	61	69	56
WISCONSIN	12	1	8	2	1
REGION 6.	326	10	83	181	52
ARKANSAS.	15	1	4	7	3
LOUISIANA	34	3	6	16	9
NEW MEXICO.	17	2	7	7	1
OKLAHOMA.	37	3	12	14	8
TEXAS	223	1	54	137	31
REGION 7.	89	9	34	34	12
IOWA.	45	5	20	17	3
KANSAS.	22	1	6	9	6
MISSOURI.	13	3	7	0	3
NEBRASKA.	9	0	1	8	0
REGION 8.	20	2	13	5	0
COLORADO.	12	0	7	5	0
MONTANA	1	0	1	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	2	2	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	1	0	1	0	0
UTAH.	1	0	1	0	0
WYOMING	3	0	3	0	0
REGION 9.	278	29	73	144	32
ARIZONA	58	3	13	39	3
CALIFORNIA.	209	26	56	101	26
HAWAII.	8	0	2	3	3
NEVADA.	3	0	2	1	0
REGION 10	123	15	63	32	13
ALASKA.	4	1	0	3	0
IDAHO	12	1	4	1	6
OREGON.	21	2	7	11	1
WASHINGTON.	86	11	52	17	6

Table B-54. Number of full-time and part-time payroll staff vacancies in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of position—regions and States, midyear 1973—continued

Region and State	Total	Adminis- trative	Part-time Treatment and edu- cational	Personal custody	Other
UNITED STATES	130	4	34	69	23
REGION 1.	6	1	0	5	0
CONNECTICUT	6	1	0	5	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	15	1	5	8	1
NEW JERSEY.	2	0	1	0	1
NEW YORK.	13	1	4	8	0
REGION 3.	4	0	2	2	0
DELAWARE.	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND.	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	2	0	2	0	0
VIRGINIA.	2	0	0	2	0
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	5	0	5	0	0
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	3	0	3	0	0
MISSISSIPPI	2	0	2	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 5.	37	0	7	21	9
ILLINOIS.	1	0	1	0	0
INDIANA	8	0	3	5	0
MICHIGAN.	11	0	1	10	0
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO.	17	0	2	6	9
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	10	0	5	1	4
ARKANSAS.	0	0	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	2	0	0	1	1
NEW MEXICO.	1	0	0	0	1
OKLAHOMA.	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	7	0	5	0	2
REGION 7.	7	0	0	6	1
IOWA.	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS.	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	1	0	0	0	1
NEBRASKA.	6	0	0	6	0
REGION 8.	6	0	0	6	0
COLORADO.	6	0	0	6	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	35	2	8	19	6
ARIZONA	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	35	2	8	19	6
HAWAII.	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	5	0	2	1	2
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	3	0	0	1	2
WASHINGTON.	2	0	2	0	0

Table B-55. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and per capita operating expenditures

(Expenditures

Region and State	Expenditures					
	All expenditures			Capital expenditures		
	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
	---thousands---			---thousands---		
UNITED STATES.	456,474	483,941	+6	47,365	30,127	-36
REGION 1.	17,647	14,963	-15	676	781	+16
CONNECTICUT.	3,568	3,776	+6	47	38	-19
MAINE.	2,717	3,297	+21	205	311	+52
MASSACHUSETTS.	7,732	2,597	-66	393	13	-97
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	1,000	1,771	+77	21	127	+505
RHODE ISLAND.	1,299	2,086	+61	11	238	+2,064
VERMONT.	1,331	1,436	+8	0	53	*
REGION 2.	49,627	54,696	+10	7,041	6,145	-13
NEW JERSEY ¹	14,120	17,707	+25	1,249	2,324	+86
NEW YORK.	35,507	36,988	+4	5,792	3,821	-34
REGION 3.	50,851	53,493	+5	4,158	3,321	-20
DELAWARE.	1,817	3,370	+85	30	1,352	+4,407
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ²	5,773	6,770	+17	7	184	+2,529
MARYLAND.	10,395	12,061	+16	547	364	-33
PENNSYLVANIA ³	22,968	19,526	-15	2,605	133	-95
VIRGINIA.	8,076	8,850	+10	907	393	-57
WEST VIRGINIA.	1,822	2,916	+60	62	895	+1,344
REGION 4.	51,411	61,360	+19	5,514	5,528	(2)
ALABAMA.	2,956	2,590	-12	660	124	-81
FLORIDA.	14,790	19,204	+30	1,608	1,424	-11
GEORGIA.	7,818	12,224	+56	374	2,534	+578
KENTUCKY ⁴	4,359	4,080	-6	270	78	-71
MISSISSIPPI.	2,111	2,537	+20	331	189	-43
NORTH CAROLINA.	9,506	9,970	+5	2,087	560	-73
SOUTH CAROLINA.	4,027	3,666	-9	1	511	+51,000
TENNESSEE.	5,844	7,090	+21	182	107	-41
REGION 5.	104,069	101,405	-3	11,311	3,181	-72
ILLINOIS.	27,466	27,229	-1	1,063	196	-82
INDIANA.	6,435	6,507	+1	2,045	1,511	-26
MICHIGAN.	21,958	17,912	-18	1,993	103	-95
MINNESOTA.	9,277	10,835	+17	589	718	+22
OHIO.	25,571	27,539	+8	1,934	566	-71
WISCONSIN.	13,362	11,383	-15	3,688	87	-98
REGION 6.	27,082	30,552	+13	3,971	1,309	-67
ARKANSAS.	1,939	2,172	+12	225	154	-32
LOUISIANA.	6,047	6,727	+11	918	154	-83
NEW MEXICO.	2,143	2,807	+31	41	126	+207
OKLAHOMA.	3,330	3,948	+19	927	633	-32
TEXAS.	13,623	14,898	+9	1,861	242	-87
REGION 7.	17,853	20,741	+16	1,341	2,245	+67
IOWA.	6,071	4,934	-19	467	113	-76
KANSAS.	3,558	4,500	+26	580	468	-19
MISSOURI ⁵	6,358	9,356	+47	287	1,648	+4,744
NEBRASKA.	1,866	1,951	+5	7	16	+129
REGION 8.	10,716	13,431	+25	433	337	-22
COLORADO.	3,971	5,669	+43	180	54	-70
MONTANA.	1,873	2,026	+8	152	44	-71
NORTH DAKOTA.	785	878	+12	20	64	+220
SOUTH DAKOTA.	922	998	+8	26	71	+173
UTAH.	2,107	2,679	+27	33	91	+176
WYOMING.	1,058	1,182	+12	22	14	-36
REGION 9.	97,013	107,594	+11	5,619	5,181	-8
ARIZONA.	3,562	6,929	+95	241	1,850	+668
CALIFORNIA ⁶	88,427	95,881	+8	4,469	3,292	-26
HAWAII.	1,342	1,190	-11	19	5	-74
NEVADA.	3,682	3,594	-2	890	34	-96
REGION 10.	30,205	25,708	-15	7,301	2,099	-71
ALASKA.	3,110	3,479	+12	732	1,800	+146
IDAHO.	1,177	1,283	+9	209	69	-67
OREGON.	6,018	6,154	+2	41	128	+212
WASHINGTON.	19,900	14,791	-26	6,319	102	-98

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding.

* Increase not definable.

(2) Less than 0.5 percent.

¹ Average population for New Jersey was based on all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles, in both 1971 and 1973.

² Data on operating expenditures for 3 District of Columbia facilities were incomplete in 1971.

³ Average population for Pennsylvania was based on all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles, in 1971.

and correctional facilities, average population,
—regions and States, fiscal 1971 and 1973

in dollars)

Expenditures			Average population			Per capita operating expenditures		
Operating expenditures								
1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change	1971	1973	Percent change
---thousands---								
409,109	453,814	+11	758,539	47,385	-19	76,989	9,577	+37
16,970	14,182	-16	1,779	1,093	-39	9,539	12,975	+36
3,521	3,738	+6	227	194	-15	15,511	19,268	+24
2,512	2,986	+19	257	219	-15	9,775	13,634	+39
7,339	2,584	-65	762	207	-73	9,632	12,480	+30
979	1,644	+68	191	204	+7	5,126	8,057	+57
1,288	1,848	+43	182	142	-22	7,076	13,015	+84
1,331	1,382	+4	160	127	-20	8,319	10,882	+31
42,586	48,551	+14	4,441	3,489	-21	9,589	13,915	+45
12,871	15,384	+20	1,743	1,586	-9	7,384	9,699	+31
29,716	33,168	+12	2,698	1,903	-29	11,014	17,429	+58
46,693	50,172	+7	6,643	5,136	-23	7,029	9,768	+39
1,787	2,017	+13	413	232	-44	4,326	8,694	+101
5,766	6,586	+14	772	548	-29	7,469	12,017	+61
9,848	11,697	+19	1,320	1,436	+9	7,461	8,145	+9
20,364	19,393	-5	2,205	1,273	-42	9,235	15,234	+65
7,169	8,458	+18	1,529	1,307	-15	4,689	6,470	+38
1,759	2,021	+15	404	340	-16	4,355	5,945	+37
45,897	55,832	+22	10,214	8,236	-19	4,494	6,779	+51
2,296	2,466	+7	565	472	-16	4,064	5,224	+29
13,182	17,781	+35	2,586	2,180	-16	5,098	8,156	+60
7,444	9,690	+30	1,504	1,401	-7	4,949	6,916	+40
4,089	4,002	-2	987	465	-53	4,143	8,606	+108
1,780	2,347	+32	548	622	+14	3,248	3,773	+16
7,419	9,409	+27	1,919	1,267	-34	3,866	7,426	+92
4,025	3,154	-22	781	580	-26	5,154	5,438	+6
5,661	6,983	+23	1,324	1,249	-6	4,276	5,590	+31
92,758	98,223	+6	11,605	8,428	-27	7,993	11,654	+46
26,403	27,033	+2	2,716	1,753	-35	9,721	15,420	+59
4,391	4,996	+14	1,066	823	-23	4,119	6,070	+47
19,965	17,809	-11	2,161	1,548	-28	9,239	11,504	+25
8,689	10,117	+16	891	709	-20	9,752	14,269	+46
23,637	26,973	+14	3,639	2,815	-23	6,495	9,581	+48
9,675	11,295	+17	1,132	780	-31	8,546	14,481	+69
23,111	29,242	+27	5,688	4,734	-17	4,063	6,177	+52
1,714	2,017	+18	526	494	-6	3,258	4,083	+25
5,129	6,573	+28	1,436	1,199	-17	3,571	5,482	+54
2,103	2,681	+27	363	306	-16	5,793	8,762	+51
2,403	3,314	+38	404	412	+2	5,948	8,044	+35
11,762	14,656	+25	2,959	2,323	-21	3,975	6,309	+59
16,513	18,495	+12	2,285	2,056	-10	7,227	8,995	+24
5,605	4,821	-14	535	404	-24	10,476	11,932	+14
2,977	4,032	+35	417	394	-6	7,140	10,232	+43
6,071	7,707	+27	1,064	1,041	-2	5,706	7,403	+30
1,860	1,735	-7	267	217	-19	6,913	8,919	+29
10,283	13,094	+27	1,456	1,209	-17	7,063	10,830	+53
3,791	5,615	+48	456	430	-6	8,313	13,057	+57
1,720	1,982	+15	222	218	(2)	7,750	9,093	+17
765	814	+6	126	90	-28	6,072	9,043	+49
836	927	+11	175	102	-42	5,119	9,083	+77
2,075	2,589	+25	330	253	-23	6,287	10,232	+63
1,036	1,168	+13	147	116	-21	7,049	10,067	+43
71,394	102,413	+42	12,174	11,129	-9	7,507	9,202	+23
3,321	5,080	+53	628	708	+13	5,288	7,174	+36
83,958	92,589	+10	10,961	9,998	-9	7,660	9,261	+21
1,323	1,185	-10	78	115	+17	13,495	10,303	-24
2,792	3,560	+28	487	308	-37	5,733	11,557	+102
22,903	23,609	+3	2,254	1,875	-17	10,161	12,591	+24
2,378	1,679	-29	136	83	-39	17,486	20,233	+16
968	1,215	+26	171	111	-35	5,658	10,941	+93
5,976	6,026	+1	591	526	-11	10,112	11,457	+13
13,581	14,689	+8	1,356	1,155	-15	10,016	12,717	+27

*Data on operating expenditures for 1 Kentucky facility were incomplete in 1973.

*Exclude data on capital expenditures for 5 Missouri facilities in 1973. Data on 1973 operating expenditures in these same 5 facilities were incomplete.

*Average population for California was based on all residents, juveniles and nonjuveniles, in both 1971 and 1973. Data on capital expenditures in the 15 California facilities were not reported in 1971 and were limited to outlays for equipment only in 1973.

*Figure differs slightly from that given in Text Table 35, because different methods were used in computing average population.

Table B-56. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by type of expenditure—regions and States, fiscal 1973

(In thousands of dollars)

Region and State	All expenditures	Capital expenditures	Operating expenditures		
			Total	Gross salaries and wages	Other
UNITED STATES	483,941	30,127	453,814	346,290	107,525
REGION 1.	14,963	781	14,182	11,225	2,956
CONNECTICUT	3,776	38	3,738	3,094	644
MAINE	3,297	311	2,986	2,459	527
MASSACHUSETTS	2,597	13	2,584	1,963	621
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,771	127	1,644	1,281	363
RHODE ISLAND	2,086	238	1,848	1,498	350
VERMONT	1,436	53	1,382	931	451
REGION 2.	54,696	6,145	48,551	36,288	12,263
NEW JERSEY	17,707	2,324	15,384	12,444	2,940
NEW YORK	36,988	3,821	33,168	23,844	9,323
REGION 3.	53,493	3,321	50,172	37,658	12,514
DELAWARE	3,370	1,352	2,017	1,584	434
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	6,770	184	6,586	5,550	1,036
MARYLAND	12,061	364	11,697	9,719	1,978
PENNSYLVANIA	19,526	133	19,393	12,849	6,544
VIRGINIA	8,850	393	8,458	6,568	1,890
WEST VIRGINIA	2,916	895	2,021	1,389	632
REGION 4.	61,360	5,528	55,832	40,217	15,615
ALABAMA	2,590	124	2,466	1,668	798
FLORIDA	19,204	1,424	17,781	13,506	4,274
GEORGIA	12,224	2,534	9,690	7,038	2,652
KENTUCKY ¹	4,080	78	4,002	2,741	1,261
MISSISSIPPI	2,537	189	2,347	1,766	581
NORTH CAROLINA	9,970	560	9,409	6,396	3,013
SOUTH CAROLINA	3,666	511	3,154	2,359	795
TENNESSEE	7,090	107	6,983	4,743	2,240
REGION 5.	101,405	3,181	98,223	76,834	21,389
ILLINOIS	27,229	196	27,033	21,602	5,431
INDIANA	6,507	1,511	4,996	4,079	918
MICHIGAN	17,912	103	17,809	13,345	4,464
MINNESOTA	10,835	718	10,117	8,282	1,835
OHIO	27,539	566	26,973	20,508	6,465
WISCONSIN	11,383	87	11,295	9,017	2,278
REGION 6.	30,552	1,309	29,242	21,822	7,420
ARKANSAS	2,172	154	2,017	1,424	593
LOUISIANA	6,727	154	6,573	5,035	1,538
NEW MEXICO	2,807	126	2,681	1,802	880
OKLAHOMA	3,948	633	3,314	2,441	874
TEXAS	14,898	242	14,656	11,120	3,536
REGION 7.	20,741	2,245	18,495	13,623	4,873
IOWA	4,934	113	4,821	3,415	1,406
KANSAS	4,500	468	4,032	2,932	1,100
MISSOURI ²	9,356	1,648	7,707	5,864	1,843
NEBRASKA	1,951	16	1,935	1,412	523
REGION 8.	13,431	337	13,094	8,869	4,226
COLORADO	5,669	54	5,615	4,013	1,602
MONTANA	2,026	44	1,982	1,386	596
NORTH DAKOTA	878	64	814	589	225
SOUTH DAKOTA	998	71	927	636	291
UTAH	2,679	91	2,589	1,676	913
WYOMING	1,182	14	1,168	569	598
REGION 9.	107,594	5,181	102,413	82,388	20,025
ARIZONA	6,929	1,850	5,080	3,489	1,590
CALIFORNIA ³	95,881	3,292	92,589	75,179	17,410
HAWAII	1,190	5	1,185	988	197
NEVADA	3,594	34	3,560	2,733	827
REGION 10	25,708	2,099	23,609	17,366	6,244
ALASKA	3,479	1,800	1,679	1,455	225
IDAHO	1,283	69	1,215	855	360
OREGON	6,154	128	6,026	4,602	1,425
WASHINGTON	14,791	102	14,689	10,454	4,234

NOTE: Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding.

¹Exclude data on other operating expenditures from 1 Kentucky facility.

²Exclude data on capital expenditures and other operating expenditures from 5 Missouri facilities.

³Capital expenditures for the 15 California facilities include outlays for equipment only.

Appendix C
1972 Data tables

Table C-1. Admissions to and departures from public detention centers for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972

Region and State	Admissions			Departures		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	432,233	299,688	132,545	428,437	296,064	132,373
REGION 1.	6,572	5,850	722	6,550	5,837	713
CONNECTICUT	1,621	1,211	410	1,604	1,201	403
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	4,951	4,639	312	4,946	4,636	310
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	23,536	16,338	7,198	23,040	15,964	7,076
NEW JERSEY	11,769	8,775	2,994	11,325	8,440	2,885
NEW YORK	11,767	7,563	4,204	11,715	7,524	4,191
REGION 3.	24,454	18,507	5,947	23,762	17,865	5,897
DELAWARE	1,523	1,088	435	1,501	1,060	441
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	5,115	4,603	512	5,100	4,545	555
MARYLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	12,559	9,471	3,088	12,001	8,976	3,025
VIRGINIA	4,528	2,901	1,627	4,431	2,840	1,591
WEST VIRGINIA	729	444	285	729	444	285
REGION 4.	54,767	37,079	17,688	54,849	36,643	18,206
ALABAMA	2,426	1,481	945	2,356	1,445	911
FLORIDA	18,013	11,613	6,400	18,074	11,590	6,484
GEORGIA	16,414	11,147	5,267	16,539	10,796	5,743
KENTUCKY	6,586	4,904	1,682	6,586	4,904	1,682
MISSISSIPPI	1,610	1,190	420	1,591	1,174	417
NORTH CAROLINA	2,845	1,813	1,032	2,827	1,798	1,029
SOUTH CAROLINA	873	584	289	873	584	289
TENNESSEE	6,000	4,347	1,653	6,003	4,352	1,651
REGION 5.	76,025	51,659	24,366	76,126	51,683	24,443
ILLINOIS	15,064	10,547	4,517	15,087	10,508	4,579
INDIANA	7,010	4,906	2,104	6,933	4,863	2,070
MICHIGAN	19,051	12,919	6,132	19,171	12,994	6,177
MINNESOTA	2,003	1,339	664	2,002	1,339	663
OHIO	25,676	17,274	8,402	25,732	17,316	8,416
WISCONSIN	7,221	4,674	2,547	7,201	4,663	2,538
REGION 6.	30,712	21,225	9,487	30,572	21,131	9,441
ARKANSAS	1,033	708	325	1,033	708	325
LOUISIANA	5,618	4,133	1,485	5,567	4,122	1,445
NEW MEXICO	3,347	2,432	915	3,347	2,432	915
OKLAHOMA	2,949	1,688	1,261	2,939	1,680	1,259
TEXAS	17,765	12,264	5,501	17,686	12,189	5,497
REGION 7.	10,708	7,223	3,485	10,535	7,159	3,376
IOWA	1,343	760	583	1,311	741	570
KANSAS	1,530	1,089	441	1,504	1,092	412
MISSOURI	6,946	4,849	2,097	6,850	4,813	2,037
NEBRASKA	889	525	364	870	513	357
REGION 8.	15,833	10,491	5,342	15,714	10,420	5,294
COLORADO	9,661	6,391	3,270	9,572	6,328	3,244
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	98	49	49	98	49	49
SOUTH DAKOTA	445	310	135	445	310	135
UTAH	5,629	3,741	1,888	5,599	3,733	1,866
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	163,267	115,078	48,189	160,995	113,140	47,855
ARIZONA	7,873	5,277	2,596	7,758	5,193	2,565
CALIFORNIA	148,260	104,830	43,430	146,137	102,998	43,139
HAWAII	1,837	1,051	786	1,837	1,048	789
NEVADA	5,297	3,920	1,377	5,267	3,901	1,366
REGION 10	26,359	16,238	10,121	26,294	16,222	10,072
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	6,795	4,131	2,664	6,737	4,112	2,625
WASHINGTON	19,564	12,107	7,457	19,557	12,110	7,447

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

Table C-2. Admissions to and departures from public shelters for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972

Region and State	Admissions			Departures		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES.	2,307	1,242	1,065	2,289	1,240	1,049
REGION 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3.	215	120	95	204	120	84
DELAWARE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	215	120	95	204	120	84
MARYLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	73	73	0	81	81	0
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	73	73	0	81	81	0
MISSISSIPPI.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 5.	488	248	240	473	238	235
ILLINOIS.	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	204	95	109	204	95	109
MINNESOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO.	180	100	80	180	100	80
WISCONSIN.	104	53	51	89	43	46
REGION 6.	1,531	801	730	1,531	801	730
ARKANSAS.	218	159	59	218	159	59
LOUISIANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	1,313	642	671	1,313	642	671
TEXAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	0	0	0	0	0	0
IOWA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	0	0	0	0	0	0
ARIZONA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
HAWAII.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	0	0	0	0	0	0

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplets and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

**Table C-3. Admissions to and departures from public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles, by sex
—regions and States, fiscal 1972**

Region and State	Admissions			Departures		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES.	22,257	18,459	3,798	22,179	18,458	3,721
REGION 1	143	105	38	122	89	33
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	143	105	38	122	89	33
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3	2,863	2,140	723	2,869	2,144	725
DELAWARE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND.	1,341	1,011	330	1,347	1,015	332
PENNSYLVANIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA.	1,522	1,129	393	1,522	1,129	393
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4	2,816	2,082	734	2,775	2,055	720
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	967	704	263	926	677	249
MISSISSIPPI.	152	110	42	152	110	42
NORTH CAROLINA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	1,697	1,268	429	1,697	1,268	429
TENNESSEE.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 5	7,066	6,284	782	7,115	6,364	751
ILLINOIS.	3,216	3,216	0	3,268	3,268	0
INDIANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	459	459	0	447	447	0
MINNESOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO.	3,391	2,609	782	3,400	2,649	751
WISCONSIN.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6	2,097	1,635	462	2,097	1,635	462
ARKANSAS.	564	417	147	564	417	147
LOUISIANA.	1,533	1,218	315	1,533	1,218	315
NEW MEXICO.	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7	0	0	0	0	0	0
IOWA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO.	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH.	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	6,360	5,527	833	6,314	5,504	810
ARIZONA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	6,360	5,527	833	6,314	5,504	810
HAWAII.	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	912	686	226	887	667	220
ALASKA.	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	912	686	226	887	667	220

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

**Table C-4. Admissions to and departures from public training schools, ranches, forestry camps, and farms for juveniles, by sex
—regions and States, fiscal 1972**

Region and State	Admissions			Departures		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	71,136	57,859	13,277	71,728	58,629	13,099
REGION 1.	2,922	2,205	717	2,674	1,934	740
CONNECTICUT	491	350	141	494	346	148
MAINE	338	276	62	307	274	33
MASSACHUSETTS	358	341	17	360	343	17
NEW HAMPSHIRE	700	525	175	550	300	250
RHODE ISLAND	735	531	204	772	563	209
VERMONT	300	182	118	191	108	83
REGION 2.	3,802	3,319	483	4,329	3,765	564
NEW JERSEY	1,706	1,616	90	1,707	1,612	95
NEW YORK	2,096	1,703	393	2,622	2,153	469
REGION 3.	8,271	6,814	1,457	7,928	6,656	1,272
DELAWARE	422	311	111	344	275	69
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	513	481	32	644	578	66
MARYLAND	3,794	2,961	833	3,536	2,799	737
PENNSYLVANIA	1,563	1,349	214	1,497	1,326	171
VIRGINIA	1,121	1,019	102	1,189	1,058	131
WEST VIRGINIA	858	693	165	718	620	98
REGION 4.	12,010	9,001	3,009	12,163	9,050	3,113
ALABAMA	618	497	121	611	490	121
FLORIDA	5,544	4,159	1,385	5,584	4,146	1,438
GEORGIA	1,452	1,160	292	1,492	1,167	325
KENTUCKY	654	456	198	595	432	163
MISSISSIPPI	387	387	0	387	387	0
NORTH CAROLINA	2,489	1,748	741	2,646	1,853	793
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	866	594	272	848	575	273
REGION 5.	12,626	9,698	2,928	12,963	9,924	3,039
ILLINOIS	2,218	1,780	438	2,308	1,827	481
INDIANA	1,144	941	203	1,227	1,064	163
MICHIGAN	1,207	902	305	1,371	1,021	350
MINNESOTA	3,489	2,623	866	3,227	2,428	799
OHIO	3,579	2,694	885	3,730	2,827	903
WISCONSIN	989	758	231	1,100	757	343
REGION 6.	6,210	4,506	1,704	6,574	4,819	1,755
ARKANSAS	644	511	133	577	430	147
LOUISIANA	1,564	1,272	292	1,633	1,342	291
NEW MEXICO	499	328	171	540	369	171
OKLAHOMA	456	297	159	631	381	250
TEXAS	3,047	2,098	949	3,193	2,297	896
REGION 7.	2,411	2,034	377	2,415	2,038	377
IOWA	655	470	185	632	450	182
KANSAS	318	250	68	276	206	70
MISSOURI	1,115	1,053	62	1,160	1,097	63
NEBRASKA	323	261	62	347	285	62
REGION 8.	1,179	877	302	1,467	1,037	430
COLORADO	325	223	102	347	215	132
MONTANA	283	222	61	358	281	77
NORTH DAKOTA	99	69	30	156	116	40
SOUTH DAKOTA	217	185	32	306	247	59
UTAH	225	178	47	231	178	53
WYOMING	30	0	30	69	0	69
REGION 9.	19,342	17,668	1,674	18,776	17,629	1,147
ARIZONA	1,769	1,519	250	1,911	1,644	267
CALIFORNIA	16,938	15,661	1,277	16,188	15,452	736
HAWAII	233	190	43	222	185	37
NEVADA	402	298	104	455	348	107
REGION 10	2,363	1,737	626	2,439	1,777	662
ALASKA	821	553	268	759	496	263
IDAHO	260	196	64	238	170	68
OREGON	621	514	107	717	580	137
WASHINGTON	661	474	187	725	531	194

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

Table C-5. Admissions to and departures from public halfway houses and group homes for juveniles, by sex—regions and States, fiscal 1972

Region and State	Admissions			Departures		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	2,284	1,524	760	2,002	1,341	661
REGION 1.	15	9	6	10	7	3
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	15	9	6	10	7	3
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	691	414	277	658	399	259
NEW JERSEY	255	188	67	244	178	66
NEW YORK	436	226	210	414	221	193
REGION 3.	86	57	29	77	51	26
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	29	0	29	26	0	26
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	57	57	0	51	51	0
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	123	123	0	116	116	0
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	30	30	0	29	29	0
MISSISSIPPI	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	6	6	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	87	87	0	87	87	0
REGION 5.	365	295	70	290	233	57
ILLINOIS	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIANA	20	20	0	6	6	0
MICHIGAN	345	275	70	284	227	57
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO	0	0	0	0	0	0
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	207	161	46	171	130	41
ARKANSAS	18	18	0	13	13	0
LOUISIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	189	143	46	158	117	41
REGION 7.	371	215	156	327	185	142
IOWA	77	59	18	59	46	13
KANSAS	11	11	0	6	6	0
MISSOURI	283	145	138	262	133	129
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	40	0	40	15	0	15
COLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	8	0	8	1	0	1
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	32	0	32	14	0	14
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	252	149	103	227	137	90
ARIZONA	71	53	18	56	53	3
CALIFORNIA	181	96	85	171	84	87
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	134	101	33	111	83	28
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	134	101	33	111	83	28

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

Table C-6. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention and correctional facilities, by State or local administration of facility and sex—regions and States, midyear 1972

Region and State	All facilities			State facilities			Local facilities		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	43,105	33,218	9,887	29,868	23,448	6,420	13,237	9,770	3,467
REGION 1.	1,085	804	281	1,080	802	278	5	2	3
CONNECTICUT	237	168	69	237	168	69	0	0	0
MAINE	233	180	53	233	180	53	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	170	156	14	170	156	14	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	210	157	53	205	155	50	5	2	3
RHODE ISLAND	136	88	48	136	88	48	0	0	0
VERMONT	99	55	44	99	55	44	0	0	0
REGION 2.	3,797	3,066	731	3,066	2,581	485	731	485	246
NEW JERSEY.	1,639	1,420	219	1,273	1,147	126	366	273	93
NEW YORK.	2,158	1,646	512	1,793	1,434	359	365	212	153
REGION 3.	5,059	4,091	968	3,966	3,230	736	1,093	861	232
DELAWARE.	290	187	103	290	187	103	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	516	458	58	0	0	0	516	458	58
MARYLAND.	1,443	1,156	287	1,443	1,156	287	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	1,244	994	250	859	727	132	385	267	118
VIRGINIA.	1,158	964	194	1,001	853	148	157	111	46
WEST VIRGINIA	408	332	76	373	307	66	35	25	10
REGION 4.	6,984	5,191	1,793	5,712	4,293	1,419	1,272	898	374
ALABAMA	527	379	148	412	322	90	115	57	58
FLORIDA	1,899	1,484	415	1,334	1,089	245	565	395	170
GEORGIA	1,315	1,013	302	1,082	838	244	233	175	58
KENTUCKY.	498	354	144	321	222	99	177	132	45
MISSISSIPPI	296	278	18	268	260	8	28	18	10
NORTH CAROLINA.	1,571	1,055	516	1,519	1,016	503	52	39	13
SOUTH CAROLINA.	172	141	31	170	140	30	2	1	1
TENNESSEE	706	487	219	606	406	200	100	81	19
REGION 5.	7,823	5,863	1,960	5,329	4,118	1,211	2,494	1,745	749
ILLINOIS.	1,400	1,156	244	900	768	132	500	388	112
INDIANA	870	617	253	642	463	179	228	154	74
MICHIGAN.	1,449	1,072	377	567	495	72	882	577	305
MINNESOTA	695	540	155	539	405	134	156	135	21
OHIO.	2,883	2,092	791	2,268	1,673	595	615	419	196
WISCONSIN	526	386	140	413	314	99	113	72	41
REGION 6.	4,706	3,751	955	3,932	3,118	814	774	633	141
ARKANSAS.	467	349	118	442	330	112	25	19	6
LOUISIANA	1,188	992	196	970	800	170	218	192	26
NEW MEXICO.	309	233	76	265	203	62	44	30	14
OKLAHOMA.	353	225	128	303	196	107	50	29	21
TEXAS	2,389	1,952	437	1,952	1,589	363	437	363	74
REGION 7.	1,974	1,477	497	1,289	913	376	685	564	121
IOWA.	422	291	131	367	253	114	55	38	17
KANSAS.	356	262	94	303	221	82	53	41	12
MISSOURI.	961	757	204	401	282	119	560	475	85
NEBRASKA.	235	167	68	218	157	61	17	10	7
REGION 8.	1,163	812	351	1,072	753	319	91	59	32
COLORADO.	398	306	92	398	306	92	0	0	0
MONTANA	217	145	72	217	145	72	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	97	64	33	90	64	26	7	0	7
SOUTH DAKOTA.	120	99	21	108	91	17	12	8	4
UTAH.	289	198	91	217	147	70	72	51	21
WYOMING	42	0	42	42	0	42	0	0	0
REGION 9.	8,708	6,931	1,777	2,926	2,599	327	5,782	4,332	1,450
ARIZONA	720	606	114	593	519	74	127	87	40
CALIFORNIA.	7,562	6,015	1,547	2,019	1,865	154	5,543	4,150	1,393
HAWAII.	109	82	27	109	82	27	0	0	0
NEVADA.	317	228	89	205	133	72	112	95	17
REGION 10	1,806	1,232	574	1,496	1,041	455	310	191	119
ALASKA.	91	70	21	91	70	21	0	0	0
IDAHO	115	84	31	115	84	31	0	0	0
OREGON.	484	344	140	351	261	90	133	83	50
WASHINGTON.	1,116	734	382	939	626	313	177	108	69

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

**Table C-7. Juveniles held in public juvenile detention
and State or local administration**

Region and State	All facilities			Detention center			Shelter		
	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local
UNITED STATES.	43,105	29,868	13,237	9,442	685	8,757	107	39	68
REGION 1	1,085	1,080	5	167	167	0	0	0	0
CONNECTICUT.	237	237	0	31	31	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	233	233	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	170	170	0	136	136	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	210	205	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	136	136	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	99	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	3,797	3,066	731	731	0	731	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY.	1,639	1,273	366	366	0	366	0	0	0
NEW YORK.	2,158	1,793	365	365	0	365	0	0	0
REGION 3	5,059	3,966	1,093	692	57	635	36	0	36
DELAWARE.	290	290	0	44	44	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	516	0	516	90	0	90	36	0	36
MARYLAND.	1,443	1,443	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	1,244	859	385	371	0	371	0	0	0
VIRGINIA.	1,158	1,001	157	162	13	149	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA.	408	373	35	25	0	25	0	0	0
REGION 4	6,984	5,712	1,272	1,169	285	884	39	39	0
ALABAMA.	527	412	115	115	0	115	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	1,899	1,334	565	475	150	325	0	0	0
GEORGIA.	1,315	1,082	233	368	135	233	0	0	0
KENTUCKY.	498	321	177	59	0	59	39	39	0
MISSISSIPPI.	296	268	28	28	0	28	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA.	1,571	1,519	52	52	0	52	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA.	172	170	2	2	0	2	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	706	606	100	70	0	70	0	0	0
REGION 5	7,823	5,329	2,494	1,816	0	1,816	13	0	13
ILLINOIS.	1,400	900	500	369	0	369	0	0	0
INDIANA.	870	642	228	214	0	214	0	0	0
MICHIGAN.	1,449	567	882	738	0	738	3	0	3
MINNESOTA.	695	539	156	19	0	19	0	0	0
OHIO.	2,883	2,268	615	368	0	368	5	0	5
WISCONSIN.	526	413	113	108	0	108	5	0	5
REGION 6	4,706	3,932	774	437	0	437	19	0	19
ARKANSAS.	467	442	25	15	0	15	5	0	5
LOUISIANA.	1,188	970	218	133	0	133	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO.	309	265	44	44	0	44	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA.	353	303	50	18	0	18	14	0	14
TEXAS.	2,389	1,952	437	227	0	227	0	0	0
REGION 7	1,974	1,289	685	316	0	316	0	0	0
IOWA.	422	367	55	40	0	40	0	0	0
KANSAS.	356	303	53	53	0	53	0	0	0
MISSOURI.	961	401	560	206	0	206	0	0	0
NEBRASKA.	235	218	17	17	0	17	0	0	0
REGION 8	1,163	1,072	91	222	138	84	0	0	0
COLORADO.	398	398	0	138	138	0	0	0	0
MONTANA.	217	217	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	97	90	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA.	120	108	12	12	0	12	0	0	0
UTAH.	289	217	72	72	0	72	0	0	0
WYOMING.	42	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	8,708	2,926	5,782	3,593	38	3,555	0	0	0
ARIZONA.	720	593	127	127	0	127	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA.	7,562	2,019	5,543	3,361	0	3,361	0	0	0
HAWAII.	109	109	0	38	38	0	0	0	0
NEVADA.	317	205	112	67	0	67	0	0	0
REGION 10.	1,806	1,496	310	299	0	299	0	0	0
ALASKA.	91	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	115	115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON.	484	351	133	122	0	122	0	0	0
WASHINGTON.	1,116	939	177	177	0	177	0	0	0

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

and correctional facilities, by type of facility
—regions and States, midyear 1972

Reception or diagnostic center			Training school			Ranch, forestry camp, and farm			Halfway house and group home		
Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local	Total	State	Local
1,770	1,770	0	26,663	24,641	2,022	4,243	2,102	2,141	880	631	249
21	21	0	858	858	0	34	34	0	5	0	5
0	0	0	206	206	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	233	233	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	34	34	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	205	205	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
21	21	0	115	115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	99	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2,466	2,466	0	265	265	0	335	335	0
0	0	0	1,189	1,189	0	0	0	0	84	84	0
0	0	0	1,277	1,277	0	265	265	0	251	251	0
299	299	0	3,483	3,069	414	496	496	0	53	45	8
0	0	0	246	246	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	390	0	390	0	0	0	0	0	0
106	106	0	1,144	1,144	0	167	167	0	26	26	0
0	0	0	798	784	14	75	75	0	0	0	0
193	193	0	650	650	0	126	126	0	27	19	8
0	0	0	255	245	10	128	128	0	0	0	0
256	256	0	5,253	4,906	347	212	212	0	55	14	41
0	0	0	412	412	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,424	1,184	240	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	947	947	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62	62	0	107	0	107	212	212	0	19	8	11
24	24	0	244	244	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,513	1,513	0	0	0	0	6	6	0
170	170	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	606	606	0	0	0	0	30	0	30
690	690	0	4,592	4,031	561	557	494	63	155	114	41
208	208	0	680	549	131	143	143	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	642	642	0	0	0	0	14	0	14
38	38	0	400	345	55	133	70	63	137	114	23
0	0	0	651	514	137	25	25	0	0	0	0
444	444	0	1,822	1,584	238	240	240	0	4	0	4
0	0	0	397	397	0	16	16	0	0	0	0
55	55	0	4,140	3,870	270	0	0	0	55	7	48
18	18	0	424	424	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
37	37	0	1,018	933	85	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	265	265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	321	303	18	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2,112	1,945	167	0	0	0	50	7	43
0	0	0	1,332	1,181	151	239	92	147	87	16	71
0	0	0	266	266	0	92	92	0	24	9	15
0	0	0	296	296	0	0	0	0	7	7	0
0	0	0	552	401	151	147	0	147	56	0	56
0	0	0	218	218	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	748	748	0	165	165	0	28	21	7
0	0	0	172	172	0	88	88	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	186	186	0	31	31	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	90	90	0	0	0	0	7	0	7
0	0	0	62	62	0	46	46	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	196	196	0	0	0	0	21	21	0
0	0	0	42	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
296	296	0	2,720	2,441	279	2,052	132	1,920	47	19	28
0	0	0	498	498	0	76	76	0	19	19	0
296	296	0	1,946	1,667	279	1,931	56	1,875	28	0	28
0	0	0	71	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	205	205	0	45	0	45	0	0	0
153	153	0	1,071	1,071	0	223	212	11	60	60	0
0	0	0	91	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	115	115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	351	351	0	11	0	11	0	0	0
153	153	0	514	514	0	212	212	0	60	60	0

**Table C-8. Juveniles held in public juvenile
by detention status and sex**

Region and State	All juveniles			Adjudicated delinquent			Person in need of supervision (PINS)		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
UNITED STATES	43,105	33,218	9,887	32,207	26,060	6,147	4,161	2,390	1,771
REGION 1	1,085	804	281	778	595	183	58	22	36
CONNECTICUT	237	168	69	208	154	54	0	0	0
MAINE	233	180	53	232	179	53	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	170	156	14	50	45	5	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	210	157	53	149	122	27	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	136	88	48	112	70	42	0	0	0
VERMONT	99	55	44	27	25	2	58	22	36
REGION 2	3,797	3,066	731	2,272	2,062	210	811	484	327
NEW JERSEY	1,639	1,420	219	1,368	1,219	149	0	0	0
NEW YORK	2,158	1,646	512	904	843	61	811	484	327
REGION 3	5,059	4,091	968	3,796	3,253	543	537	291	246
DELAWARE	290	187	103	246	155	91	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	516	458	58	393	362	31	14	9	5
MARYLAND	1,443	1,156	287	712	687	25	523	282	241
PENNSYLVANIA	1,244	994	250	961	808	153	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	1,158	964	194	1,102	925	177	0	0	0
WEST VIRGINIA	408	332	76	382	316	66	0	0	0
REGION 4	6,984	5,191	1,793	5,397	4,075	1,322	727	530	197
ALABAMA	527	379	148	437	333	104	0	0	0
FLORIDA	1,899	1,484	415	1,027	865	162	467	340	127
GEORGIA	1,315	1,013	302	1,141	887	254	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	498	354	144	378	281	97	65	32	33
MISSISSIPPI	296	278	18	244	244	0	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	1,571	1,055	516	1,526	1,023	503	13	9	4
SOUTH CAROLINA	172	141	31	170	140	30	0	0	0
TENNESSEE	706	487	219	474	302	172	182	149	33
REGION 5	7,823	5,863	1,960	6,527	5,030	1,497	134	61	73
ILLINOIS	1,400	1,156	244	1,129	989	140	74	32	42
INDIANA	870	617	253	651	470	181	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	1,449	1,072	377	998	782	216	0	0	0
MINNESOTA	695	540	155	685	533	152	0	0	0
OHIO	2,883	2,092	791	2,645	1,938	707	47	22	25
WISCONSIN	526	386	140	419	318	101	13	7	6
REGION 6	4,706	3,751	955	4,176	3,366	810	159	94	65
ARKANSAS	467	349	118	419	318	101	0	0	0
LOUISIANA	1,188	992	196	1,083	899	184	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO	309	233	76	211	170	41	86	54	32
OKLAHOMA	353	225	128	262	173	89	73	40	33
TEXAS	2,389	1,952	437	2,201	1,806	395	0	0	0
REGION 7	1,974	1,477	497	1,587	1,224	363	79	38	41
IOWA	422	291	131	308	226	82	0	0	0
KANSAS	356	262	94	313	229	84	23	22	1
MISSOURI	961	757	204	795	626	169	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	235	167	68	171	143	28	56	16	40
REGION 8	1,163	812	351	905	654	251	101	43	58
COLORADO	398	306	92	199	187	12	101	43	58
MONTANA	217	145	72	217	145	72	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	97	64	33	96	64	32	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	120	99	21	108	91	17	0	0	0
UTAH	289	198	91	243	167	76	0	0	0
WYOMING	42	0	42	42	0	42	0	0	0
REGION 9	8,708	6,931	1,777	5,506	4,849	657	1,238	690	548
ARIZONA	720	606	114	431	411	20	200	135	65
CALIFORNIA	7,562	6,015	1,547	1,717	4,173	544	1,029	549	480
HAWAII	109	82	27	84	68	16	9	6	3
NEVADA	317	228	89	274	197	77	0	0	0
REGION 10	1,806	1,232	574	1,263	952	311	317	137	180
ALASKA	91	70	21	68	52	16	0	0	0
IDAHO	115	84	31	115	84	31	0	0	0
OREGON	484	344	140	374	279	95	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	1,116	734	382	706	537	169	317	137	180

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

**detention and correctional facilities,
—regions and States, midyear 1972**

Held pending court disposition			Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction			Voluntary admission			Dependent and neglected children		
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
5,566	4,000	1,566	337	225	112	363	293	70	471	250	221
218	163	55	5	0	5	25	24	1	1	0	1
23	14	9	5	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
96	87	9	0	0	0	24	24	0	0	0	0
61	35	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	18	5	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
14	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
445	313	132	10	6	4	258	200	58	1	1	0
265	197	68	5	3	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
180	116	64	5	3	2	258	200	58	0	0	0
662	509	153	29	21	8	0	0	0	35	17	18
37	29	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	3	4
107	86	21	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
208	187	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245	164	81	16	12	4	0	0	0	22	10	12
49	34	15	1	1	0	0	0	0	6	4	2
16	9	7	10	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
761	527	234	31	20	11	18	14	4	50	25	25
53	31	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	15	22
385	268	117	14	8	6	0	0	0	6	3	3
147	104	43	10	7	3	10	8	2	7	7	0
53	40	13	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
49	32	17	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	0
28	19	9	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	32	12	6	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
941	632	309	98	64	34	28	26	2	95	50	45
180	130	50	9	2	7	0	0	0	8	3	5
203	133	70	2	0	2	14	14	0	0	0	0
286	187	99	70	47	23	11	10	1	84	46	38
9	7	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
175	117	58	16	15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
88	58	30	0	0	0	3	2	1	3	1	2
256	205	51	27	20	7	27	24	3	61	42	19
13	9	4	2	1	1	2	2	0	31	19	12
79	69	10	6	6	0	4	4	0	16	14	2
11	9	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	3	1	4	3	1	8	5	3	2	1	1
149	115	34	14	10	4	13	13	0	12	8	4
223	172	51	4	2	2	3	3	0	78	38	40
38	28	10	0	0	0	3	3	0	73	34	39
16	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1
162	129	33	3	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
7	7	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
122	92	30	25	20	5	2	0	2	8	3	5
88	66	22	9	9	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
12	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	18	4	16	11	5	1	0	1	7	2	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1,791	1,285	506	95	65	30	2	2	0	76	40	36
77	50	27	10	8	2	0	0	0	2	2	0
1,672	1,209	463	71	47	24	0	0	0	73	37	36
12	7	5	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	19	11	10	9	1	2	2	0	1	1	0
147	102	45	13	7	6	0	0	0	66	34	32
23	18	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	28	16	5	3	2	0	0	0	61	34	27
80	56	24	8	4	4	0	0	0	5	0	5

**Table C-9. Public detention centers and shelters for juveniles,
by average length of stay of residents
—regions and States, fiscal 1972**

(Average length of stay in days)											
Region and State	Total	Detention centers and shelters									Average length of stay (days)
		1-7 days	8-14 days	15-21 days	22-28 days	29-42 days	43-56 days	57-70 days	71 or more	Not available	
UNITED STATES	338	118	96	26	11	11	2	1	2	71	11
REGION 1.	7	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	14
CONNECTICUT	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	30
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	23	4	8	3	2	3	0	1	0	2	17
NEW JERSEY.	15	3	4	1	2	2	0	1	0	2	19
NEW YORK.	8	1	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	15
REGION 3.	43	6	14	4	0	3	1	0	0	15	15
DELAWARE.	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	5	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	35
MARYLAND.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
PENNSYLVANIA.	21	5	8	1	0	1	0	0	0	6	11
VIRGINIA.	10	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	14
WEST VIRGINIA	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8
REGION 4.	58	20	18	3	3	2	0	0	1	11	13
ALABAMA	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
FLORIDA	19	4	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9
GEORGIA	13	2	3	2	3	2	0	0	0	1	18
KENTUCKY.	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	33
MISSISSIPPI	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4
NORTH CAROLINA.	8	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7
SOUTH CAROLINA.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
TENNESSEE	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
REGION 5.	69	20	21	7	4	1	0	0	1	15	12
ILLINOIS.	11	3	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	2	14
INDIANA	8	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	9
MICHIGAN	22	3	10	2	1	0	0	0	1	5	16
MINNESOTA	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
OHIO.	19	8	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	9
WISCONSIN	6	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	10
REGION 6.	30	17	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	7	8
ARKANSAS.	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	8
LOUISIANA	7	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	13
NEW MEXICO.	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10
OKLAHOMA.	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
TEXAS	13	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5
REGION 7.	18	6	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	6	12
IOWA.	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
KANSAS.	5	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	23
MISSOURI.	8	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	9
NEBRASKA.	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
REGION 8.	15	9	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	6
COLORADO.	5	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
MONTANA	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
NORTH DAKOTA.	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SOUTH DAKOTA.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
UTAH.	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	55	23	23	5	1	0	0	0	0	3	8
ARIZONA	8	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
CALIFORNIA.	42	14	20	5	1	0	0	0	0	2	9
HAWAII.	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
NEVADA.	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
REGION 10.	20	12	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	6
ALASKA.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
IDAHO	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
OREGON.	5	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8
WASHINGTON.	13	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

**Table C-10. Public reception or diagnostic centers for juveniles,
by average length of stay of residents
—regions and States, fiscal 1972**

(Average length of stay in days)											
Region and State	Total	Reception or diagnostic centers									Average length of stay (days)
		1-7 days	8-14 days	15-21 days	22-28 days	29-42 days	43-56 days	57-70 days	71 or more	Not available	
UNITED STATES	17	0	1	3	0	8	2	0	1	2	38
REGION 1.	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	30
CONNECTICUT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAINE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RHODE ISLAND	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	30
VERMONT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW JERSEY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEW YORK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 3.	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	34
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MARYLAND	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	30
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	37
WEST VIRGINIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 4.	5	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	33
ALABAMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	35
MISSISSIPPI	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
NORTH CAROLINA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	45
TENNESSEE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
REGION 5.	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	28
ILLINOIS	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
INDIANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	30
MINNESOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OHIO	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	35
WISCONSIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 6.	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
ARKANSAS	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
LOUISIANA	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	17
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEXAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 7.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IOWA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KANSAS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MISSOURI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 8.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLORADO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MONTANA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UTAH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WYOMING	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 9.	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	67
ARIZONA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CALIFORNIA	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	67
HAWAII	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
REGION 10	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	51
ALASKA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDAHO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	51

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information.

**Table C-11. Public training schools, ranches,
by average length of stay of residents**

Region and State	Total	(Average length of Number of training schools,		
		Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-9 months
UNITED STATES.	290	7	101	92
REGION 1	8	1	2	4
CONNECTICUT.	1	0	1	0
MAINE.	2	0	0	1
MASSACHUSETTS.	1	1	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	1	0	0	1
RHODE ISLAND.	2	0	1	1
VERMONT.	1	0	0	1
REGION 2	20	0	4	6
NEW JERSEY	4	0	0	1
NEW YORK	16	0	4	5
REGION 3	36	0	11	13
DELAWARE	3	0	0	2
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	3	0	0	2
MARYLAND	8	0	6	2
PENNSYLVANIA	10	0	3	3
VIRGINIA	7	0	1	2
WEST VIRGINIA.	5	0	1	2
REGION 4	42	3	11	17
ALABAMA.	3	0	0	2
FLORIDA.	9	2	3	2
GEORGIA.	5	1	0	4
KENTUCKY	7	0	6	0
MISSISSIPPI.	2	0	0	1
NORTH CAROLINA	8	0	1	3
SOUTH CAROLINA	3	0	0	3
TENNESSEE.	5	0	1	2
REGION 5	51	1	18	15
ILLINOIS	15	0	9	1
INDIANA.	4	0	1	1
MICHIGAN	7	0	1	2
MINNESOTA.	6	1	3	2
OHIO	14	0	2	7
WISCONSIN.	5	0	2	2
REGION 6	21	0	9	5
ARKANSAS	3	0	1	2
LOUISIANA.	5	0	2	1
NEW MEXICO	2	0	1	1
OKLAHOMA	4	0	4	0
TEXAS.	7	0	1	1
REGION 7	22	1	3	10
IOWA	3	0	1	1
KANSAS	5	1	1	1
MISSOURI	12	0	1	7
NEBRASKA	2	0	0	1
REGION 8	13	0	5	3
COLORADO	4	0	2	1
MONTANA.	3	0	1	0
NORTH DAKOTA	1	0	0	1
SOUTH DAKOTA	2	0	1	1
UTAH	1	0	1	0
WYOMING.	2	0	0	0
REGION 9	64	1	35	17
ARIZONA.	4	1	2	1
CALIFORNIA	56	0	32	13
HAWAII	1	0	0	1
NEVADA	3	0	1	2
REGION 10.	13	0	3	2
ALASKA	1	0	0	1
IDAHO.	1	0	1	0
OREGON	5	0	2	1
WASHINGTON	6	0	0	0

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with 1971 or 1973 information.

**forestry camps, and farms for juveniles,
—regions and States, fiscal 1972**

stay in months)

ranches, forestry camps, and farms					Average length of stay (months)
10-12 months	13-18 months	19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available	
40	18	3	0	29	7.7
0	1	0	0	0	7.6
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
0	1	0	0	0	13.5
0	0	0	0	0	1.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.5
0	0	0	0	0	9.0
5	4	1	0	0	10.2
1	2	0	0	0	12.0
4	2	1	0	0	9.8
4	3	1	0	4	8.9
0	0	0	0	1	7.5
0	0	0	0	1	8.5
0	0	0	0	0	6.5
1	2	0	0	1	9.6
1	1	1	0	1	11.8
2	0	0	0	0	9.0
5	1	0	0	5	6.9
1	0	0	0	0	8.7
0	1	0	0	1	5.8
0	0	0	0	0	6.4
0	0	0	0	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	1	7.0
4	0	0	0	0	9.3
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	2	6.7
8	2	0	0	7	7.4
1	1	0	0	3	6.6
0	0	0	0	2	7.5
4	0	0	0	0	8.9
0	0	0	0	0	4.8
3	1	0	0	1	8.7
0	0	0	0	1	7.0
3	2	0	0	2	8.1
0	0	0	0	0	6.7
1	0	0	0	1	7.5
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.3
2	2	0	0	1	11.5
3	1	1	0	3	8.4
1	0	0	0	0	8.0
0	1	1	0	0	9.2
1	0	0	0	3	8.0
1	0	0	0	0	9.0
2	1	0	0	2	7.9
0	0	0	0	1	6.3
2	0	0	0	0	8.3
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.5
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
0	1	0	0	1	17.0
5	2	0	0	4	6.4
0	0	0	0	0	5.5
5	2	0	0	4	6.4
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
5	1	0	0	2	9.0
0	0	0	0	0	9.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.0
0	0	0	0	2	5.7
5	1	0	0	0	11.3

Table C-12. Public halfway houses and group of residents—regions

(Average length of

Region and State	Total	Number of halfway houses		
		Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-9 months
UNITED STATES.	150	8	49	14
REGION 1	3	0	1	0
CONNECTICUT.	0	0	0	0
MAINE.	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS.	2	0	0	0
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	1	0	1	0
RHODE ISLAND	0	0	0	0
VERMONT.	0	0	0	0
REGION 2	40	0	24	5
NEW JERSEY	6	0	5	0
NEW YORK	34	0	19	5
REGION 3	12	0	2	1
DELAWARE	1	0	0	0
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	2	0	0	0
MARYLAND	4	0	0	0
PENNSYLVANIA	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	5	0	2	1
WEST VIRGINIA.	0	0	0	0
REGION 4	27	0	2	0
ALABAMA.	0	0	0	0
FLORIDA.	16	0	0	0
GEORGIA.	4	0	0	0
KENTUCKY	2	0	1	0
MISSISSIPPI.	2	0	0	0
NORTH CAROLINA	1	0	0	0
SOUTH CAROLINA	1	0	0	0
TENNESSEE.	1	0	1	0
REGION 5	21	1	9	1
ILLINOIS	1	0	0	0
INDIANA.	1	0	0	0
MICHIGAN	15	1	9	1
MINNESOTA.	2	0	0	0
OHIO	2	0	0	0
WISCONSIN.	0	0	0	0
REGION 6	5	1	0	2
ARKANSAS	1	0	0	1
LOUISIANA.	1	0	0	0
NEW MEXICO	0	0	0	0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0
TEXAS.	3	1	0	1
REGION 7	23	4	4	3
IOWA	5	1	2	0
KANSAS	1	0	0	0
MISSOURI	17	3	2	3
NEBRASKA	0	0	0	0
REGION 8	8	0	3	1
COLORADO	1	0	0	0
MONTANA.	0	0	0	0
NORTH DAKOTA	4	0	1	0
SOUTH DAKOTA	0	0	0	0
UTAH	3	0	2	1
WYOMING.	0	0	0	0
REGION 9	6	2	2	0
ARIZONA.	3	1	1	0
CALIFORNIA	3	1	1	0
HAWAII	0	0	0	0
NEVADA	0	0	0	0
REGION 10.	5	0	2	1
ALASKA	0	0	0	0
IDAHO.	0	0	0	0
OREGON	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON	5	0	2	1

NOTE: The above figures are based on incomplete data and, therefore, are not comparable with 1971 or 1973 information.

homes for juveniles, by average length of stay and States, fiscal 1972

stay in months)

and group homes 10-12 months	13-18 months	19-24 months	25 or more months	Not available	Average length of stay (months)
10	1	0	0	68	5.8
0	0	0	0	2	3.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	2	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	3.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
5	0	0	0	6	6.0
0	0	0	0	1	4.0
5	0	0	0	5	6.3
0	0	0	0	9	6.0
0	0	0	0	1	0.0
0	0	0	0	2	0.0
0	0	0	0	4	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	2	6.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	25	5.5
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	16	0.0
0	0	0	0	4	0.0
0	0	0	0	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	2	0.0
0	0	0	0	1	0.0
0	0	0	0	1	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	6.0
2	0	0	0	8	6.1
0	0	0	0	1	0.0
0	0	0	0	1	0.0
1	0	0	0	3	5.6
0	0	0	0	2	0.0
1	0	0	0	1	12.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
1	0	0	0	1	7.0
0	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	0	0	0	1	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
1	0	0	0	0	7.0
0	1	0	0	11	5.3
0	0	0	0	2	3.3
0	1	0	0	0	16.0
0	0	0	0	9	4.8
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	4	5.0
0	0	0	0	1	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	3	3.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	5.7
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	2	3.0
0	0	0	0	1	2.5
0	0	0	0	1	3.5
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	7.8
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
0	0	0	0	0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	7.8

Table C-13. Expenditures by public juvenile detention and correctional facilities—regions and States, fiscal 1972

(Expenditures in dollars)

Region and State	All expenditures	Capital expenditures	Operating expenditures		
			Total	Gross salaries and wages	Other
UNITED STATES	399,099	17,272	381,827	291,408	90,419
REGION 1.....	11,606	750	10,857	8,651	2,206
CONNECTICUT.....	3,426	23	3,403	2,794	609
MAINE.....	2,956	150	2,806	2,314	492
MASSACHUSETTS.....	158	7	151	119	32
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	1,687	246	1,441	1,127	314
RHODE ISLAND.....	1,981	290	1,691	1,336	356
VERMONT.....	1,398	33	1,364	962	403
REGION 2.....	46,682	3,317	43,365	32,191	11,174
NEW JERSEY.....	14,599	983	13,616	11,342	2,274
NEW YORK.....	32,083	2,334	29,749	20,849	8,900
REGION 3.....	43,369	1,772	41,596	30,795	10,801
DELAWARE.....	1,917	259	1,658	1,279	379
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA...	5,472	0	5,472	4,356	1,116
MARYLAND.....	12,228	817	11,412	9,162	2,250
PENNSYLVANIA.....	15,372	86	15,287	10,108	5,179
VIRGINIA.....	6,505	444	6,061	4,716	1,345
WEST VIRGINIA.....	1,874	167	1,707	1,174	532
REGION 4.....	45,260	3,758	41,501	30,275	11,227
ALABAMA.....	2,421	92	2,329	1,529	800
FLORIDA.....	14,697	942	13,755	10,910	2,845
GEORGIA.....	6,603	323	6,281	4,729	1,552
KENTUCKY.....	3,103	47	3,056	2,075	981
MISSISSIPPI.....	1,389	188	1,201	881	319
NORTH CAROLINA.....	9,830	972	8,858	5,876	2,982
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	3,635	1,081	2,554	1,906	648
TENNESSEE.....	3,581	113	3,468	2,368	1,100
REGION 5.....	84,123	2,822	81,301	62,538	18,763
ILLINOIS.....	20,539	424	20,115	15,539	4,577
INDIANA.....	5,758	1,376	4,382	3,679	703
MICHIGAN.....	16,426	137	16,289	12,179	4,111
MINNESOTA.....	9,756	624	9,133	7,369	1,764
OHIO.....	23,034	112	22,922	17,473	5,448
WISCONSIN.....	8,610	150	8,460	6,299	2,161
REGION 6.....	27,142	1,868	25,274	18,655	6,619
ARKANSAS.....	2,190	324	1,866	1,211	655
LOUISIANA.....	5,975	183	5,792	4,398	1,394
NEW MEXICO.....	2,314	38	2,276	1,541	735
OKLAHOMA.....	4,064	1,110	2,954	2,237	717
TEXAS.....	12,600	213	12,386	9,268	3,119
REGION 7.....	15,948	456	15,492	11,499	3,993
IOWA.....	4,602	126	4,476	3,137	1,339
KANSAS.....	2,892	73	2,819	2,084	735
MISSOURI.....	6,632	225	6,407	5,009	1,398
NEBRASKA.....	1,822	32	1,790	1,269	521
REGION 8.....	11,838	521	11,317	8,180	3,136
COLORADO.....	5,125	90	5,035	3,803	1,232
MONTANA.....	1,955	67	1,888	1,333	555
NORTH DAKOTA.....	803	30	772	594	178
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	987	45	942	644	298
UTAH.....	2,658	271	2,387	1,585	802
WYOMING.....	310	17	293	222	71
REGION 9.....	90,981	1,466	89,515	72,588	16,927
ARIZONA.....	4,589	170	4,420	2,962	1,457
CALIFORNIA.....	81,519	1,007	80,512	66,047	14,465
HAWAII.....	1,160	0	1,160	972	188
NEVADA.....	3,712	290	3,422	2,606	817
REGION 10.....	22,151	542	21,609	16,037	5,572
ALASKA.....	1,599	0	1,599	1,189	410
IDAHO.....	1,052	23	1,029	727	302
OREGON.....	5,747	83	5,665	4,293	1,371
WASHINGTON.....	13,753	436	13,317	9,828	3,489

NOTE: These data are considered to be incomplete and, therefore, not comparable with either 1971 or 1973 information. Detail may not add to total shown because of rounding.

Glossary

Adjudicated delinquent—Detention status of a juvenile who, as the result of a formal and completed judicial proceeding, is adjudged a delinquent, usually for a nonstatus offense—one for which an adult could be prosecuted in a criminal court. Includes some status offenders, especially in States without special status offender statutes. Even in States with such statutes, juveniles with previous offenses can be adjudicated delinquent for status offenses. (Conversely, a judge can declare a juvenile to be a person in need of supervision for a felony or misdemeanor—see person in need of supervision.)

Administrative staff—Includes such positions as superintendent, director, administrator, assistant superintendent, business manager, purchasing agent, stenographer, bookkeeper, accountant, switchboard operator, clerk, and typist.

Age—Pertains to the age of the youngest and oldest resident (including nonjuveniles). For 1973, these data are as of June 30. For the 1971 census, they pertain to the day the questionnaire was completed. Data for average age were obtained only in the 1973 census and are based on June 30 of that year.

Awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction—Detention status of a juvenile who allegedly has committed a crime in or run away from another jurisdiction and is being held pending return to that jurisdiction. Includes runaways from other correctional facilities. Excludes adjudicated delinquents awaiting placement in a correctional facility.

Capital expenditures—For the 1973 census, includes spending for new buildings, major repairs or improvements, and new equipment costing \$1,000 or more, but excludes single expenditures of less than \$1,000. For the 1971 census, includes spending for new buildings, major repairs or improvements, and new equipment costing \$100 or more.

Child in need of supervision (CHINS)—see person in need of supervision.

Dependent and neglected children—A juvenile over whom a juvenile court assumes jurisdiction because of its finding that the care exercised by parent, guardian, or custodian falls short of a legal standard for proper care. Excludes juveniles held on delinquency charges, adjudicated delinquents, and those declared in need of

supervision, even if they also could be considered dependent and neglected.

Design capacity—The number of persons a facility is designed to hold, exclusive of arrangements, if any, to alleviate overcrowding, such as the use of double-deck bunks in a facility designed for single bunks or the temporary use of space as sleeping quarters that was designed for other purposes.

Detention center—A short-term facility that provides temporary care in a physically restricting environment for juveniles in custody pending court disposition and, often, for juveniles who are adjudicated delinquent or are awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction.

Detention status—One of the following statuses under which juveniles are held: adjudicated delinquent, person in need of supervision, held pending court disposition, awaiting transfer to another jurisdiction, voluntary admission, and dependent and neglected children.

Discharged with no further agency supervision—An unconditional departure.

Felony—An offense that if committed by an adult would be considered a felony. Excludes felony-type drug offenses.

First court commitment—A type of admission to training schools and to ranches, forestry camps, and farms involving persons committed by courts for the first time.

Gross salaries and wages—A component of operating expenditures. For the 1973 census, excludes employer contributions to employee benefits. For the 1971 census, includes the value of compensation for meals, lodging, and uniforms for staff personnel.

Group home—see halfway house and group home.

Halfway house and group home—A long-term facility in which residents are allowed extensive contact with the community, such as attending school or working on a job.

Held pending court disposition—Detention status of a juvenile who has not had any hearing or who has had only a preliminary screening, detention, or similar hearing and is awaiting further court action.

Juvenile—In most States, a person under age 18. With respect to juveniles in custody, a person subject to juvenile court proceedings because a statutorily defined event is alleged to have occurred while his/her age was below the statutorily specified limit of original jurisdiction of a juvenile court.

- Juvenile in need of supervision (JINS)**—see person in need of supervision.
- Long-term facility**—A correctional, as opposed to a detention, facility. Includes training schools; ranches, forestry camps, and farms; and halfway houses and group homes.
- Minor in need of supervision (MINS)**—see person in need of supervision.
- Misdemeanor**—An offense that if committed by an adult would be considered a misdemeanor. Excludes misdemeanor-type drug offenses.
- Nonjuvenile**—With respect to persons in custody, one within the original jurisdiction of a criminal rather than a juvenile court because his/her age at the time of an alleged crime was above the statutorily specified limit.
- Nonpayroll staff**—Full-time or part-time staff not on the payroll of the reporting facility. Includes staff members of a parent agency or service who are assigned to the juvenile facility, personnel paid under contractual agreements or Federal grants, college interns, and in 1973, but not in 1971, community volunteers.
- Operational, maintenance, and other staff**—In addition to housekeeping staff, includes all others not classifiable as administrative, personal custody, or treatment and educational staff.
- Operating expenditures**—Gross salaries and wages, plus other operating expenditures.
- Other operating expenditures**—A component of operating expenditures. For the 1973 census, covers expenditures for food, supplies, and contractual services. For the 1971 census, also includes the fair market value of free commodities or services provided by any public or charitable organization.
- Payroll staff**—Full-time and part-time staff on the payroll of the reporting facility.
- Personal custody staff**—Includes such positions as house parent, group supervisor, group worker, cottage parent, and matron.
- Person in need of supervision (PINS)**—Detention status of a juvenile declared by a juvenile court to be in need of supervision. Encompasses those known variously as child in need of supervision (CHINS), juvenile in need of supervision (JINS), and minor in need of supervision (MINS), as well as those designated as unruly, unmanageable, or incorrigible under special statutes for status offenders. All PINS are not status offenders, and all status offenders are not PINS. Even in States with status offender statutes, juveniles with previous offenses can be adjudicated delinquent for status offenses. Conversely, a judge can declare a juvenile to be a person in need of supervision for a felony or misdemeanor.
- Placed in an aftercare or parole program**—A conditional departure.
- Ranch, forestry camp, and farm**—A long-term residential facility for persons whose behavior does not necessitate the strict confinement of a training school, often allowing them greater contact with the community.
- Recommitment**—A type of admission to training schools and to ranches, forestry camps, and farms involving persons who commit a new offense and are recommitted by court order, even if these persons are in an aftercare or parole status.
- Reception or diagnostic center**—A short-term facility that screens persons committed by courts and assigns them to appropriate correctional facilities.
- Resident**—A person, juvenile or nonjuvenile, held in a juvenile detention or correctional facility.
- Return from aftercare or parole**—A type of admission to training schools or to ranches, forestry camps, and farms involving a person returned to confinement for violations of the conditions for aftercare or parole. Excludes those returned for new offenses.
- Shelter**—A short-term facility that provides temporary care similar to that of a detention center, but in a physically unrestricting environment.
- Short-term facility**—A detention, as opposed to a correctional, facility. Includes detention centers, shelters, and reception or diagnostic centers.
- Status offense**—An act or conduct that is declared by statute to be an offense (but only when committed or engaged in by a juvenile) and that can be adjudicated only by a juvenile court. Typical status offenses are violation of curfew, running away from home, truancy, possession of alcoholic beverages, and leading an immoral life. Both adjudicated delinquents and juveniles declared to be persons in need of supervision can be status offenders.
- Training school**—A long-term specialized type of facility that provides strict confinement for its residents.
- Treatment and educational staff**—Includes such positions as psychiatrist, psychologist, chaplain, academic principal or teacher, vocational director or teacher, social worker, librarian, aftercare or parole worker, recreational worker, physician, registered nurse, practical nurse, medical aide, classification officer, and counselor.

Voluntary admission—A type of admission in which a juvenile voluntarily commits himself/herself to a facility without being adjudged by a court to be delinquent or in need of supervision. The juvenile may be referred to the facility for treatment by parents, court, school, or social agency.

Youthful offender—A person, adjudicated in criminal court, who may be above the statutory age limit for juveniles but below a specified upper age

limit, for whom special correctional commitments and special record-sealing procedures are made available by statute. The special correctional commitment may be to a juvenile facility, to a special section of an adult facility, or to a separate facility for the confinement of persons between the age limits specified in the particular statute. Such provisions exist in Federal law and in the laws of several states.

★ U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1978 260-992/2111

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION

USER EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE

Children in Custody:
Final Report on the Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census of 1973

Dear Reader:

We have provided an evaluation form below for whatever opinions you wish to express about this report. Please cut out both pages, staple them together on one corner, and fold so that the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration address appears on the outside. After folding, use tape to seal closed. No postage stamp is necessary.

Thank you for your help.

1. For what purpose did you use this report?

2. For that purpose, the report—

☐ Met most of my needs ☐ Met some of my needs ☐ Met none of my needs

3. What particular types of data in the report did you find useful?

4. If the report did not meet your needs, what changes would increase its usefulness to you?

5. What additional types of data, if any, would you like to see collected regarding juvenile detention and correctional facilities?

6. Which parts of the report, if any, were difficult to understand or use? How could they be improved?

7. Would a different format have been more useful to you?
If yes, please suggest a more useful organization of the material.

8. Can you point out specific parts of the text or table notes that are not clear or additional terms that need to be defined?

9. In what capacity did you use this report?

☐ Researcher

☐ Educator

☐ Student

☐ Criminal or juvenile justice agency employee

☐ Government employee other than criminal or juvenile justice — Specify _____

☐ Other — Specify _____

10. If you used this report as a governmental employee, please indicate the level of government.

- ☐ Federal
☐ State
☐ County

- ☐ City
☐ Other — *Specify* _____

11. If you used this report as a criminal or juvenile justice agency employee, please indicate the sector in which you work.

- ☐ Law enforcement (police)
☐ Legal services and prosecution
☐ Public or private defense services
☐ Courts or court administration
☐ Probation

- ☐ Corrections
☐ Parole
☐ Planning Agency
☐ Other criminal or juvenile justice agency — *Specify* _____

12. If you used this report as a criminal or juvenile justice employee, please indicate the type of position you hold.

Mark all that apply

- ☐ Agency or facility administrator
☐ General program planner/evaluator/analyst
☐ Operations or management planner/evaluator/analyst
☐ Budget planner/evaluator/analyst

- ☐ Program or project manager
☐ Statistician
☐ Other — *Specify* _____

13. Additional comments

If your comments require an answer, please enter your name and mailing address.

Name

Number and Street

City

State

Zip

NCJRS REGISTRATION

The National Criminal Justice Reference Service (NCJRS) abstracts documents published in the criminal and juvenile justice field. Persons who are registered with the Reference Service receive announcements of documents in their stated fields of interest and order forms for free copies of LEAA and NCJISS publications. If you are not registered with the Reference Service, and wish to be, please provide your name and mailing address below and check the appropriate box.

Name			<input type="checkbox"/> Please send me a NCJRS registration form. <input type="checkbox"/> Please send me the reports listed below.
Number and street			
City	State	ZIP Code	

(Fold here)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
 Law Enforcement Assistance Administration
 Washington, D.C. 20531

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

JUS-436



Director, Statistics Division
 National Criminal Justice Information and Statistics Service
 Law Enforcement Assistance Administration
 U.S. Department of Justice
 Washington, D.C. 20531

(Fold here)

If you wish to receive copies of any of the National Criminal Justice Information and Statistics Service reports listed inside the front cover, please list them below and include your name and address in the space provided above.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20531

OFFICIAL BUSINESS
PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE, \$300

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
JUS-436



**SPECIAL FOURTH-CLASS RATE
BOOK**